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# The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXIII NO. 283 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1935 TWELVE PAGES

# C. K. Nayudu Not To Play Against "Aussies"?

## U. S. RESERVE BOARD TO ACT?

### Will New High Level Of Federal Excess Be Reduced?

(SPECIAL CABLE).
NEW YORK, Nov. 27.

Firstly, the shipment of gold valued at nearly seven million sterling is the latest engagement from France to New York, and secondly, Foreign Bank balances here continue to increase is the most recent Federal Reserve statement showing the week's gain anent thirteen million dollars bringing the present total to the remarkable sum of 380 million dollars; thirdly, the Federal Reserve authorities in Washington are reported studying the distribution of member Banks' reserves.

NEW HIGH LEVEL.

All these facts bear on the current wave of gold imports to United States which promises to lift the already huge excess reserves to a new high level.

It is not disclosed whether the authorities' reported investigation is of immediate significance but one informed quarter hinted strongly yesterday that provided such action is possible without disturbing American business confidence, the Federal Reserve Board might soon act in order to check the expansion of reserves or even to reduce them to more manageable proportions.

## IL DUCE'S NEW GOLD ORDER

ROME, Nov. 27.

In order to attract gold from its own citizens, the Government has raised purchase price from 12.63 lira per gramme to 15.50, thus tacitly admitting 18½ per cent. depreciation for this purpose.

## NAZI FOOTBALLERS FOR BRITAIN

### T. U. C. Suggests Ban On Match

LONDON, Nov. 27.

The General Council of the Trade Union Congress has called attention of the Home Secretary to the report that thousands of Nazis would pass in a procession through London in motor coaches decorated with Swastika on the occasion of the football match between Germany and England on December 4.

The Council states that large sections of the British people view with abhorrence the brutal intolerance towards organised workers displayed by the Nazi Government and issues a warning against the grave risk of a serious disturbance to peace involved and appeals to the Home Secretary to prohibit the match and the visit of the Nazi contingent.—Reuter.

## "AUSSIES" MISS RECEPTION

(From Our Correspondent).
POONA, Nov. 27.

The Australian tourist team arrived here this evening but missed the pre-arranged reception as they arrived by an earlier train than notified beforehand.

MaCartney is not playing tomorrow in the match with All-Maharashtra.

## CERESOLE BACK AT PATNA

PATNA, Nov. 27.

Dr. Pierre Ceresole, the Swiss Engineer and International Pacifist, returned here this morning to resume the construction of the earthquake devastated villages in Muzaffarpur District.

Dr. Ceresole is proceeding this afternoon to Senathi village in Muzafferpur District where he will set up through voluntary help a model village accommodating 125 families.

He first visits Sanath to examine how the village stood floods and then undertakes construction of other villages in the same district.—A. P.

## Jap Troops Cut Off Communications

### CAPTURE RAILWAY AND TELEPHONE

### Grave Developments Sequel To Autonomy Movement

TIENTSIN, Nov. 27.

**Trains containing 3,000 Jap troops are expected here to-day from Chinwongtao. All goods traffic on Tsinpu Railway is at a standstill. Southbound passenger trains are not proceeding beyond Tsinan as a result of Japanese demands owing to the fear that the Nanking troops might travel north to oppose Jap troops.**

**The Japanese Air Force is in possession of the international race course which has been transformed into a landing ground.**

**A message from Peiping says:—**

**Jap troops occupied Fentai, an important railway junction 15 miles southward of Peiping, with the object of preventing the removal of rollingstock southward to Hankow Railway, for Chinese military purposes.**

**Jap troops have also seized the Chinese military telephone system.**

### CHINESE GENERAL RESIGNS

#### Aftermath Of Autonomy Movement

TIENTSIN, Nov. 27.

As a result of alarms and excursions arising from the present manoeuvres to establish the Northern Chinese provinces as an "autonomous" district under Japanese control, General Shangchen, Governor of Hopei, has resigned, it is reported, because he assumes responsibility for failure to check the Autonomy Movement.

The resignation is in accordance with Chinese etiquette.

Meanwhile, the Japanese military authorities appear to be alarmed at the possibility of the Chinese troops being brought north to prevent the spread of the Autonomy Movement, which hitherto succeeded only in East Hopei.

The Japanese troops to-day occupied Changyimen station which is only 3000 yards outside Peiping's southern gate. They intend to prevent the removal of rolling stock to the south.—Reuter.

### MORE JAPANESE TROOPS

TIENTSIN, Nov. 27.

A small detachment of Japanese troops has arrived from Shanhaikuan and others are reported to be following.—Reuter.

### ITALIANS RETREAT TO ADIGRAT

#### Dramatic Developments In Abyssinian Campaign, Mystery Warrir Enters Italian Somaliland

(Special Cable)
ADDIS ABABA, Nov. 27.

The whole of the capital is mafficking on the strength of the official claim that Italians are evacuating Makale and in the absence of any news from the Italian side discrediting the report. The populace are declaring that Italians now realise that they have bitten off more than they can chew.

Meanwhile, the Government circumstantially reports that 1,000 Italian troops garrisoned at Makale hurriedly evacuated the city yesterday with tanks, guns, stores, lorries and soldiers crowding the track back to Adigrat.

A captured native officer attributed the sudden Italian retreat to over-hastiness in advance and to the mistake of not clearing the surrounding country, including Tembien plateau thus securing communications before advancing further.

### RAS DESTA'S HEROIC MARCH

HARAR, Nov. 27.

A serious threat to Italian communications in the south by the present Abyssinian advance in Italian Somaliland under Ras Desta is shown by the fact that advance bands of Fanno tribesmen reconnoitring ahead of Destas' forces are nearing Iscia Baidoa, an important town in Italian Somaliland, only 150 miles from the capital, Mogadishu.

The main body of invaders are reported to be at some distance to the north-west.

A reliable and graphic account of Destas' invasion states that this mystery warrior, mounted on a white mule led his Sidomo tribesmen numbering nearly 100,000 down Juba valley, crossed the frontier into Italian Somaliland. Many of his men died in battle or from fever-ridden arid climate. Nevertheless, winding their way like gigantic snakes Destas' columns pushed inexorably on, till their advance is now causing perturbation in Mogadishu and obliged General Graziani to divert his forces from the high land of Juba to meet them.—Reuter.

### iL DUCE'S THREAT TO SANCTIONISTS?

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Rome: Movements of Italian troops as a result of the disquietude caused by the proposals to extend sanctions to include oil are reported.

In well-informed quarters, no indication is given regarding the character of the movements, but it is recalled that an authoritative spokesmen stated recently that Italy would regard the ban on petrol as a grave act, and would have to reconsider her attitude.

It is also announced that the order releasing 1,00,000 troops from colours has been cancelled.—Reuter

### ITALIANS RETREATING?

ADDIS ABABA, Nov. 27.

According to official Abyssinian sources the Italians have abandoned Makale and are retreating towards Adigrat.—Reuter.

### SENSATION IN CRICKET CIRCLES

"Exclusive to Chronicle"

Quite a sensation has been caused in cricket circles by the reported decision of Major C. K. Nayudu to scratch himself from the Yuvaraja of Patiala's Indian Eleven selected to meet the "Aussies". It is understood that C. K. Nayudu has not signified approval to his being included in the All-India Eleven.

C. S. Nayudu who is laid up since the Quadrangular finals is reported not to be in a condition to participate in the match against the "Aussies".

The Selection Committee is on the horns of a dilemma and and authoritative statement is expected shortly.

## ANNA FUND FOR ETHIOPIA

### Egyptian Youths' Sympathy, Shiploads Of Italian Wounded At Suez

("CHRONICLE SPECIAL")
CAIRO, (By Air Mail).

There are three Italian steamers in the Suez Canal full of the wounded and maimed Italian soldiers. It is reported that they will be taken to Tripoli hospitals for treatment and not to Rome.

There is another Italian steamer full of Italian labourers who had entered into an agreement with the Italian Government to serve in Eritrea for a period of six months. They have completed the term of their agreement and are now on their way home. The Italian Government at first wanted them to continue their work at Eritrea for some time more, but they refused and the Government fearing a resolution has unwillingly allowed them to return home.

YEMENITES TO HELP NEGUS.

The Counsul General of Yemen at Add's Ababa in an interview to an Egyptian correspondent of "Al Bagha" said:—"There are about 100,000 Yemenites in the various parts of Abyssinia and are awaiting munitions to join the Abyssinian forces.

The friendly relations between Yemen and Abyssinia are not recent: they date back to 3,000 B. C. Again a few months ago a fresh treaty has been signed by the two governments.

EGYPT TAKES PRECAUTIONS.

The Education Department of Egypt as a precautionary measure has ordered £25,000 worth of paper and writing materials from Europe lest the war should take a grave turn and the European market is closed to the world. In the same way the finance minister is receiving orders for a variety of things from the various departments.

ANNA CONTRIBUTION.

The members of the Shubban-ul-Muslimin (Y.M.M.A.) Cairo, have been collecting a one-anna contribution from every Egyptian, rich and poor, to help Abyssinia. They have also published tickets the proceeds of which go to the Abyssinian War Relief Fund.

The movement has achieved a great success and the young Egyptians deserve congratulations.

## NO SHIPMENT OF WAR MATERIALS

HOUSTON (Texas), Nov. 27.

Acting on the instructions of United States Shipping Board, the Lykes Brothers Ripley Steamship Company announces that no further war materials will be carried by its vessels from the gulf of Mexico to the war zone.

The company controls only two American shipping lines operating from the Gulf ports to the Medi-

(Continued on page 7, col. 2.)

## Gambling Bill Passes First Reading

### M. L. C.s OPPOSE EXTRA POWERS TO POLICE

### Home Member Against Restriction Of Life Of Measure

**"Unless the Home Member takes upon himself the responsibility of getting at the root of the evil and the causes that go to increase the gambling evil in the City, the House could not be led to believe that extra powers to the police would in any way check the evil.**

**"These powers were bound to be misused by the police, and the gambling would continue to thrive as it had been thriving so far.**

**"By giving extra powers to the Police, no home would be safe, as they could enter any place they liked without a warrant."**

**Such were the views expressed by M.L.C.'s during the debate on the first reading of the Gambling Bill in the Bombay Legislative Council on Wednesday.**

**The first reading of the Bill was passed, and the Bill has been referred to a Select Committee of twenty persons, to report within two months.**

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The discussion on the First Reading of the Bill to Amend the Bombay Prevention of Gaming Act (1887) and the City of Bombay Police Act (1902) was resumed in the Bombay Legislative Council this afternoon.

At the outset, the President read out the Amendment of Mr. G. S. Gangoli (Kanara) and two Amendments of Mr. Knight, as he considered them to be amendments affecting the principles of the Bill and should be disposed of during the First Reading.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee's amendment regarding restricting the period of the Bill was also considered as one affecting the principle of the Bill.

Mr. Gangoli's amendment sought to include unauthorised lotteries, sweeps and raffles to come under the scope of the Act.

Mr. K. C. Sen, the Legal Remembrancer, rose to a point of order and said that the amendment was not in the scope of the Act, and those three things came under cheating, for which a different section has been provided for in the Indian Penal Code. Lotteries, sweeps and raffles were dealt with in Section 294 of the I. P. Code, and even if the Amendment (of Mr. Gangolli) had to be accepted, it requires the previous sanction of the Governor-General.

ORDINARY LAW NOT ENOUGH

Mr. Gangolli said that he had understood from the Home Member's speech that Government wanted to rope in lotteries, sweeps and raffles also. He had moved the amendment because it had been found that the ordinary law was not enough to cope with the situation.

Dewan Bahadur Dongersing Patil (East Khandesh), supporting the first reading of the Bill, said that he was unable to subscribe to the view that 'an accused person is presumed to be guilty, unless he proves himself to be innocent.' The speaker suggested that the question of inflicting the fine and the amount of fine, should be left to the discretion of the trying magistrate.

The Dewan Bahadur thought it was necessary that certain police officers should be invested with certain powers to check the gambling evil, but he felt that entire discretion should be given to the Magistrate in trying cases of this kind.

EX-MINISTER'S VIEW

Offering his sincerest thanks to the mover of the Bill for bringing the present measure before the House Sir Rafiuddin Ahmed, stated that the public would like to know, at the very outset, whether the existing powers were not sufficient to check the gambling evil. Some of the newspapers thought that the existing powers were adequate.

The extraordinary character of the powers asked for made it difficult for the House to grant all those powers to the Police. However, the Select Committee would consider these points in detail.

TWO SCHOOLS OF THOUGHT

Mr. L. R. Tairsee said that there were two schools of thought, one which believed that evils like adultery and gambling could not be checked, and the other that they could be checked. The speaker wanted to know from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, and wished that Mr. B. G. Horniman, were present in the House as a nominated Member, so that they might know his views, whether the powers which the Police had were adequately used; and if they were adequately used, how was it that everytime at particular places "sutta" gambling was going on openly.

It could not be said that the Police had no knowledge of the existence of particular "sutta" gambling dens. They had been supplied with sufficient information against a 'big brain who was carrying on business" and nothing had been done. Hence it was difficult for the House to be convinced that the new powers were going to bring any good.

TAIRSEE'S AMENDMENT

Mr. Tairsee further said that he had grave fears about the use of the special powers asked for by the Police, and so moved an amendment for restricting the period of the Bill for twelve months. He added that he was not only prepared to give all the powers asked for but even more powers provided he was given an assurance that such a thing would eradicate the gambling evil within a certain period.

Proceeding, Mr. Tairsee said that the present Police Commissioner was too much of a gentleman to be an active Police officer. He lacked that driving force which was necessary to achieve the end in view. The speaker, however, wished the Police Chief every success in his enterprise.

LIBERTY JEOPARDISED

Mr. R. R. Bakhale, in his speech, said that he did not wish to oppose this Bill at its first reading. But he could not help feeling a certain amount of trepidation at the Government executive arming themselves with extraordinary powers. The Bill before the House jeopardised the liberty of every individual in the Presidency. The Executive were being given more powers than was necessary.

HORNIMAN'S CASE QUOTED

"My own feeling about this matter is," he proceeded, "that on the eve of constitutional changes Government should not have brought a Bill of this character. Rather they should have prepared the ground and left the future Legislature to deal with this piece of legislation. Holding the view as I do of this vice, I am of opinion

(Continued on page 8, col. 1.)

## FRANC AS FIRST ISSUE

### Left Groups' Opposition To Cabinet May Fizzle Out

(Special Cable)
PARIS, Nov. 27.

M. Laval's prospects brightened this afternoon, upon the failure of the Left groups to secure a united front for to-morrow's debate.

The Bourse is reflecting the new situation. Rentes rising three-quarters of a point in half an hour after the opening, and franc being stronger.

The Left groups will meet again to-morrow in an attempt to find enough common ground to overthrow the Government, but the Radicals favour starting the debate with "franc" as the first issue as M. Laval demands.

The initial success for the Government in a straightforward financial debate would give it the impetus towards carrying the day on the Fascist issue later.

Asked what he would do if the Government was overthrown tomorrow, the Socialist leader M. Blum at to-day's meeting of the Left groups, replied that he would form a government within two hours, pledged to dissolve the Fascist leagues and the Chamber.

### LEFTISTS FAIL TO REACH AGREEMENT

PARIS, Nov. 27.

The meeting of the Left political groups who met to-day to decide their policy at to-morrow's critical debate in the Chamber failed to reach an agreement.—Reuter.

## DEVALUATION MUST BE RESISTED

### Laval Broadcasts Appeal To France

(SPECIAL CABLE)
PARIS, November 26.

An eloquent appeal to France to resist devaluation was made by M. Laval in a broadcast speech this evening.

M. Laval declared that the attitude of the pitiless critics of the Government's experiment was threatening its results.

The Government have acted to prevent devaluation.

"We shall not allow the same result to come about by weakening the Government's authority," declared M. Laval.

M. Laval in his broadcast said that the moment had come to make a choice. The maintenance of the economics would avoid devaluation. If Parliament had the contrary opinion let it say so clearly. The fate of France would be decided in the Chamber on Thursday.

Dealing with the Italo-Ethiopian War, M. Laval declared that the Anglo-French collaboration should more than ever remain in close confidential with the same mutual understanding. The two countries should strive to ensure peace, which was their constant objective.

M. Laval hoped that when the time came the appeal will not be made vainly to Signor Mussolini's spirit of conciliation. The honourable and just solution, which will satisfy the principles of the Covenant and interests of Italy, must be found.

M. Laval concluded by saying that the Government sincerely hoped to establish relations of good neighbours and mutual esteem with Germany.

### New Motor Vessel For B. S. N. Company

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Motor Vessel "Sonavati" was launched for the Bombay Steam Navigation Company.—Reuter.

# TABULATED ADLETS

## ONE Anna Per Word

## Minimum Re. 1.

**SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

**ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE** are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

**BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

**REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS** should be addressed carefully as under:——"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

### 8. SITUATIONS VACANT.

**Wanted retired station master** for Delhi. Salary Rs. 20—5—100, residence free. Security one hundred —National Technical College of India, Ltd., Bombay 14. (5238).

**Wanted one assistant to Engineer.** Qualification to be a foreign degree or diploma in mechanical or Electrical Engineering. Preference will be given to one having previous experience in Sugar Mills. Salafy Rs. 200—20—300. Unfurnished quarters. Apply to the Industrial Corporation Ltd., Post Box 28, Ahmedabad. (2159).

**Wanted Two Branch Managers** in Bombay Presidency on Rs. 60 p.m., plus Allowance with Show Rooms for Cash and Hire Purchase Business. Must invest in stocks, The Allianz Industrial Corporation Ltd., Tuticorin. (5232).

**Wanted—Weigh-clerks, Godown** keepers, Time-keepers, clerks and steno-typists. Appointment temporary. Apply with testimonials to the Manager, Maharashtra Sugar Mills, Ltd. Tilak-Nagar, P. O. Belapur Road, Dist: Ahmednagar. 2152.

**Wanted a thoroughly qualified** Electrical Mechanical Hindu Engineer for a big Spinning, Weaving and Dyeing Mills. Only long experienced hands need apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 5227, "Bombay Chronicle".

**Wanted lady doctor, M.B.B.S.,** L.C.P.S. qualified Nurses B.P.N.A. Laundry Dyer Rs. 50 Graduates. Teachers, Paid Canvassers, for yarn, piece-goods, experienced Stenographers. Bombay and Upcountry, Box No. 5234, "Bombay Chronicle."

**B. C. I. Bank, Ltd., Vizagapatam,** Wanted 8 Provincial Managers, 16 District Managers, and 4 Cashiers to take charge of our Branch Offices to be opened shortly in the unrepresented parts of Bombay Presidency, Northern India, East Africa, Malay States, and Strait Settlements on Rs. 120, 110, 80, p.m., respectively with Increments, Pension, and Establishment. Apply with credentials to: Inspector of Branches, Eranhipalam Post, Via Calicut, Malabar. (5213A).

**B. C. I. Bank, Ltd., Vizagapatam,** Applications are invited from respectable ladies and gentlemen for the post of District Managers and Special Managers in the Districts of Satara, Sholapur, Ratnagiri, Kolaba, Bijapur, Karwar, Dharwar, Belgaum, Ahmednagar, Thana on Rs. 110 and Rs. 100 p.m., with increments, establishment, and pension. Experienced Medical practitioners of either sex will be preferred. Applications stating qualifications should reach the undersigned before 31-12-35. N. R. Asundi, Esqr., Provincial Manager, Journalist, Hubli, Dharwar District. (5213).

### 9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

**Wanted clerk with experience in** Talkie Distribution Office Routine work. Pay Rs. 30|50. Qualified applicant need apply. Manager, Post Box 334, G.P.O., Bombay. (5229).

### 56. EDUCATIONAL.

**Persian by Persian Savants;** French, Arabic by competent scholars taught to college, school, private students. (Success guaranteed). Mazendy Kamar Building, opposite Hongkong Bank, Fort. (5191).

**Sir Hurkisondas Hospital starting** B.P.N.A. Course for training nurses in medical and surgical nursing from the 1st January, 1936. Candidates desirous of joining the course should apply to the Hon. Secretary, Sir Hurkisondas Hospital, New Charni Road, Bombay, with copies of testimonials, age, caste, and education. (5219).

### 74. AGENCIES WANTED.

**Wanted active agents to push our** Hosiery goods on salary Rs. 100 and T.A. Rs. 50. Apply to Commonwealth Trading and Manufacturing Co., Ludhiana. (4976).

**WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS** to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Balsar | Broach | Baroda |
| Borivli | Bhusaval | Dahod |
| Deolali | Dhond | Daman |
| Dhanu Road | Golvad | Karjat |
| Kasara | Lonavla | Manmad |
| Matheran | Neral | Navsari |
| Nasik | Sholapur | Virar |

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

### 121. DAILY WANTS.

**"Falcon Beer". In bottles and on** draught available at the "Taj Mahal Hotel" and "Green's" (2021)

**Tea with excellent flavour and of** best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

### 156. MISCELLANEOUS.

**To get most probably an all-cor**rect solution of cross-word No. 34 send a stamped addressed envelope and rupee one (M.O.) to V.D. Bapat Guhagar, Distt. Ratnagiri. (5235)

**Free! Name favourite Actress,** favourite Actor, favourite Picture and win cash Prizes. Particulars against 2 annas stamps. "Commonsense" Puzzles Bureau, Delhi. (5231).

## Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per column inch Per insertion.

1st Insertion .... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion .... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion .... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions .... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

**THE BARSI SPINNING & WEAVING MILLS, LIMITED.**

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the TWENTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Room No. 15-16, Second floor, Nanjee Building, 17, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 28th November, 1935, at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st December, 1934.
(2) To declare a Dividend.
(3) To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
(4) To appoint Auditors for the year 1935 and to fix their remuneration.
(5) To transact any other business that the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors,
REUBEN SOLOMON,
Chairman.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 21st November, 1935, to 20th December, 1935, both days inclusive. 2108

**THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.**
Head Office, Lahore

SAVINGS FUND ACCOUNTS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the rate of interest on existing Savings Fund accounts will be reduced to 2 per cent. per annum with effect from the 1st February, 1936.

On new accounts, however, the reduced rate will apply immediately.

M. R. KOHLI, M.A.,
Secretary.
23rd November, 1935. 2151.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the supply of all or any of the following articles for one year commencing from 1st March, 1936, will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on 10th December, 1935, not later than 1 p.m. (B. T.).

2. Gram about 16,87,500 lbs., Bran about 2,28,450 lbs., Barley about 15,000 lbs., Rice about 600 lbs., Salt about 11,710 lbs., and Oil Cakes about 36,500 lbs.

3. The Municipal Commissioner reserves to himself the right of accepting the tender as a whole or splitting it amongst two or more tenderers.

4. Tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed, "Tender for the supply of grain to the Municipal Cattle," addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.

5. Forms of tender, specifications, etc., will be issued to anyone on payment of Rupee one only by the undersigned, who will on application give any further information required by the tenderer.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
J. S. NERURKER,
Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Department,
Bombay, 26th November, 1935. 2160

## Public Notices

**POLICE NOTICE**

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED that on the occasion of the arrival of the new Commander-in-Chief in India and the departure of H.E. the Commander-in-Chief, the Apollo Bunder, Strand Road, Lansdowne Road and Apollo Pier Road will be reserved for public purposes and will be closed to all vehicular traffic as under:—

**THURSDAY, the 28th November, 1935.**

From 3-10 p.m. until the areas and roads are again released by the Police for traffic.

**SATURDAY, the 30th November, 1935.**

From 12-40 p.m. to 1-40 p.m.

This order is made under the provisions of Section 23 (4) of the Bombay City Police Act, IV of 1902.

W. R. G. SMITH,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office:
Bombay, 26th November 1935. 2165

**THE EASTERN BANK LTD.**
(Incorporated in England.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the rate of interest on Savings Deposit Accounts will be reduced to 2 per cent. per annum, with effect from 1st January, 1936.

J. H. WEBSTER,
Manager. 2156.

**IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA**

SAVINGS BANK

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the rate of interest on Savings Bank Accounts will be reduced to 1 1|2 per cent. per annum with effect from 1st December, 1935. The rate of interest on Savings Bank Deposit Accounts will remain unchanged at 2 per cent., per annum.

A. McCULLOCH.
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 8th November, 1935. 2062

KING EDWARD VII MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of Drugs, Medicines, Medical Appliances, Surgical Dressings, etc., to the K. E. M. Hospital and the Seth G. S. M. College, Parel, Bombay and the hospitals, dispensaries, etc. in charge of the Health Department and other departments of the Bombay Municipality for one year commencing from 1st March, 1936.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay and delivered in the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.) on Thursday the 12th December, 1935. Tenders must be enclosed in sealed envelopes superscribed as "Tenders for the supply of Drugs, Medicines etc. to the K. E. M. Hospital and other municipal departments".

Forms of contract, specifications, etc. and any other information that may be required will be supplied by the Dean's Office, K. E. M. Hospital, Parel, Bombay, on personal application. A charge of Rs. 5 will have to be paid for each set of tender forms.

The attention of the tenderers is invited to the general and special directions published with the tender.

JIVRAJ N. MEHTA,
Dean.
Parel, Bombay,
27th November, '35. 2155

NOTICE.

ARCHITECTURAL COMPETITION.

Ahmedabad Municipality.
PRIZE Rs. 1,000.

Above Prize will be awarded for submitting the best design with rough estimate showing quantities of different items of work for the extension of Municipal Offices.

The site plan and other details can be obtained from the Undersigned on payment of Rs. 5 per set.

The last date for submission of the design is Tuesday 15th January, 1936.

The Municipality's decision in the selection of the best design will be final.

The sucessful competitor will have to supply full size and other details for the efficient execution of the design.

(Sd.) J. S. MALIK,
Municipal Engineer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Ahmedabad,
25th November, 1935. 2158

## Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DOSSABHAI NUSSERWANJI KHARIWALLA of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell the under-mentioned property to our client free from all incumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 2nd floor, Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Upper Mahim, Mori Road, in the city and Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 319 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. A/4617 and New Survey No. 1B/62 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1258 of Mahim Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 6062, 6063(1) and Street Nos. 40-42, Mori Road and bounded as follows: that is to say, on the East by the property of Sanwar Sowar and of Raghunath Ramchandra Kulabkar, on the West by the property of Barik Kanji and Haji Sayed Abamiya and Another on the North by the property of Keshav Sakharam Malgundkar and on the South by Mori Road.

Dated this 27th day of Nov., 1935.

MAZAGONWALLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. 2161

## Auction Sales

**SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.**

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY at Dongri Street, Katha Bazaar on TUESDAY, the 3rd December, 1935, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the premises under instructions from the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Esufally Dawoodbhai and by virtue of the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagees under the Indenture of Mortgage, dated 2nd December, 1929.

All that piece of redeemed Pension and Tax land admeasuring about 203 Sq. Yards together with the dwelling house standing thereon situate at the East side of the Sat Tad or Dongri Koli Street bearing New Survey No. 2628 and Cadastral Survey No. 269 of Mandvi Division and Municipal B. Ward No. 1272 and formerly Street Nos. 160, 162 and 164 and now 372 and 372A, Dongri Street.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Jehangir and Seervai, Attorneys for the Vendors, 56, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

P. S.—Private offers will be considered by Messrs. Jehangir and Seervai, or by the undersigned before the day of sale.

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AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTIES AT ALIBAUG, ADVERTISED to take place on SUNDAY, the 1st December has been POSTPONED to SUNDAY, the 15th December.

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## *POVERTY OF MASSES MUST BE REMOVED*

### *That Alone Will Improve India's Health, Says China's Sanitation Chief*

TRIVANDRUM: Nov. 22.

Dr. C. C. Chin, Head of the Rural Sanitation Department of the Chinese Republic, was here yesterday on his way back to China from Geneva where he had gone to discuss with the League officials the desirability of holding a world health and sanitation conference at Nanking next year.

Dr. Chin is a young graduate of the Howard Medical College, U. S. A.

Interviewed by the United Press, Dr. Chin said that he was, immensely struck with the similarity of the problems confronting in villages both of India and China, namely poverty and ignorance. Bad sanitation in Indian villages was no less than in China. Public Health too must be said to be as bad as China. Dr. Chin, however, complimented the public health movement in this country as a very encouraging sign.

He declared that health is part of human culture and it must develop in proportion with culture. He suggested that the health organisation in India should be made less complicated, and factors should be differentiated as between industrial and agricultural communities.

CONCENTRATE ON ECONOMIC PROBLEM.

Dr. Chin was of the opinion that in rural reconstruction work, the approach should first be made from the economic side. The economic well-being of the masses should be the foremost object and the social problem might gradually be tackled later on.

When pointed out the great activity in the field of poultry farming in Travancore, Dr. Chin advised the efforts in India should be made first in the direction of improving the production rather than marketing "which is being done nicely here." In China a hen lays from 80 to 100 eggs whereas in India the production is only 30 to 40 eggs. Therefore concentration on the productive side is very urgent.

Dr. Chin left Trivandrum yesterday for Madura en route to Colombo, from where he sales off to China. He will halt, at Singapore to meet Dr. Park, Director of the Far Eastern Bureau of the Health Section of the League of Nations and after consultation with him, he will submit a Report to the League of Nations on the necessity of holding a World Hygiene Conference.—United Press.

## *DRY WEATHER*

POONA, November 27.

The weather has been dry all over the country, except for local rain in South-East Madras, Pamban reporting one and a half inches.

Forecast:—Local falls of rain will recur in South-East Madras.—A.P.

## SCRAMBLE FOR COLONIES

### Catastrophe Ahead If "Haves" Share Not With "Have-nots",

TOKYO, (By Air Mail.)

The Japanese newspapers devote considerable attention to an article by Colonel Edward House, former confidant of the late President Wilson, in which he discusses his views on the East Asia situation. After discussing the need for expansion by Germany, Japan and Italy, Colonel House is reported in the "Osaka Mainichi" as having said: "The yellow race, led by its most progressive members, will coalesce eventually. It is desirable that this block should not be imbued with antagonism against the white race. But it will be thus imbued if we are unwilling to envisage a new deal, internationally as well as nationally."

"The four powers possessing the world—Great Britain, France, Russia and the United States—must realise that mankind can no longer be governed by the adage: 'He that hath, to him shall be given; and he that hath not, from him shall be taken even that which he hath.

"Just as social peace cannot prevail without some adjustment of the capitalistic system, so international peace cannot be preserved without drastic territorial re-adjustments. Great Britain, France, Russia and the United States must receive Italy, Germany and Japan on terms adjusted to present world conditions and recognise their insistence upon being given their proper part of the colonial resources of the world. Chaos and catastrophe will be upon us unless those that have among the Powers are willing to share in the same way with those less fortunate."—United Press.


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This discovery is in pleasant, easy-to-take tablet form, is absolutely harmless, does away with gland operations and is bringing new youth and vigour to thousands. It works directly on the glands and nerves, and puts new, rich blood and energy in your veins. In 24 hours you can see and feel yourself getting younger. Your eyes sparkle, you feel alive and full of youthful vigour and power.

And this amazing, new gland and vigour restorer, called Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, is guaranteed. It has been proved by thousands in America and is now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigour and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you merely return the empty package and get your money back. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and the guarantee protects you. If your chemist is out, write Muller MacLean, Bombay.



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# THE WORLD OF WIRELESS

## B. B. C. BROADCASTS

### Sir Ronald Storrs To Speak On Life Of Lord Kitchener

All Transmissions.

If anyone can be said to have known Kitchener he is Sir Ronald Storrs, who was associated with the great Field-Marshal for many years in Egypt and elsewhere. Sir Ronald will broadcast on Friday, December 13, at 1.0 p.m. G.M.T. in the series of talks "I Knew a Man."

Kitchener had a remarkable career in many lands. At Obdurman he won one of the cheapest battles in history. His services in the Boer War and in the Great War are a part of history. There may be varying estimates of his military genius, but there was no doubt about his sterling character. It was a tragic irony of circumstance that this man of so many land campaigns should find his final resting place in a watery grave. When the "Hampshire" went down with almost all hands on board and with Lord Kitchener, it was felt to be one of the darkest tragedies of the War.

#### *From St. Paul's Dome*

All Transmissions.

The seventh talk in the series "High Spots" will be given from the dome of St. Paul's Cathedral, London. It is particularly appropriate that the speaker will be C. Whitaker-Wilson, who is the author of a book on the life of Sir Christopher Wren, its architect. Mr. Whitaker-Wilson will describe the city of London as he sees it from this unique point of vantage.

#### *Mrs. Byrne's Request*

Transmission 1 (Monday, December 2, at 9 a.m. G.M.T.)

In compiling a programme, "Mrs. Byrne's Request," the producer has imagined that Mrs. Timothy Byrne, a listener, has kindly offered to present a programme which will please her and many old people like her, and Mr. Denis Byrne, her son, who has co-operated with his mother, has offered to come along and take part in the broadcast. The offer is accepted, and under the title "Mrs. Byrne's Request" the programme is broadcast.

Many amusing and in some cases, perhaps, unfortunate things happen. Nevertheless the result is a very pleasant three-quarters of an hour. The programme will include songs new and old sung by a cast of popular singers, who will be supported by the B.B.C. Revue chorus and the B.B.C. Empire Orchestra (leader, Daniel Melsa), under the direction of Eric Fogg. The programme will be presented by William MacLurg.

#### *Exhibition Snooker*

Transmissions 1 and 4.

A running commentary, of unusual interest will be broadcast in Transmission 4 on Tuesday, December 10, at 8 p.m. G.M.T., when for the first time there will be a broadcast description of an exhibition game of snooker. Joe Davis, who has been champion for many years, will meet Horace Lindrum, a nephew of Walter Lindrum, the world champion.

Among snooker players there has been no one in the same class of players as Davis for many years. He has won the professional championship every time he has entered. He is a demon potter, and seems to be able to find a pocket from almost any spot on the table. The longest reign, however, must come to an end, and it seems as if a worthy challenger to Davis has been found in the person of Horace Lindrum, who so far has defeated all the leading players except Davis.

An electrical recording of the commentary will be broadcast in Transmission 1 on Wednesday, December 11, at 9-30 a.m. G.M.T.

#### *Viennese Musical Comedy*

Transmission 4 (Friday, December 6, at 8-15 p.m. G.M.T.)

"A Waltz Dream," with music by Oscar Straus, was one of the first of the gay and melodious Viennese musical comedy to gain great popularity in London in the early years of the present century. It was first produced in London in 1908, with Gertie Miller as Franzi, and revived three years later at Daly's, when it gave Lily Elsie one of her most popular parts. It has since been filmed and the cinema-going public know it as "The Smiling Lieutenant," featuring Maurice Chevalier and Jeanette Macdonald.

The story opens in Vienna with Niki, a young and dashing Hussar, first of all arranging a meeting with Franzi, a young lady who has greatly taken his fancy, and later becoming most unwillingly affianced to the Princess Helene, daughter of the Grand Duke of Flausenthurn, as the result of a daring bet he made with a brother-officer, never dreaming the penalty of a stolen kiss would be so severe. Later the scene moves to the little Independent Duchy of Flausenthurn, where state balls, music, moonlight, and even a maze, all play their part in making circumstances more complicated.

#### *Carnegie Centenary*

Transmission 5.

The Carnegie centenary celebrations will close with a special service which will be relayed from Dornoch Cathedral on December 1, at 11-30 p.m. G.M.T. Professor James Mackintosh, Sheriff-Principal of Sutherland, who knew Andrew Carnegie, will deliver an appreciation of this Dunfermline boy who, born of poor parents and with few initial advantages, carved his way to a position of enormous influence.

One of the most remarkable men Scotland has ever produced, Carnegie was in some respects like Cecil Rhodes. They were both makers of millions who were really masters of their money; both used their wealth as a means, and both regarded it as a trust for their less fortunate brethren. Rhodes used it to help him to realise his imperial visions; Carnegie was no imperialist in the ordinary sense, but he was a great lover of humanity and a citizen of the world. He was one of the most enlightened philanthropists of all time and his benefactions to education were numerous and munificent. He presented hundreds of libraries to communities throughout the world. But he had many other means of distributing his wealth, which died with him. It is interesting to recall that he would give anyone half a church organ if they would raise the money for the other half. Mark Twain once asked him for half a dollar to buy half a hymn book. He got his half dollar.

Carnegie lived in almost royal state at Skibbo Castle in Sutherlandshire, filling his house with the most illustrious men of his time. The gatherings of notables at Skibbo have scarcely ever been surpassed.

The next "Gossip Hour"—10th Edition—will be heard in the B.B.C Empire programmes in Transmission 2 on Monday, December 2, at 12-20 p.m. G.M.T., with electrical recordings in subsequent transmissions.

*Bombay Calling!*

## Cricket Talk Is In The Air

### Tarrant To Talk About His Team ... Children's Hours ... G. D. H. Cole On "Causes Of War" ... Talk On Safety, Songs And Solos

On Friday at 6-30, Professor Gharpure is giving his fourth Marathi talk, this time on "Road Safety." This problem is daily becoming more and more acute with the steady increase in our vehicular traffic and the talk should be helpful both to motorists and pedestrians.

This will be followed by Sanai Solos by B. M. Dewalankar and those who are familiar with the melodious charm of this old Indian instrument will not miss this item. Dinkarrao Amembal's popular songs will bring the Indian programme to a close while an Empire Relay and Ken Mac's hand will constitute the European programme.

#### *Children's Hours*

Saturday will again be Children's Day. At 4-30 p.m. Indrachandra Dahich will give stories in Hindi to be followed by that jovial pair, Auntie Beth and Uncle Dick. "Diary for 1934" and "The Request Hour" are other attractions in the European prag.

Cricket talk will literally be in the air when Mr. Frank Tarrant, the Manager of the Maharaja of Patiala's team of Australian cricketers now touring India, will give a talk on Saturday night at 8-30 on cricket with special reference to his team.

Mrs. Narvekar's light classical music will wind up the Saturday programme.

#### *Orchestra And Ensemble!*

Sunday programme will open at 10-30 a.m. with a crash—crash of the Bombay Studio Orchestra led by Mehta and conducted by Kaufmann and some fine classical tunes will be heard. This is to be followed at 11-30 with Professor Kha's classic songs. The V. T. B. Ensemble, led by Pereira, will be on the air from 7-30 p.m. and Anjanibai Wadkar's light music will conclude the programme.

From Sunday, news will be broadcast daily at 8-45 p.m. in English and at 9 p.m. in Hindi.

#### *Two Good Talks*

On Monday there are two good talks besides gramophone record selections, Chawan's Been Solos and Nagpur's light music. Miss Manju Mantri is giving a light Marathi talk on "Leisure Moments" at 6-25 p.m. and a weekly survey, "India and the World" will be broadcast at 9-30 p.m.

Tuesday will mostly be taken up by gramophone records (some of which are rather good) with one or two other items. Arthur Silas will give his weekly "Did You Know?", G. A. Joshi of Aundh will give his violin solos while Yusuf Effendi will wind up the evening with some popular songs.

#### *Cricket Commentaries Again*

On Wednesday there are two Indian musical items—Harmonium Solos by Patkar at 6-30 p.m. and light songs by Hatiskar at 7-0 p.m. A. G. A. Norman will give his weekly sports commentary and Mena Sila's orchestra will give a variety programme.

Those who enjoyed cricket commentary broadcasts during the Quadrangulars will be glad to know that the same arrangements have been made for the Indo-Australian cricket match which starts on Thursday the 5th. The same night we are to hear the relay of a talk on "The Causes of War" by that eminent writer, G. D. H. Cole. Bai Sunderabai is to sing Urdu and Marathi songs the same night at 9-30.

## Americans To Buy Five Million Sets

### Presidential Campaign Gives Impetus

Radio industrialists in America are happier than they have been since the days before their business hit rock bottom in March, 1931. At present they are enjoying what is described as "a small boom," which has all the earmarks of spreading over into 1936 as a real boom.

A Presidential campaign always gives impetus to the radio business. On top of that, the radio men are glad that Jim Braddock and Joe Louis will confront each other under the glare of a roped arena. A championship boxing fight always spurs the radio business; it has never failed since the memorable "battle of a century" between Jack Dempsey and Georges Carpentier at Biyle's Thirty Acres, July 2, 1921. That was the first fight broadcast. It gave the radio industry a grand push when it needed some such event to start it on the way.

FACTORIES ARE BUSY.

"Right now factories are busiest since 1930," said Bond Geddes, executive vice president of the Radio Manufacturers Association. "The public is buying. There are now 50,000 factory employees, compared with a normal 40,000. Sales are 20 per cent. ahead of the last year it seems safe to believe that the total number of sets sold in 1935 will cross the five-million mark.

"There are several factors responsible for the revival. Perfection of short-wave reception has done much to encourage the public to buy new all-wave outfits. Obsolete sets are another powerful factor spurring recovery. Their solid front that so long resisted the modern urge is crumbling. Increased purchasing power, especially on the farms in the South and among labour associated with building and construction, is doing much to boost radio sets sales.

BIGGER SETS IN DEMAND.

"The public to-day wants better radios, up-to-date instruments," said Mr. Geddes. "There is no better proof than in the fact that 60 per cent of the sales are console cabinets, whereas a few years ago the inexpensive midget captured 60 per cent of the business. The small sets are now generally classed as secondary or supplementary machines. However, they represent lucrative business. Young people going back to school and college usually take a radio with them and that market alone helped the sale of the small, more portable sets. The midgets now net about 40 per cent of the business."

9,000 PER DAY.

From the factory of the Philco Radio and Television Corporation at Philadelphia come reports that the plant was never so busy; 9,000 radios are being run off the long assembly lines daily.

FARMERS BUYING RADIOS.

Farmers are buying radios. The majority of manufacturers report increased activity in this market. Turn-ins on new sets reveal many of the rural residents have not acquired new radios for ten years. It is believed that thousands during the depression never charged the batteries once they ran down. But now with windmill devices for automatic recharging, new low consumption tubes and improved batteries, the rural sections are casting aside the absolete apparatus. Increased purchasing power is the real cause of revival. There are trade estimates that the farm markets this year will absorb at least 700,000 new radio sets.

#### *Lord Mayor's Banquet*

Speeches at the Annual Guildhall Banquet which follows the Lord Mayor's Show will be broadcast to Home and Overseas listeners on Saturday, November 9. These will be preceded by a descriptive commentary by Edward Halliday on the preliminaries to the reception, so that listeners will be able to form a mental picture of the back-ground in which the speeches are delivered.

## On Choice Of A Short-Wave Receiver

### By L. W. HAYES, Foreign Service Engineer of B.B.C.

Many foreign listeners write to the BBC to ask for a specific recommendation of the make of receiver they should purchase to enable them to listen to the Empire transmissions. The requests cannot be dealt with directly, for it would obviously be undesirable for the BBC—a public corporation—to recommend the products of one or other manufacturer. It is recognised that it is very difficult for the completely non-technical listener to know what receiver he should buy, and the only advice that can be offered to him is that he should get several makes of receiver and try them out, selecting the one which appears to give the best reception under his own conditions. Certain remarks which follow in this article may assist him in his comparison, but since some of them demand slight technical knowledge and others rather more technical knowledge and appreciation, the assistance of a technically-minded friend is necessary if the best selection is to be made. An endeavour is made to show what may be expected from modern all-wave receiver generally and to point out the technical features which are principally responsible for giving this performance.

**TRY IT OUT**

When buying a receiver it is most useful to try it out in the situation in which it will be used, and it is desirable that receivers should be compared, if more than one make can be obtained, in the same situation and at the same time. In short-wave reception particularly, conditions vary from place to place even in the same locality, and they may be greatly different from day to day. It is realised, of course, that some Empire listeners cannot try out a receiver where it will ultimately be used, before buying it; but numbers of others can do this, and it is recommended that they should.

**WAVES SHORT AND LONG**

It is well to set down here what is meant by short-wave, medium and long-wave, and "all-wave" receivers. Until a few years ago there were only two groups of waves generally used for broadcasting. These were known under the names of "long waves" and "short waves." Subsequently shorter wavelengths have come into use for broadcasting, making it necessary to use the term "medium" waves for the original "short" waves, and to define the newer short-wave bands as "short" and "ultra-short."

The designations generally used for broadcasting waves are now as follows:—

Long waves: 150-300 kc/s (2,000-1,000 metres).

Medium waves: 550-1,500 kc/s (545-200 metres).

Short waves: 6,000-30,000 kc/s (50-10 metres).

Ultra-short waves: above 30,000 kc/s (below 10 metres).

The transmissions from the Empire Station are at present made within the band of short waves on frequencies between 21,600 and 6,000 kilocycles per second (13.9-50 metres). A receiver capable of receiving only this band of waves, or part of it, or a band from 13.9 to 80 or 100 metres is known as a short-wave receiver.

It is, of course, desirable that Empire listeners should have receivers which cover all the waves at present used by the Empire Station. No 70 or 80-metre waves are as yet used for broadcasting, but it is possible that they may become available in two or three years' time.

**NUMBER OF VALVES**

Although the number of valves may give some indication of the sensitivity of a receiver, prospective purchasers should not be misled into thinking that the number of valves is of necessity a true criterion of sensitivity.

In addition, the question of "power output" of a receiver must be considered. The most common British practice is to use one power-output pentode, whilst the current American practice is to use several triode valves in a parallel push-pull arrangement. Certain valves used on modern sets for special purposes, such as muting valves, tuning indicators, etc., do not contribute either to sensitivity or power output. In British sets several of these functions may be carried out by one multiple valve, whilst in American sets separate valves are used. The general result of this is that the British set generally has five or six valves, and may have as many as ten or twelve, whilst the American set has eight or nine valves and may have as many as twenty-two or twenty-four.

**TYPE OF FREQUENCY-CHANGER**

In a superheterodyne receiver the design of the frequency-changing circuits has an important bearing on the performance of the receiver, particularly from the point of view of noise generated in the receiver, its sensitivity, and in the short-wave bands—on the ease of tuning. There are many different types of frequency-dyne arrangement for which a pentode is often used. In the triode-hexode and triode-pentode connexions one valve is used by some manufacturers whilst others prefer to use a separate triode valve. There is considerable controversy amongst receiver designers over the advantages claimed for one or other arrangement, but the non-technical purchaser of a receiver will probably not be able to tell the difference. The trend of modern practice in all-wave receivers, however, seems to be towards the triode-hexode or triode-pentode, with a separate triode for the more expensive receivers.

**SELECTIVITY**

Selectivity in a modern short-wave or all-wave receiver is of paramount importance. Two aspects of selectivity must be considered in a superheterodyne receiver. Adjacent-channel selectivity—the quality which gives freedom from interference from stations in the immediate neighbourhood of the frequency of the wanted station—is determined chiefly by the intermediate-frequency circuits, whilst "second channel" or "image signal" selectivity is determined chiefly by the signal-frequency circuits—i.e., those circuits which are tuned to the frequency (or wavelength) on which the station is working and which come between the aerial and the frequency-changer valve. The value of the intermediate-frequency also has an effect on second-channel selectivity, which increases with increase in intermediate-frequency.

Not less than two tuned circuits, exclusive of the oscillator circuits, are desirable in the signal-frequency circuits of a short-wave receiver, or on the short-wave bands in an all-wave receiver, whilst, in addition, it is advantageous that special "image-signal rejector" circuits be included in the aerial circuit. It is exceedingly difficult to tell whether the image signal or second-channel selectivity is adequate merely by looking at a receiver, although a statement in the specification to the effect that some or all of the above circuits are included will give some comparative indication.

(To be concluded next week).

## OVER THE FRONTIERS

### How Broadcasting Can Draw Nations Together

The most ambitious collective programme ever broadcast entitled "Youth Sings Over the Frontiers", was arranged by the International Broadcasting Union in co-operation with a number of European and Overseas broadcasting organisations on October 27. The aim of this programme was to show on a large scale the manner in which broadcasting can draw the nations of the world together in closer union.

Children in all the countries which contributed to the programme sang, in turn, characteristic compositions of their own land. Thirty-one countries in all took part, including Germany, Great Britain, Australia, Poland, France, the U.S.A., Hawaii Spain, Italy, Holland, Switzerland, Austria, Belgium, Norway, Czechoslovakia, the Argentine, Brazil, Yugoslavia, Sweden, Hungary, Latvia, the Union of South Africa, the Dutch East Indies, Denmark, Roumania, Finland, Lithuania, Uruguay, Paraguay, Siam, and Japan. In view of certain technical difficulties the contributions from the Argentine, Brazil, South Africa, the Dutch East Indies, Uruguay, Paraguay, Siam, and Japan were previously recorded.

The technical arrangements were centralised in Berlin and handled by the Reichs Rundfunk Gesellschaft.

The programme was broadcast in full or in part by stations in all countries participating either by direct landline or radio link. Announcements from each station were made first in the language of the country and then in French.

# CRICKET NOTES AND COMMENTS

## Qualifications Of India's Captain

(By J. C. MAITRA.)

The Selection Committee appointed by the Board of Control for Cricket in India consisting of Dr. H. D. Kanga, Nawab of Pataudi and the Maharaj Kumar of Vijianagram, have just come out with their list of All-India players who are to meet the Maharaja of Patiala's Australian XI in Bombay next week. The first thing that strikes one as most surprising is the Selection of the Yuvaraj of Patiala as the All-India Captain. I am sure that if the Selectors were asked to explain the qualifications of the Yuvaraj to lead the Indian XI, they would not be able to say anything except that he is a Prince and that his father is responsible for the Australian visit to this country. On the other hand, there are plenty of facts and arguments against him which disqualify him not only for that very responsible position but also as a member of the team. His exhibitions in the Quadrangular last year and recent performances at Delhi clearly go to show that he is not fit to be the captain or a member of the All-India team.

**Selector's Tribute To Patiala.**

It may be asked why the Selectors knowing his drawbacks pretty well have selected him. Several arguments have been advanced already in the press. I am not prepared to give credence to the rumour that because one player does not want to play under the Captaincy of C. K. Nayudu the ex-captain of All-India has been dethroned. That would be encouraging indiscipline in the ranks to the maximum. And I cannot lay this charge at the door of the Selectors.

The clue to this surprising selection, therefore, lies in the injunction of the Australian Board of Control not to give any official or international colour to these matches. The Australian Board is extremely particular and sensitive about the prestige and honour of its country.

They insist that the visit should be taken as a purely social and educative one. The Selectors have accepted that injunction in a sporting spirit and have given the match a true social colour.

The reason why the Yuvaraj of Patiala has, of all people, been selected captain of the team is that the Selectors were anxious to pay their tribute to the Maharaja of Patiala who has been rendering unparalleled service to the cause of Indian Cricket for more than a quarter of a century. I am afraid I cannot deduce a more sensible explanation for their queer action than this.

**A Family Affair?**

I wish they had waited for this payment of compliment till the Lahore or Madras match, because the matches at Bombay and Calcutta would be taken more as an index of the true strength of Indian Cricket than the third or last one. The Bombay match has lost its importance considerably by the selection of an inexperienced player for the captaincy of the team. If the Nawab of Pataudi, Major C. K. Nayudu or Capt. Syed Wazir Ali had led the side, the fight would have taken a real All-India aspect. Now it is all a family affair—the father's Australian XI playing against the son's Indian XI. As such, nobody can complain about its international character.

**Weak Spots In the Team.**

With the exception of the Yuvaraj of Patiala and P. E. Palia, everyone has selected himself into the team. Their performances in the Quadrangular have been so convincing that the Selectors could name them easily. The presence of Palia can only be explained by the fact that he is a left-handed bowler and batsman and the Selectors must have been very keen on having such a player in the team. I agree that such a player may be of invaluable help to the side. But Palia has not shown such form as to over-ride the claims of Mushtaq Ali who has been doing exceptionally well this season. In truth, Lall Singh and Mushtaq Ali should have taken the places of the Yuvaraj of Patiala and Palia to make it the strongest combination possible, and in the absence of Pataudi, Major Nayudu should have been at their head. That was, however, not to be. Although C. K. will be his adviser-in-Chief, it all depends how far the Yuvaraj will seek his advice. In the circumstances, it will be futile to predict a rosy finale for the Indian XI.

**Where Is Bombay's Place?**

While scanning the list of players, I noticed that Bombay which is always proved to call herself the home of Indian Cricket, has only two representatives in the team. The rest come from up-country, the Punjab claiming the majority of them. This clearly show how low Bombay Cricket has fallen! I have not heard of any more to reclaim her former position and regain her glory in the cricket world of India. Would it do to live on past laurels for ever? I have cried myself hoarse in suggesting schemes for the uplift of our cricket. But those who are in power and position do not seem to bother themselves with such unimportant questions. They would do well to ask those representatives of Northern India who flooded the Quadrangular Tournament, so to speak, as to how they managed to raise their standard so high, and then follow their methods.

**The Bombay Team.**

Following the selection of the All-India team, our local side has also been selected. I suppose the reason which persuaded the B.C.A. Committee to select L. P. Jai as their captain was his able skippership of the team which won the All-India Championship for Ranji Trophy this year. The players who are in the list have all represented their City in the Inter-Provincial Tournament with the exception of R. G. Hopkins. Vijay Merchant and Bahadur Kapadia have been omitted from this team apparently because they are to play for All-India. I have nothing to complain against this selection except that Champak Mehta or P. A. D'Avoine should have been included in place of Hopkins.

While fielding on Tuesday a full-bloded shot by Lall Singh caught Wazir Ali, just below the belt and the Muslim skipper fell prostrate on the ground. After a while, he went to the pavilion assisted by Major Naidu and a friend, but returned to the field after ten minutes. Photo shows Wazir Ali proceeding to the pavilion.

Opening ceremony of the R. L. Gharat Mandir at Mapgaon (Alibag) was performed by Mr. N. C. Kelkar on Sunday last Mr. Gharat is seen (in white) seated on the dais in the centre.

## SECURITY DEMANDED FROM AMRITSAR PRESS

LAHORE, Nov. 27.

A security of Rs. 500 has been demanded by the Punjab Government under the Press Act from Mr. Jamiat Singh, the keeper of the Guru Ramdas Printing Press, Amritsar, for having published a statement of Sardar Ishwar Singh Majhail, Secretary of the Shiromani Akali Dal, asking the Sikhs to organise in each village and learn the use of sword and other weapons which were recently proscribed by the Government.

The security is to be deposited by 7th December.—United Press.

## ACCUSED ACQUITTED ON APPEAL

### Echo Of Wedding Party Tragedy

RAJSHAHI, Nov. 26.

A sensational story of how eight persons including the bridegroom died as the result of fire works on the occasion of a marriage ceremony was related before the Sessions Judge of Rajshahi when an appeal in connection with a case from Malda came up for hearing before him.

It was alleged that when the display of fire works proceeded, the "charki baji" was not working and accused Serjuddin, who was in charge of the fire works put some gun powder on the 'chakri baji' and lighted it whereupon it at once exploded and the store room where the fire works were kept immediately caught fire and collapsed, the result being the instantaneous death of five persons and fatal injuries to three others including the bridegroom all of whom died subsequently.

The accused was convicted by the Magistrate at Malda under section 304 I.P.C. and sentenced to 2 years' rigorous imprisonment. In appeal, Mr. N. N.Munshi, pleader for the appelant submitted that the occurrence was a pure accident and the appellant had no knowledge that it would result in a disaster. It was 'vis major' and section 304 did not apply. It was also not certain who actually put gun powder on the 'charki baji'.

The Judge allowed the appeal and acquitted the accused.—United Press.

## AUSTRALIAN MATCH IN POONA

### Traffic Arrangement

On the 28th and 29th instant in connection with the Australian versus Maharashtra Cricket match there will be one way traffic approaching the Poona Club Cricket ground between 9 a.m. and 6 p.m. Attention is drawn to the advertisement appearing elsewhere in this issue.

## *Identification Of Titaghur Case Accused*

CALCUTTA, Nov. 27.

With tears in his eyes and covering his face with a piece of cloth the first approver to-day identified 17 out of 30 accused in what is known as the Titaghur Conspiracy Case when hearing was resumed to-day before the Special Tribunal.

The second approver then narrated the activities of the party, including the method of recruitment and training in use of arms.—A. P.

## *Bihar Legislature's Sitting*

PATNA, November 25.

The next session of the Bihar and Orissa Legislative Council will commence at Patna on Thursday, the 9th January, 1936, and will last till the 15th January.

As the Bihar and Orissa Public Safety Act (of 1933) will expire on the 18th March, 1936, the Hon. S. C. Tallents will introduce on January 10, an extending and Amending Bill.—United Press.

## *B. P. C. C. ELECTIONS*

### *Congress Socialist Party's Manifesto*

The executive committee of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party in the course of a manifesto says:

On December 15, Bombay Congressmen have to elect 21 representatives to the Lucknow session of the Indian National Congress who also constitute the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee for the coming year.

The Bombay Congress Socialist Party in nominating its candidates would like to remind the Congress electorate that these elections which lead up to the election of the members of the A. I. C. C. and of the President of the Congress have to be decided on political and not on personal grounds.

A reference to the events of the past year is not out of place in this connection. The Congress Socialist Party was formed in October 1934 and since then has grown greatly in size and importance. It has acted within the Congress as a livening and stimulating force. On every issue of any importance the Party has taken the initiaive in evolving policies for the Congress to adopt.

It was the Congress Socialist Party which first took up the question of the Bengal detenus and made it a national issue thereby inducing the National Congress to take up an agitation on their behalf and the collection of funds for the relief of the distressed members of their families.

It is the Congress Socialist Party which has taken up cudgels on behalf of the people of the Indian States and which succeeded in getting the A. I. C. C. in Jubbulpore last April to adopt a resolution satisfactory to the people of the States.

IN THE CORPORATION.

In the Bombay Municipal Corporation the Socialist Councillors have distinguished themselves and lead the fight for adult suffrage, against Government interference, against communal representation. They alone have given notice of resolutions for the hoisting of the National flag and observance of the Congress Jubilee.

If it has been possible in the past few months for the officials of the All-India Trade Union Congress to get in closer touch with the Executives of the National Congress the rapprochement has been helped by the existence of a strong Congress Socialist Party pulling these two organisations nearer and nearer to each other.

ISSUES BEFORE THE COUNTRY

Both in the organisation of urban labour and in that of peasantry in other provinces the Party has taken a leading part.

What are the issues before the Congress and the country to-day? The first and the biggest is that of the new Constitution contained in the Government of India Act of this year. The Party was the first as far back as February of this year to see the dangers implicit in the Constitution. It saw that while the Congress rejected the Constitution out of hand there were elements within the Congress which were playing with the idea of entering the Councils, not with a view to bring it to a standstill but of 'working it for what it was worth.' The Party gave a lead calling upon the Congress to declare that it would not countenance the acceptance by Congressmen of ministerial offices under this new Constitution.

In this connection we cannot do better than quote the words of Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru who in a press interview given in London on 10th November 1935 said: "The India Act is a monstrosity. There cannot be even a shadow of co-operation in this further attempt of Great Britain to add to our shackles." We subscribe to every word of this statement of Pandit Jawaharlal.

ISSUE OF WAR.

The other main problem before the country is that of War. For a year now the Congress Socialist Party has struggled to point out to the people of this country the growing danger of war. Some of those responsible for the administration of the Congress machinery chose to scoff and laugh at these warnings. They in their ignorance of the international affairs made out that the war danger existed only in the imagination of the Socialists. Events abroad have shown that the Socialists know what they are talking about.

To-day every nation is participating in a mad rush to arm for the next war which has now become inevitable. "India has to make up its mind in advance as to what part it is going to play to meet the crisis. Those Congressmen who argue that the time to decide this question will be when a war has already begun are uttering the most pernicious nonsense.

These are the two main issues on which delegates elected to the Congress session will have to exercise their vote.

The Socialist candidates will also fight for the demands of the people of the Indian States against the Princes as advanced by them through the States' Peoples' Conference. They would press for the democratization of the Congress Constitution. They will ask that the Congress should take up the task of organising peasants and workers on the basis of their economic grievances and demands. The delegates elected will also form an electoral college to choose the President of the Indian National Congress for the coming year. There is no doubt that from the larger national point of view there is only one man who can give a lead at this stage and make the Congress work as a team for the achievement of the goal of Independence and that man is Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

It is, of course, gratifying to the Party to read in a press report the answer which Pandit Jawaharlal gave to the question at London meeting that he was in general agreement with the Congress Socialist group.

Each of the Party's candidates is a tried Congressman and jail-returned fighter.

We ask Congressmen in the city to send to Lucknow to speak for Bombay all those in the following provisional list of candidates which may be added to later:—

A Ward—F. M. Pinto.
C Ward—Y. J. Meherally.
D Ward—M. R. Masani.
E Ward—Abdul Hamid.
F Ward—C. K. Narayanswamy.
F Ward— E. Mohamed Sadique.
G Ward—Charles Mascarenhas.

# Keen Contest In B. P. C. C. Elections

## *PROMINENT CANDIDATES IN THE FIELD*

The elections to the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee are to be held on 15th December. The elections have a special importance because they are the first to be held under the new Congress Constitution passed by the Bombay session held last year. As under the new Constitution the membership of the B. P. C. C. has been reduced from 75 to 21, the contests are expected to be very keen. The different Wards have been allotted seats as follows:—

A Ward (Fort) 1; B Ward (Mandvi) 2; C Ward (Bhuleshwar) 6; D Ward (Girgaum) 4; E Ward (Byculla) 2; F Ward (Parel) 2; and G Ward (Dadar) 4.

CANDIDATES IN THE FIELD.

The following, it is understood, are the prominent Congressmen who will be among many candidates to contest the elections:—

A Ward: Mr. S. A. Brelvi.
B Ward: Mr. K. M. Munshi.
C Ward: Messrs. Bhulabhai J. Desai, Nagindas Master, Y. J. Meherally and Ganpatishanker Desai.
D Ward: Messrs. K. F. Nariman, S. K. Patil and M. R. Masani.
G Ward: Messrs. Jamnadas Dwarkadas and Ishwarbhai Patel.

Mrs. Perinben Captain, Miss Safia Somji and Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, it is understood, will contest the elections in D, B and C Wards respectively.

## SHOLAPUR SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANY

### Share-holders' Protest Against Directors' Action

Emphatic protests against the action of the Directors in entering into an alleged agreement for sale of the Electrification Undertaking of the Company without the share-holders' approval were made at an informal meeting of the share-holders of the Sholapur Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., last evening.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Bombay Share-holders' Association at the Aga Khan Buildings and presided over by Mr. M. M. Kamdar.

Emphasis was also laid on the fact that the Electric undertaking was one of the most valuable assets of the Company yielding a return of about 14 per cent on the capital invested in it.

"ULTRA-VIRES."

Among the important resolutions passed were the following:—

This meeting expresses its opinion that it is "ultra-vires" for the Board of Directors to have entered into any contract which was not made subject to the sanction of the share-holders.

This meeting informs the Board of Directors that they should proceed to convene a regular meeting of the share-hoders of this Company at which meeting the question may be considered at full length.

This meeting is informed and has reasons to believe that an offer for a sum higher than the sum of Rs. 6,70,000 and on better terms, for the purchase of the said undertaking has already been placed before the Board of Directors. In view of the said information the Debenture-holders will proceed to satisfy themselves whether such an offer has been received and will withhold their consent in the meantime.


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# City And Suburbs

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

### To-day

Hindu: Magsir Shud 2, 1992
Muslim: Ramjan 1, 1354
Parsi: Khordad 23, 1305
Hightide: 1-21; 12-57
Lowtide: 7-24; 19-02
Sunrise: 6h. 53m.
Sunset: 6h. 0m.

S. S. 'Carthage' with English mails of November 11, due at 3 p.m.

*Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.*

SATURDAY, November 30

S. S. Viceroy of India with English mails sails at 1 p.m.

Bombay Races: Winter Meeting, Third *Day.*

Maharaja of Patiala's Australian Eleven *vs.* Bombay Cricket Association, Esplanade Maidan.

SUNDAY, December 1.

*Maharaja of Patiala's Australian Eleven vs.* Bombay Cricket Association, Esplanade Maidan.

MONDAY, December 2

Maharaja of Patiala's Australian Eleven vs. Bombay Cricket Association, Esplanade Maidan.

The Bombay Institution for Deaf Mutes, Golden Jubilee:- The Governor will preside and Lady Brabourne will give away prizes, Nesbit Road, Mazagaon, 4-30 p.m.

Special Meeting of the Standing Committee 2 p.m (B.T.)

LAKSHMIBAI OF JHANSI

The 100th birthday was celebrated at Kalyan on Sunday last, Srimati Banubai Deshpande, presiding Messrs. Saraf, G. K. Phadke and Rambhow Patwardhan also spoke

ARYA SAMAJ

Swami Shivanand will deliver a public lecture with music, on "Form of God" at the Arya Samaj Kalbadevi Road (Cowlane) to-day Thursday at 7 p.m.

BOMBAY BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

A General Meeting of the Society will be held to-day Thursday, at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) to consider revision of the list of periodicals subscribed to.

M. R. FREE DISPENSARY

"The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the week ending 23rd November, 1935, was 378; of these 250 were men and 128 women."

STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD

A public lecture under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, will be delivered by Prof. Pratapgiri at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge Chowpatty, to-day Thursday, at 6-30 p.m. The causes of war with reference to Abyssinia.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Mails for Mauritius and Reunion per Extra S.S. "Australia" Via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Friday the 29th instant.

Superscribed unregistered Mails for United States of America per S. S. "President Polk" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 8-0 a.m. on Saturday the 30th instant.

## AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

REGAL—"A Midsummer Night's Dream." Daily at 6 and 9-30 p.m

CAPITOL—"Les Miserables". Daily at 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

PATHE—"The Crusades". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Anarkali." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m

MAJESTIC—"Bridegroom Wanted." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Painted Sin." Daily at 5-15 and 10-45 p.m.

MINERVA—"Devdas" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"Hooray For Love." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

*ROXY—"Mithi Najar." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.*

*EXCELSIOR—"Honours Easy" Time as usual.*

EMPIRE—"Thunder in the Night" Time as usual.

PALACE—"New Adventures of Tarzan". *Time as usual*

### Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. The Argyle Theatre Orchestra, directed by Sydney Jones. Relayed from the Argyle Theatre, Birkenhead. 8-00 p.m. "Books to Read." Some suggestions for the listener's bookshelf by Eric Gillett. 8-15 p.m. Musical Oleographs—No. 4: "Songs of Street Life."* 8-45 p.m. "On with the Dance." 9-15 p.m. Reading from Dickens by V. C. Clinton-Baddeley. 9-30 p.m. "Moonlight Masquerade." A new musical romance of 18th century Bath by George Gordon. 10-15 p.m. News. 10-30 p.m. Close down

### TO-DAY ON RADIO

12-0 noon Indian Programme. Selection of Indian Music. 1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates. European Programme An Hour of Variety 2-0 p.m Close down

5-30 p.m. European Programme. Relay of Music from Capitol Cinema 6-30 p.m. The Rt. Hon'ble Winston S. Churchill, C.H., M.P.—On "The Causes of War." 6-55 p.m. Schubert Programme, 1 San Francisco Symphony Orchestra. 2 Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra. 3 San Francisco Symphony Orchestra. 7-30 p.m. 'Aldershot Tattoo' A Broadcast From The Rushmoor Arena. 8-15 p.m. A Violin Recital. 8-45 p.m The News Weather Report, News Bulletin and Commercial News. 9-30 p.m. Mrs. Shivarani Ghose. In Sentimental Songs. 11-0 p.m. Close down.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs A. W. Pryde and Mr and Mrs. F. A. Cole lunched at Government House on Wednesday.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne attended the Bombay Light Patrol Dance at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Wednesday.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION

Professor Rev. F. J. Duhr will meet his students in German to-day Thursday at 5-45 p.m in the St. Xavier's College.

Professor P. A. Wadia will meet his students in Political Theory to-day, Thursday, at 6-30 p.m. in the South Wing, University Buildings.

MEGHWAL SUDHARAK SABHA

A meeting of the Harijans of Bombay will be held at Valpakhadi Laxminarayan Temple compound to-day Thursday 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) to mourn over the Sad demise of Mr. G. K. Devadhar, Diwan Bahadur Krishnalal M. Jhaveri will preside.

ANDHRA HOMOEOPATHIC CONFERENCE

Under the auspices of the Andhra Homoeopathic Association, Cocanada, the fourth Andhra Homoeopathic Conference will be held this year at Cocanada on 15th and 16th of December under the Presidentship of Dr. Surendranath Lall, Ph. Dsc., (U.S.A.) Principal, Post Graduate Homoeopathic College, Bombay

BOMBAY BARBERS TO FORM UNION.

With a view to ventilate their grievences regarding hours of work, leave, system of payment etc., the barbers employed in the hair-cutting saloons will meet to-day Thursday, at 6-30 p.m. in the Municipal Gardens, Foras Road, to form their Union. Mr. R. S. Nimbkar will preside, and Miss Mani Ben Kara, Mr. V. B. Karnik and other labour leaders will speak.

KARNATAK NOOTHAN SANGIT SABHA.

The Secretary writes:—

The third annual celebration of the above Sabha was held under the presidentship of Mr. R. A. Jahangirdhar. Prominent among those present were Dr. Ganpatrao M. Bhonsle, Sjt. Laxman Dev Vidyarthi, Editor, Saddharma Pracharaka Granthamala, Mangalore, Sjt. M. Chandreshwar, Secretary, The Fort Arya Samaj and Sjt H. Krishnappa Thingalaya from Mangalore.

The annual report was adopted Donations were received during the year as follows:

Rs. 490-3-0 to The Kanara Young Footballers, Bombay.

Rs 107-10-0 to The Hospital Poor Fund, Moolky, (Mangalore).

The Sabha had also staged a drama in aid of the Kanara Farmers Relief Fund.

After distribution of medals the function came to an end.

## "HORSE BRAND" TRADE MARK

### High Court Grants Injunction Against "Tav Shravan"

Before Mr. Justice Kania at the High Court came up the hearing of the notice of motion taken out by Messrs. Madan Sons and Co., asking for an interim injunction against the Gujarat Medical Stores to restrain them from selling their medicine "Tav Shravan" under the name "Horse Brand" or "Ghoda Chhap".

Mr. N. P. Engineer, instructed by Messrs. Vachha and Co., appeared for the plaintiffs. Sir Jamshed Kanga with Mr. Homi D. Banaji, instructed by Messrs. Lala and Co., represented the defendants.

The plaintiffs are manufacturers of "Squibb's Ague Specific" which is known in the market under the name of "Ghoda Chhap" or "Horse Chhap".

It was further stated that the defendants were selling their medicine "Tav Shravan" under the name of "Horse Brand" which constituted a breach of the plaintiffs' trade mark.

At the hearing of the notice of motion, the whole suit was settled, and his Lordship passed a consent decree granting a perpetual injunction against the defendants as asked for by the plaintiffs.

## Bombay Port Trust Tenders For Requirements Accepted, Renewal Of Leaseholds

The Secretary writes:—

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay held on 26th November 1935, the following were the main items of business disposed of:—

Tenders for electrical plant required for the change over of electric supply to Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Ltd. were accepted for an aggregate value of Rs. 40,300 from the General Electric Co. Ltd., Associated Electrical Industries (India) Ltd., Messrs. Johnson and Phillips Ltd. and Callendar's Cable and Construction Co. Ltd.

Tenders were also considered for the supply of the Trust's requirements of coal and tarpaulins during 1936-37; for the former, the tender of Messrs. Madhavlal and Co., for approximately 26,000 tons Kusunda Nyadee 1st grade steam coal, and for the latter, the tender of Messrs. Kilburn and Co. for 250 uproofed flax paulins, were accepted

Contracts for the supply of petrol and furnance oil during 1936 were placed with the Burma-Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Co. of India Ltd.

RENEWAL OF LEASEHOLDS.

50-year renewals of leaseholds Rent Roll Nos. 346 (area about 577 sq. yards) and 355 (area about 314 sq. yards), Frere Road, for shops and residences were granted; also a yearly tenancy of a plot of land at Calicut Street, Mody Bay Estate, for stables and residences.

Sanction was also accorded to a request from the intended lessees of plot No. 27 (area about 2,215 sq. yards) on the Apollo Reclamation for the grant of two 99-year leases instead of one as originally contemplated, to enable them to erect two blocks of residential flats on the area.

WELCOME TO DEVAS

(From Our Correspondent)
INDORE, By Mail.

An enthusiastic welcome was accorded to His Highness the Maharaja of Dewas (Jr.) on his return to the State from Europe.

MOCK PARLIAMENT

A mock parliamentary debate will be held between the Ismail College and the N. S. League's debating teams to-day, Thursday at 3-0 p.m. in the Ismail College Hall.

The following students, on behalf of the N. S. League will form the Rationalist Ministry and propose a bill to abolish our traditional conceptions of morality and respectability in the interest of individual liberty consistent with social progress. Miss Usha Mehta, Messrs K. T. Chandy, P. M. Trivedi and T. J. Godiwala.

Prof Correa Alfonso will be the speaker.

STEAMER MOVEMENT

The O.S.K. Steamer "Borneo Maru" left Singapore on November 24 and is due to arrive in Bombay on December 7 via Penang and Colombo.

The N.Y.K. Steamer "Ginyo Maru" left Colombo for Bombay on the 26th November and is due to arrive here on Friday afternoon the 29th November.

Dollar Steamship Lines S.S. President Polk will arrive here on the 28th instant at 5-00 p.m. and will land passengers at No. 11 Alexandra Dock. She will again sail on Saturday the 30th instant at 10-30 a.m. with passengers and cargo for Suez, Port Said, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa Marseilles, New York and Boston.

ALL INDIA GITA-DAY.

The Rama Tirtha Publication League, Lucknow, will celebrate the ninth All India Gita-Day, under the presidentship of Sri R. S. Narayana Swami on the 11th bright half of Margsherkh, Sambat 1992, i.e. on Friday, the 6th December 1935, at 4-30 p.m. in its premises, No. 25 Marwari Gali, Lucknow.

Lectures on the teachings of Gita will be delivered by the eminent scholars like Dr. Radha Kumud Mukerji, Mr. K. A. Subrananiya Iyer, Pt. Rama Charan Vidyarathi, Pt. Shyama Sundra Ji.

In honour of the Gita-Day, the League has consented to distribute at half price the II Volumes of Shrimad Bhagvad Gita with the commentary by Sri R. S. Naraya Swamiji, on 6th Dec. only.

## MUSLIM TEAM FETED

### Party By Globe Talkies

The Muslim Eleven, who won the Quadrangular Cricket Championship this year, and the Committee of the Islam Gymkhana were the guests of honour at a pleasant function arranged by the Management of the Globe Talkies presided over by Maulana Shaukat Ali on Wednesday evening.

At the end of speeches eulogising the victory of the Muslims for the second year in succession, Maulana Shaukat Ali presented two silver cups, one to Syed Vazir Ali, whose wise captaincy and brilliant batting performance contributed in a very large measure to the success of the team against so formidable opponents as the Hindu Eleven. The other cup was presented to Mr. Mohamed Nissar, who, Maulana Shaukat Ali, said was the "baby elephant" of the team and whose destructive performance with the ball had wrought havoc in the rival's camp. The services rendered by Mr. Jasdanwalla, the energetic Secretary of the Islam Gymkhana, were specially referred to by the Maulana who presented him with a silver casket as a token of appreciation.

Syed Vazir Ali in a neat little speech thanked the Muslim community for the wonderful way in which it had acknowledged the good work his team had done in retaining the honours for the second year after a dour struggle which will always remain as one of the most memorable incidents in his cricket career.

The members of the team and the guests were profusely garlanded and feted. The Cinema performance "Rashida" was very much appreciated by those present.

## WAZIR ALI'S TRIBUTE TO HINDUS

### Muslim Team Entertained

To meet the members of the Muslim Team the President and members of the Young Men's Muslim Association gave a lunch party at Cornaglia's on Wednesday. Covers were laid for over a hundred persons, several prominen citizens being present. Mr. M.M. Kiledar, President of the Y.M.M.A., proposing the Toast of the team congratulated the team and its Captain on their magnificent success. Lieut. Wazir Ali Captain of the team replying said that he never played a match for the sake of winning but for the pleasure of playing a good game. The Hindu team played the match in a true sportsman's spirit and he was glad a spirit of true harmony and comradeship prevailed between the two teams.

## Memon Merchants' Party To Muslim Team

Under the auspices of the Memon merchants of Cutlery Bazar a party will be given to the members of the Muslim team who have won the Championship in the Quadrangular Tournament at 9-30 p.m. to-night at the Memon Jamiat Khana in Abdur Rahman Street Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi presiding.

## FATAL STAB WOUND

### No Arrest Yet Made

A middle aged Mahomedan with a stab wound on his chest was picked by a Police Constable on patrol duty at the junction of Nishanpada and Tandel Cross Lane on Wednesday afternoon. Before he could be admitted to the hospital, the unfortunate man expired in the Victoria.

It appears that at about 2-30 p.m. shouts of "murder" attracted the attention of a police constable on patrol duty at the Junction of Nishanpada Road. On arriving at the spot he found Allarakia Alias aged 45, lying in a pool of blood on the road. He had a stab wound on his chest and the constable hailed a Victoria and removed the man to the Hospital.

Before he arrived at the Hospital he died.

The Dongre police took up the case and at midnight no arrests in connection with this crime was reported.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT

An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 1750 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 0h. 9 mts. (I.S.T.) on Wednesday, November 27.

VICEROY'S 'QUAKE FUND

The grand total of the Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund donations upto November 21 is £7/6, Rs. 44,92,160-10-0.

## MAYOR'S 'QUAKE FUND

### Accounts Of Lucky Programmes And Entertainment

The Chairman of the Concert Committee writes:—

Statement of audited accounts Income and Expenditure from 19th July, 1935 to 25th September, 1935 in connection with the Variety Entertainment in aid of the Mayor's Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund at the Regal Theatre on August 30th and the Lucky Number Programmes:—

Sale of Lucky Programmes 35,000, Less: Prize Money for 35 Winning Numbers 8,470: 26,530; Sale of Concert Tickets 5,443, Donations 3,443, Advertisement Receipts 1,975, Sales of Programmes 355, Total Rs. 37,746.

Advertisement Charges 423-12, Printing and Stationery 3/5, Coolie Charges 39, Postage 10, Balance being excess of Income over Expenditure 36,898-4. Total Rs 37,746

Owing to some prizes being unclaimed and additional donations being received from Prize winners, the total contribution from proceeds of Variety Entertainment at Regal Theatre and Lucky Numbered Programmes was eventually Rs. 37,588/4.

## LATE Mr. A. R. DIMTIMKER

### Schools' Committee's Condolence

The Municipal Schools' Committee adjourned its meeting on Wednesday without transacting any business in respect to the memory of late Mr. A. R. Dimtimkar who was a member of the Schools' Committee for about seven years and also its Chairman for the year 1931-32.

Dr. K. J. J. Curseţji, the Chairman of the Schools' Committee, in referring to the sad death of the late Mr. A. R. Dimtimkar said that he took great pains in visiting the Urdu Schools and submitting his suggestions for the improvement of Muslim education in the City in particular.

The Chairman also referred to the convenient practice initiated by his late colleague in holding weekly meetings on the lines of the Standing Committee and to the system of having permanent subcommittees of the Schools' Committee.

Glowing tributes were also paid by other members of the Committee to their late colleague.

### To "D" Ward Voters

Mr. M. R. Masani writes:—

Will you, through your columns, let me say a word to my constituents in the "D" Ward who were good enough to return me to the Bombay Municipal Corporation

Owing to my being sent abroad on political work by the Congress Socialist Party I have not been able to attend to my duties as a Councillor of the Corporation for the past five months.

Now that I am back, however, I hope to be of service to my constituents and I shall be glad if any resident of the "D" ward who has any complaint or suggestions to make regarding the Municipality will see me or write to me in that connection. I shall be available for that purpose at 60-A, Hughes Road, (1st floor), every morning between 9 and 10 a.m.

### Benefit Perfomance For Baby Welfare

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDNAGAR, Nov. 26.

On the 25th inst. the proprietors of the Mohan Cinema gave the contributions of 'Deshdasi' in aid of the Baby Welfare Association here.

The Annual Health Report of Ahmednagar City for the year 1934-35 shows infantile mortality of children under one year as 169 per 1000. Mrs. J. Dhalwani, wife of a nominated Municipal Councillor, has been rendering honorary service by attending labour cases of poor women. Mr. E. W. Trotman one time Collector of Ahmednagar had given all the equipment for labour cases to Mrs. Dhalwani at his cost.

### For A. I Economic Conference At Dacca

CHIDAMBARAM, Nov. 25.

The Annamalai University has deputed Dr. B. V. Narayanaswamy Naidu, Professor of Economics, and Dean of Arts, and Mr. M. K. Muniswamy, Lecturer in Economics, as delegates to the 19th All-India Economic Conference to be held at Dacca from January 2nd to 4th. Mr. Monarharlal, Ex-Minister, the Punjab, will preside over the Conference.

Dr. Naidu, Ex-Secretary of the All-India Economic Conference, will read a paper on Land Tenures in South India."

Mr. Muniswamy will present a paper on the "Financial Feature of the Indian Federation."—A. P.

Wadhwan—The expansion of litigation has been so rapid since a decade that the authorities in the Agency were forced to create a new post of a civil sub-judge.

# In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

### Birth Control Opinions

Interesting opinions were expressed at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall, on Tuesday evening, by a few doctors, who offered welcome to Mrs. Margaret Sanger. Dr. Erulkar, speaking with all the authority the medical profession and his wide experience had given him, asserted that whatever the theory of continence might be, as far as practice was concerned, continence for normal, virile healthy people was not, to say the least, desirable. Mrs. Sanger agreeing with Dr. Erulkar's view explained that she said in her lecture, that continence "could" be observed by those who found it suitable And no one should try to impose it on others.

Another issue which appeared somewhat strange and to which Mrs. Sanger found little difficulty to reply, was raised by a lady doctor who remarked: "For spacing pregnancies we believe that contraceptive measures should be adopted, only after women have had one or two children, other-wise they may regret in after life for often women do not get children when they desire." It is for this reason that we believe that the knowledge should be imparted to those who are legitimately entitled to it."

### What Society Should Aim At

This remark evoked a reply from Mrs. Sanger, which left no doubt as to what exactly "Birth Control" meant. It was nothing more nor than "Control of Birth". It did not give room for any considerations of having one child or two children, as suggested. It all depended on the parents, their health and economic abilities to support the children. And earlier in the speech, Mrs. Sanger, of course, referred to the conditions in which she would not hesitate to stop or completely check all births and would even enforce sterilisation, if need be.

The suggestion made by Sir Nasarvanji Choksey that the term Birth Control was often misused and a better term would be "Birth Regulation," was also ruled out by the speaker on the same ground, that what the future Society ought to aim at, was not a regulation of birth, but its complete control. One would perhaps be correct if one said that Birth Control ought to be adopted to regulate population!

## WOMAN MURDERED IN THANA DIST.

(From Our Correspondent).
THANA: Nov. 27.

Mr. J.H. Hammond, the Deputy Superintendent of Police, Thana, is investigating a case of murder of a Christian woman.

She was killed by some one at about 9 p.m. on November 24 last, by cutting her throat. She was living with her husband Daniel Pawaloo Damel in Bharbhat village, near Uttan in the Thana Mahal.

The complainant in this case is Elis Jav Soz, the Police Patil of Uttan. The motive for the crime is not known. The culprit is not traced so far.

## LANCASHIRE DELEGATION

### Sir Joseph Kay's Dinner

To meet the Lancashire Delegation, Sir Joseph Kay, Chairman of the Mill-owners' Association is giving a dinner at the Willingdon Sports Club on Monday next

A memorial on behalf of the Muslims of Kurla was presented to the Governor requesting His Excellency to "order the Municipality to give effect to the resolution passed regarding free water supply to all public and religious places."

## SANTA CRUZ PUBLIC DEMAND

### Adequate Representation On Bandra Borough Municipal Board

A public meeting of the citizens of Santa-Cruz was held under the auspices of the Santa-Cruz Resident's Association on Sunday at the bungalow of Sheth Anandilal Podar. Mr. Ramdeo Anandilal Podar presiding.

The President while giving the reasons for calling the meeting remarked that although Santa-Cruz was amalgamated with Bandra in spite of protests from the citizens he was gratified at the election of one of their representatives Mr. J. K. Mehta as Vice President of the Bandra Borough Municipal Board.

Resolutions were passed demanding adequate representation to Santa-Cruz on the Bandra Borough Municipal Board that it should have no less than 14 seats for the present; that early steps be taken to transfer the control of the water supply from the Public Works Department to the Bandra Municipality and that the charges for water be the same as those levied in Bandra proper; that a well-conducted and laid-out drainage scheme should be drawn and the name and style of the said Municipality should be changed to "Bandra Santa-Cruz Borough Municipality."


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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1935

# GOVERNMENT'S DUTY

In introducing the new anti-gambling Bill in the Legislative Council the Home Member quoted some startling figures about the extent of gambling in Bombay City. During the last three years the City Police carried out 1,541 raids and arrested 8 504 persons, of whom 5,666 were convicted. Considering that for one gaming place raided there are probably a hundred untouched by the police, these are tell-tale figures. The large difference between the number of persons arrested and of those convicted suggests either that the arrests were not discriminating enough or that sufficient evidence was not available to secure conviction. In any case the proper solution of the difficulty is not to give the police powers for more indiscriminate arrests nor to presume the guilt of the arrested men and put on them the onus of proving the contrary, as is done by the present Bill.

### *Official Amendments*

Government themselves seem to have realised, as a result of public criticism, that their Bill, as at present drafted, is a little too drastic. For they have already tabled some amendments of their own and have at the very outset expressed their willingness to refer the Bill to a Select Committee. Some of the amendments slightly restrict the police officers' powers to carry out a raid. One such amendment makes it necessary for the officer concerned to obtain a Special Warrant from a First Class Magistrate or the District Superintendent or Assistant or Deputy Superintendent. Another amendment about the issue of special warrants provides that "no officer shall be so authorised by special warrants unless the Commissioner of Police, Magistrate, or District, Assistant or Deputy Superintendent of Police concerned is satisfied, upon any complaint made before him on oath and upon making such inquiry as he may think necessary, that there are good grounds to suspect the same house, room or place to be used as a common gaming house." This is an important safeguard which exists in the present Act but which was omitted in the draft Bill. One of the official amendments is rather ambiguous and capable of a meaning which is not at all reassuring. It provides that the officer carrying out a raid must be "empowered by name by an order in writing or authorised by a Special Warrant issued by the Commissioner of Police." Now, it is clear that a special warrant is necessary for every raid or set of raids. But it is not clear whether the alternative of an order in writing is meant to be more or less permanent and a sort of delegation of powers. If it is so meant, the amendment is no improvement at all.

### *Objectionable Features*

Though the official amendments on the whole make the Bill a little less objectionable than the original draft, they do not make the provisions to which we referred yesterday acceptable, because they are fundamentally bad, giving as they do to the Executive powers which must only be exercised by the judiciary. They have been severely criticised in the Legislative Council. Of special importance is Dewan Bahadur D. Patil's criticism of that mischievous feature of the Bill which creates a presumption of guilt against a suspect and imposes upon him the onus of proving the contrary. The general criticism of the Bill in the Council was that a new law was not necessary and that in any case the powers it vested in police officers were too wide. As the Bill has gone to the Select Committee, it will, we hope, be stripped there of all its objectionable features. It is also desirable to restrict the operation of the Bill to one year, as required by Mr. L. R. Tairsee's amendment. As Sir Rafiuddin Ahmed pointed out, if in special circumstances and emergencies, powers are granted to the Executive, the period of such powers must be restricted. Government themselves will do well to accept all such amendments as are calculated to make the Bill less drastic and otherwise to reassure the public. They will then get more support from the public in combating gambling. And be it always remembered that the police can never effectively check the evil without public co-operation.

# Egypt And Britain

So they have not been able to suppress the indignation that has been aroused in Egypt against Britain and the Egyptian Government. That the "revolt" is of a completely National character is evident from the fact that the Wafdist leaders, the leaders, in fact, of the Nation, are supported even by a "Liberal" like Mahomed Mahmood Pasha who has denounced British equivocations and real intentions in no uncertain terms. The character of the "revolt" is now formally admitted so much so that a semi-official organ has declared that Nessim Pasha will be unable to remain in office unless the British Government do something as soon as possible to clarify their attitude towards the constitutional question. The same suggestion is hinted by a more or less inspired Reuter's message to the effect that "political parties are generally awaiting a reassuring word from Great Britain." It seems that as a result of conversations between Nessim Pasha and Sir Miles Lampson, the ground is being prepared for a "generally" favourable reception of a few "reassuring" words from Sir Samuel Hoare. But the Egyptians would be well advised not to be deceived by merely vague and fair words.

# The French Crisis

The French Chamber meets today in an atmosphere tense with gravity and surcharged with a crisis on which may well depend the whole future of the democratic republican regime. M. Laval has made a last minute dramatic appeal and M. Herriot has declared his determination to support him in an equally dramatic manner. But it is rather significant that M. Laval should avoid any reference to the Fascist menace and to the demand of the "Left" to suppress the Fascist organisations. That their suppression is urgently justified is evident from the fact that the Fascists intend to repeat the history of the famous march of Signor Mussolini and to overthrow the present regime in France by force. Yet M. Herriot is determined to stand by M. Laval! It is really surprising that a democrat like Herriot should risk violence, bloodshed and even the whole constitutional basis of the republic inspite of the Socialists' offer to participate in a "popular front" Government.

# *NEGUS, THE KING OF KINGS*

## *Haile Selassie*

**(By Dr. SASSARD, Sometimes Special Physician to His Majesty the Emperor Haile Selasie).**

II.

The Imperial family is very united. Her Majesty, the Queen Empress does not seem to occupy her mind with state affairs. In fact, she lives a secluded life among her own companions. Her requests to the Emperor are very rare and her wish is, therefore, never denied.

From the children that she has given to the Negus, only the sons really count. The daughters were married long ago, although with considerable care, given for the sake of political unity, wealth, happiness and tranquillity of the Empire. One seldom hears of them, their role being terminated on the day when by their respective marriages, they bring peace to any particular portion of their father's territory.

**His Sons.**

The attention of the public is therefore directed on the Emperor's two sons. The elder of these, the heir-apparent, is about twenty-five years old. He lives far away from the capital, surrounded by spies and prevented from any initiative that he might otherwise take. Grouped around him are a certain number of people, who discontented with the actual authorities, prefer to stake all on future hopes . . . . .

Prince Makonnen who is younger, is only twelve summers old. He is the object of all paternal indulgence. We have seen him assisting at the audiences, court tribunals, official dinners and the reviews. His father recently entrusted him with the province of Harrar, the same that he himself used to govern in his early days . .

It would be vain to study the character of the Emperor Haile Selassie. Too many elements come in here to falsify our judgment and to prevent us from forming any definite opinion.

There are certain traits of character however, that stand predominant in him. We should study them individually and be careful not to draw any conclusion.

**Moral Values.**

We must admit, first of all, his great merit of having given a prestige to moral values in his country. In regions where physical force alone mattered, there are respected to-day, courage, work, and persistence . . . .

If there is one point in which His Majesty totally differs from his subjects, that is his curiosity of spirit.

Even the cultured Ethiopians interest themselves but little in different European inventions and apparatuses.

On the other hand the Emperor is very much keen on all kinds of novelties and immediately envisages possibilities of utilizing them for his country. This desire for improving the country may not really bear any fruit but yet the very fact that it is there, is in itself, a great thing.

To an impartial observer, who looks for things as they are, the Negus appears merciful or cruel as the case may be. He is benevolent to the poor and the weak, while often he never pardons. In many cases he sacrifices his goodness for the sake of justice or for the superior interests of his state.

Above all the Emperor loves his people, and thinks that he has been appointed by God to improve their earthly existence.

The Ethiopian people love and respect the master that God has given them but they always like to see him, touch him and talk with him. Hence the little popularity that the Negus has among his subjects. No doubt, he knows how to live according to the customs of his country, take a stone on his shoulder and march with his subjects for the construction of a new road. But he keeps in all these manifestations a dignity and even a majesty, which acts as a break to popular enthusiasm. The good Ethiopian people adored Menelik who never hesitated to sit on a stone on the road side and there and then give justice to his people. Menelik was besides a great warrior whose name still makes the heads of all incline in awe and reverence. The terrible Lidj Yassou was himself also loved for his commanding presence, courage, force and cruelty. People respect, but love less, this man who quickly runs away from the streets of his capital in a carriage and is so difficult to approach and above all who is not a warrior.

There is no doubt that if it was necessary the Negus would himself lead the army and go to the front, to be killed bravely, but he shall never be a conductor of men, as were his predecessors. The Emperor himself knows it only too well and the realisation pains him considerably. It is probable that Europe reproaches him rightly. The complaints made against his country at the time of admission in the League are

(Continued on page 10, col. 5.)

# COLOUR COMPLEX

## Need For An Indian Seamen's Club In London

By DHARAM YESH DEV.

The Negro Welfare Society and the Coloured People's Association are now beginning to work among the negro population in the East End. About two years ago the Indian Social Club under the guidance of its farsighted chairman, Mr. David Erulkar, of the Scindia Steamship Company, has made a very laudable beginning. From the Club funds as well as from donations collected of about £25, an annual entertainment is given to the poor Indians with their families in Poplar Town Hall on the Diwali day. This only means a contact once a year; however it has served as a very useful example. At the first Diwali function in 1933, the members of the Indian Social Club were themselves so pleased and satisfied that they had done some good work that they decided and held a more successful gathering last Diwali in 1934. At this gathering the men who enjoyed the hospitality themselves discovered that there was considerable advantage in Unity and Brotherhood and with the guidance of some energetic Indian students, they agreed to start in the East End of London a Club of their own which they called the Hindustani Social Club. The poor members pay only a nominal subscription of one penny a month and they are holding a social gathering once every month. Of course the penny subscription cannot supply the required expenditure on each monthly gathering but some kind-hearted Indian women are coming forward to pay the expenses of such gatherings month after month. All this is grand, arousing a kind of national consciousness among the Indians in London and may at last lead to some useful and permanent work.

### *Wanted—A Club*

Lady Manubhai Mehta and her daughter Mrs. Raiji, who are well known for their social welfare work in Bombay, also attended the last gathering of the Hindustani Social Club, and they may do something for securing better assistance for these institutions. At this last month's social gathering several educated Indians attended by special invitation and about nine of them have agreed to form an advisory committee who will give necessary guidance to the new Club and could raise the required funds, if of course the well-to-do Indians begin to realise their duty in such matters. A Parsee doctor has kindly agreed to give free use of one room in his office in East-End where an office can be opened to hear the grievances of the Indian population of the East-End. All this work will still remain spasmodic and what is absolutely necessary is a regular club house for Indians in the East-End under the supervision of an intelligent Indian caretaker. This would mean an expenditure of about £200 annually. When one goes to the East-End of London or for that matter any large seaport town like Glasgow, Liverpool etc. one finds very many institutions for British seamen, not only clubs and Trade Union offices but even baths, reading-rooms, educational classes and lecture rooms etc. For the whole of Great Britain there is the King George's Fund for seamen which amounts to nearly a million pounds and which distributes about £50,000 every year for various needs of the organisations of these individuals. Then in all British ports there are the Sailors, Societies, Lifeboat Workers' organisations etc. The annual funds and donations collected and spent by these associations would easily be a quarter of a million pounds or 20 lakhs of Rupees.

### *The Difference*

Indians who travel here just see these things but they do not consider how they are brought about. These things exist here and British seamen get all these advantages because all their Royal Princes, their learned priests, their titled peers and peeresses, all the chairmen and rich directors of rich companies, take an interest in these men, form committees, contribute and collect enormous funds and spend them on their own people.

### *Lack Of Organization*

Our educated Indians in London do not open their eyes and do not do their best towards their countrymen in a similar manner. That is the pity of it. Sir Frederick Sykes, ex-Governor of Bombay, is himself principal treasurer of one of these funds and in theory he has declared himself in favour of giving the benefit of his fund for the welfare of the coloured seamen, but there is no authoritative Indian organisation which can co-operate with such a committee and secure advantages for Indians. King George's Fund is also in theory of a cosmopolitan nature and they have explained to the Secretary of the League against Imperialism that they are out to give financial assistance to any proper organisation's committee who are doing any good work for employed or unemployed seamen. There were certain special Indian Lascars Funds and there was also the Asiatic Seamen's Fund, which is now closed down. There has been no weighty committee of Indians to take up these matters and to demand to take charge of these funds and new institutions.

### *The Tragedy*

Our tragedy becomes all the more complete when one realizes that in Bombay which is India's first and largest harbour, a sailor's home has been built from the gift of the predecessors of the present Gaekwar of Baroda and that in its upkeep money from Bombay taxpayers money is used and yet this Sailors' Home is reserved for British sailors only. What British Princes and commercial mag-

(Continued on Page 5)

# Frankly Speaking

**ATTLEE'S ELECTION.**

The election of Major Attlee as the permanent leader of the Parliamentary Labour Party in the British House of Commons would cause something of a surprise to students of British Parliamentary politics. Major Attlee rose to the Deputy Leadership because there was no other "Front Bencher" to support Mr. Lansbury in the last Parliament. On Mr. Lansbury's resignation he automatically became Leader to act as a stop-gap during the pendency of the last Parliament. After the General Election it was taken for granted that the choice will lie between Mr. Herbert Morrison and Arthur Greenwood. It seems, as if, characteristically enough, the Labour Party has followed the line of least resistance and appointed Major Attlee instead of choosing between Messrs. Greenwood and Morrison. Anyway, the choice will not do much harm to a party which has neither will nor principle. In fact, Major Attlee eminently suits the present Labour Party. The Election of Sir Archibald Sinclair as the "Liberal" leader was only to be expected. But it shows that the Lloyd Georgians and the Samuelites are as far apart as ever.

**A BOON IN INDIA**

The great possibilities of the Birth Control movement in India were eloquently set forth by Mrs. Sanger in her first lecture on the subject in this country on Tuesday. In a country where the people suffer from appalling poverty and all the evils springing from it and yet multiply fast, where infantile mortality is frightfully high and so is women's mortality owing to premature or excessive child-birth, Birth Control is nothing less than a providential boon. But the enthusiasm which Mrs. Sanger inspires for the mission is chilled at the thought that there is still so much prejudice against it even among the educated. However, let those who have faith in the cause—fortunately they are many enough for inaugurating a crusade against prejudice and ignorance—forge ahead with the zeal and fervour that has marked Mrs. Sanger's campaign. And it will not be long before an unexpected measure of success will attend their efforts despite the Himalayan prejudices against their efforts.

**THE RIGHT LEAD**

Mian Ferozuddin Ahmad who was interned in connection with the Shahidgunj movement, and has just been released, deserves praise and congratulations on the interview that he has given at Lahore. The Muslim leader strongly condemned civil war involving murder of innocent persons and the equally fatal economic boycott movement. He has also declared his intention to do his utmost to bring communal struggles and bickerings to an end. We sincerely wish Mian Ferozuddin Ahmad success in the noble task that he is going to set himself. His is a lead for Muslims to follow and a gesture for Hindus and Sikhs to respond to.

**A NEW MILITARY SCHOOL**

With regard to Dr. Moonje's appeal for support to the proposed military school to be started by the Hindu Military Education Society, we would like him to make it clear whether the school is open only to Hindus or to all Indians. We strongly disapprove of communal educational institutions, but one of the redeeming features of bodies like Aligarh Muslim University and the Benares Hindu University is that they are both open to students of all creeds, however restricted their management may be. We trust the Military school likewise will be open to students of all communities. We would, however, like that point to be made quite clear. Dr. Moonjee finds it necessary to say in his appeal that the school will attempt "to infuse British virtues." We do not know if the British have the monopoly of any virtues. However, whatever may be the tendencies of the British in India, we do not think that communalism is part of British character in Britain.

**UNFAIR PROPOSAL.**

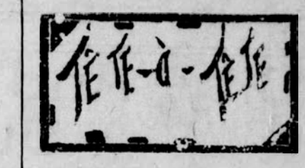
The Bombay Municipal Corporation has done well to protest against the proposal of the Governor's Hospital Fund Committee to modify the object of the Fund so as to permit the use of the income from the Fund for the payment of the cost of the upkeep of beds already provided. Such a modification is clearly against the primary object of increasing the number of beds in the city. The public subscribed generously to the Fund in the hope of a speedy increase in the number of beds and not for the mere upkeep of the existing ones. It is not, therefore, fair to modify now the original object of the Fund as proposed, as such modification is sure to weaken, the stimulus for increasing the number of beds. It is also much to be doubted whether the proposed alteration is awful and the Corporation should not hesitate to refer the matter to a court of law if it is found necessary to do so.

**NOTHING DOING .**

Replying to a question by Mr. L.R. Tairsee in the Legislative Council, whether Government intended to undertake an inquiry for economic and industrial planning in the near future, the Minister stated that Government had no such intention. The question was, perhaps, superfluous, for though Bombay has great industrial possibilities the local Government have been indifferent in the matter all these years. And the Department of Industries has but a nominal existence with poor funds at its disposal and, therefore, with little capacity to enlist non-official co-operation. To show that the Department was alive the Minister stated that it had made some surveys of certain industries and that its recommendations "had been carried out as far as possible". Evidently, the results have not been encouraging enough to induce Government to undertake a systematic plan as suggested by Mr. Tairsee.

**WHY THIS DELAY?**

It is intriguing that no decision has yet been arrived at regarding the contract for constructing the new Howrah Bridge. According to an Associated Press message from Calcutta, the authorities are considering whether purely on merits and from considerations of economy the official design or that submitted by Mr. Ralph Freeman on behalf of the Indian combine should be accepted. It is stated on behalf of the latter that a saving in cost to the extent of Rs. 40 lakhs will be possible. Mr. Ralph Freeman, it may be noted, is the designer of the famous Sydney Harbour Bridge. When his design is accepted by the Indian combine and has the added merit of effecting a handsome saving one cannot help wondering why it has not yet been accepted by the authorities in preference to that submitted by British engineers.



**Not Surprising!**

"No surprises are contained in the Indian eleven chosen to meet the Australians . . . . . ."

—Bori Bunder.

"The All-India team chosen to meet the Maharaja of Patiala's team of Australian cricketers . . . . contains not a few surprises."

—Bori Bunder Minor.

Rather a good way of keeping in with all. What?

* * * *

Mr. Baldwin, says a report, is determined to have Mr. Ramsay MacDonald in the Cabinet and as there is no chance of his getting in the Commons he will be made a peer to be able to sit in the House of Lords.

Poor House of Lords! This would be adding insult to the grave injury inflicted by Asquith.

* * * *

But before insulting the Lords, Mr. Baldwin—true Tory that he is—proposes to insult Labour. He is reported by our correspondent to be negotiating with Mr. Attlee to persuade Labour to withdraw opposition to Mr. MacDonald in the Scottish Universities by-election.

In a state of desperation one sometimes does things that are in even much worse taste.

* * * *

A rainbow was recently observed near London at night.

Next they will be seeing stars in the day. Vote for the National Government.

* * * *

"The moves on the international chess-board," says a writer, "have been very confusing this week."

At the expense of the pawns, as usual.

* * * *

**BERAR UNDER REFORMS**
—Headline.

Good Heavens! And Quetta is still under the debris.

* * * *

A correspondent complains that gambling goes on right on the door-step of the Corporation Building.

He ought to be thankful it hasn't crossed the threshold.

* * * *

"Italy's note of protest to the Powers," says the London correspondent of a confrere, "has added one more document, full of specious and hypocritical arguments, to the large collection."

Notwithstanding that we Indians are still prepared to match our own little collection of such documents against the best in the world.

* * * *

"The British people," says a European writer in the "Statesman," "are an essentially practical people, action and not words being their motto."

There spake a truthful man and no wonder he signs himself as "A Spade Is A Spade!"

Verily Britons are men of action. And as for words—they believe in throwing them to the wind.

* * * *

**German Faces Grave Charges**
—Headline.

No, Herr Hitler was born in Austria.

* * * *

"This is now an appropriate time to marshal public opinion," says a correspondent in a Calcutta paper, "and approach the Government to lend its support for banning Indian women from enlistment as hopeful film stars."

Seems he is only partial to hopeless film stars.

And if he wishes to approach the Government what need is there of marshalling public opinion?

It would be both foolish and futile on the part of this correspondent. But probably he can't help it.

* * * *

Our Misleading Headlines:—

**LIBERALS' RANKS SWELL**

* * * *

Artist: "There's my latest painting, old man. Now, what do you suggest I should call it?"

"Well—er—let me see. How about labelling it 'Home'?"

"But why 'Home'?"

"Because there's no place like it."

# Italians Forced To Abandon Their Gains

## WITHDRAW TO SOUTH OF WALWAL?

## Abyssinians Concentrate On Pursuit

LONDON, November 27.

Activity at the war front at present is confined to south where the Abyssinians claim that the retreating Italians have abandoned Anele, Gherlogubi and Gorahai.

Operations in the north are practically at a standstill, pending the arrival of General Badoglio who is due at Massawa on November 27.

An Addis Ababa message states that General Nasibu who is in command at Jijiga has telephoned to the Emperor that incoming couriers report that the Italians have withdrawn to the south of Walwal.

The Abyssinians who are concentrating on pursuit have not yet re-occupied Gorahai, and Gherlogubi.

—Reuter.

Italian troops are reported to be retreating from Makale to Adigrat.

### FORBIDDEN ITALIAN FLYING ZONES

(Special Cable.)

ROME, November 26.

Four new areas of Italy and her colonies are added to the zones forbidden to aircraft by an official decree published this evening, namely, the City of Rome, the Port of Tobruk in Libya, Straits of Messina and Ports Syracusa and Augusta.

The Italian civil aircraft flying between Brindisi and Alexandria is authorised to land at Tobruk when it is unavoidably necessary.

Aircraft which is compelled to pass over the Straits of Messina must fly along the centre of the Straits keeping as high as possible, and in no case below 300 feet.

### BELGIAN REPLY TO ITALIAN NOTE

BRUSSELS, Nov 26.

The Belgian reply to the Italian note on sanctions is published on similar lines of British and French.

It concludes that the emphasised execution of prescribed measures has not been inspired by any unfriendly feeling, and hoping for early peace.—Reuter

### INDIAN COMPANIES ACT

#### Govt. To Consult Advisory Committee Of Business Interests

NEW DELHI, Nov. 27.

The "United Press" understands that the Government of India have come to a decision as to the changes to be made in the report submitted by Mr. S. C. Sen, Special Officer, appointed to suggest amendments to the Indian Companies Act.

But before the changes are finally incorporated in the Amending Bill, the Government of India, it is understood, will consult a small Advisory Committee consisting mainly of the representatives of the mercantile community. The Committee is expected to sit and finish the examination of the provisional changes before the end of January and the Bill incorporating the suggested changes would be introduced at the Simla Session of the Assembly.

It is further understood that the report of the Indian Insurance Act has been submitted to the Government by the Special Officer Mr. Sen, but the Government do not propose to take any action on the report until they have finished with the Amending Bill relating to the Indian Companies Act. —United Press.

### *STABBED SIKH OPERATED*

#### *Move For Adjournment In Punjab Council*

LAHORE Nov. 27.

Enquiries made in the hospital show that Jiwan S'ngh, who was stabbed yesterday, was successfully operated upon last night. He stood the strain of the operation, and is reported to be better now, though not out of danger yet.

It is understood that the Sikh Members of the Punjab Legislative Council are contemplating to move an adjournment motion in the Council to-morrow to discuss the situation arising out of the assault made on Jiwan S'ngh last night. All Sikh Members are meeting to-morrow to decide as regard the adjournment motion. —United Press.

### American Shipping Lines' Decision

(Continued from page 1.)

terranean and the banned cargoes are fuel-oil, scrap iron, steel, lorries, tractors and copper, but not cotton.—Reuter.

### SANCTIONS GATHER STRENGTH

#### Nations Respond To League's Decision

GENEVA, Nov. 27.

Thirty-seven States have informed the League that they are already applying boycott to Italian exports, while six others are preparing to enforce this sanction.

The embargo on the export of key raw materials to Italy has been applied by 38 States. Five others are preparing to apply it.

The arms embargo has been applied by 47 States, while the financial Sanction is enforced by 43 States and four are preparing to take action.—Reuter.

### EGYPT APPLIES SANCTIONS

CAIRO, Nov. 27.

The Council of Ministers has passed a decree applying sanctions against Italy including a ban on all imports from Italy and all exports of raw materials except cotton to Italy.—Reuter.

# LABOUR GETS INTO POWER

#### Emergence Of New Democrats In New Zealand And Its Sequel

WELLINGTON, Nov. 27. (LATER).

The National Government was defeated in the general election to-day, Labour gaining power for the first time in New Zealand. It not only held its former seats but captured many Government strongholds, among the vanquished being the Minister for Health, Sir Alexander Young. The Government which has been a Liberal Conservative Coalition since the 1931 election was defeated largely owing to the incursion of the New Democratic Party candidates who split the Government vote without securing a single success hitherto.

The latest state of parties: Labour 48; Government 17; Independents 8. Results still outstanding seven.—Reuter.

### *JAPANESE CREW STRIKE WORK*

#### *Sequel To Home Instructions For Reduction Of Wages*

KARACHI, Nov. 27.

Following the report of the strike by the crew of the Japanese vessel "Italy Maru" from Colombo, the crew of another Japanese freighter "Holland Maru" which has been loading salt in the Keamari harbour during the last few days, it is understood, has gone on strike with the result that loading work has been brought to a standstill. "Holland Maru's" cargo is destined for Calcutta. The vessel was scheduled to depart in a few days.

The strike, it is believed is a sequel to a cable from Japan advising reduction in wage rates.—A.P.

### *NO CHANGE IN IRAQ SITUATION*

NEW DELHI, Nov. 27.

No further information about the situation in Iraq has uptil now been received here. The officials here do not seem to have received any communication to the effect that fresh notices of the "quit order" have been served on some Indians since the British Consul at Basrah succeeded in getting cancelled or postponed the orders of deportation previously passed by the Iraq Government.

The despatch of Sir Archibald Clarllerr, which is expected to clarify the position, is still being awaited.—United Press.

# 600 Radicals Arrested?

## *PRESS CENSORSHIP TO BE ESTABLISHED*

RIO DE JANEIRO, Nov. 27.

Pernambuco is mainly in the hands of Government troops but the city of Natal and most of the State of Rio Grande Donorte is still completely controlled by the rebels.

Brazilian cruisers "Hahis" and "Rio Grande Dosul" are racing nothwards from Rio de Janeiro to-day. They will bombard the city immediately, as it is believed that an effective blow at the centre of the Communist revolt will quickly bring the fighting to an end.

It is reported that 600 Radicals were arrested at Rio De Janeiro, where the police and troops are prepared for all eventualities. The city remains calm and the Government is establishing press censorship today.—Reuter.

### *"GUARDIAN'S" TRIBUTE TO RETIRING C.-IN-C.*

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Sir Philip Chetwode's term as Commander-in-Chief of India has been a period of great military importance says the "Manchester Guardian."

The Army in India owes to Sir Philip the first Indian Officer Cadet Training College upon the Sandhurst Model. The retiring Commander-in-Chief's interest in Indian Officers is shown in one of the last orders promulgated by him wherein he places British Indian Officers upon an equality in the ratio of their commissioned rank.

### *Grand Cross For Buccleuch*

LONDON, Nov. 27.

The King has conferred the Grand Cross of the Victorian Order on the Duke of Buccleuch, brother of the Duchess of Gloucester.—Reuter.

SAN PEDROS (California), Nov. 26.

A ship "The Whaler" with forty men aboard is reported to be sinking near the Santa Barbara Island, some forty miles from South California coast. Two coastguards cutters are rushing to assist.—Reuter.

# PEERAGE FOR MACDONALD?

#### Baldwin Out To Include Ex-Premier In His Cabinet

(From Our Correspondent).

London: Nov. 27.

Sympathisers have warned the Premier that Mr. Ramsay MacDonald stands no chance in the forthcoming bye-election for a seat fallen vacant by the death of the Under-Secretary for Scotland.

It is believed that Mr. Baldwin is negotiating with Major C. R. Attlee to persuade Labour to withdraw opposition to Mr. MacDonald.

If Labour is adamant, Mr. MacDonald will be reluctantly forced to accept Peerage to enable the Premier to include him in the Cabinet.

### *EX-GERMAN MINISTER DEAD*

PEIPING, Nov. 27.

Death has occurred of Dr. Friedrich Rosen, who served the German Diplomatic Service at Teheran, Baghdad, and Jerusalem, and led a Trade Delegation to Menelik of Abyssinia in 1905, and was Minister at Hague during wartime and German Foreign Minister in 1921.—Reuter

(Continued from Col. 7).

the Provincial Working Committee appointing me member-in-charge of this department and entrusting me with powers to administer the fund which then stood at Rs. 19,000.

I was in charge from 15th June 1923 till 9th March, 1924 when the department was taken over by Mr. E. V. Ramaswamy Naiker. The fund was in bank and earned interest. The major items spent when I was in charge were grants to Vaikom Satyagraha and Chidambaram Nandanar Mutt. In addition to the amount shown in the above extract from the auditor's report a further sum of Rs. 1,000—was granted and drawn on December 16, 1924, for the Vaikom Satyagraha from this fund and on December 17 1924, the balance of principal and interest Rs. 16,527-5-2 was transferred in the bank to the general Treasurer's account. Every item passed audit. All this could be seen even on a perusal of the successive audited annual statements and it is difficult to believe that doubts and queries have been raised in good faith.

LOAN TO "SWARAJ."

(B) About the loan of Rs. 10,000.

A loan of Rs. 10,000, it is true, was given to "Swarajya" News paper for running a Tamil edition. The Tamil Nadu Committee tried to recover the money. Mr. Prakasam pleaded that it was a grant. The matter was referred to arbitration and it was awarded that it was a loan. We were able to recover Rs. 2,000 the balance of Rs. 8,000 remained in our books unrecovered until it was finally written off recently at my instance.

The Tamil Nadu Congress Committee considered it proper to advance money to the "Swarajya" in the early days of the National struggle. Everyone knows the service that the paper has done in the cause for which we are working. When its circumstances became such as to make it impossible for it to repay the balance of the loan it was proper for us to write it off:

It is only those who have been colleagues in a great cause who can realise the pain and grief involved in the harsh proceedings we took, compelled by a sense of duty. In writing off also, I have no doubt we did no more or less than our duty.

I have exhausted every item that has anything to do with this Province in the leading articles that the "Justice" has devoted to this subject. I have attempted, and I hope I have succeeded in it, —to write with restraint.

# "C. R." Tears Justicite Charges To Shreds

## Public Is Too Familiar With Such Anti-Congress Propaganda, He Says

Mr. C. R. Rajagopalachariar writes:—

A friend drew my attention to the attacks that have recently appeared in the editorial columns of the "Justice" with reference to the Tamil Nadu Congress Committee finances.

### Familiar Propaganda

Although the public is too familiar with this kind of anti-Congress propaganda and most people know what value to attach to it, I have on the whole deemed it worth-while to take notice of the charges made and to reply.

### Lucky Chance

The allegations refer to transactions of over twelve years ago and it is lucky that I have been able to get at the old records so as to meet them.

I shall try to be as brief as possible taking the allegations one by one.

(1) "The accounts of this Committee being in the hands of two or three different persons separately, have become intricate."

The Tamil Nadu Congress Committee was the best judge as to whether its affair and moneys should be in the hands of one authority or should in some respects be departmentalised and separate accounts opened for separate purposes. It is not for one who seeks to investigate after twelve years to make it a grievance that he finds the task of faultfinding somewhat difficult. Be it remembered that our accounts have been audited and submitted to the public every year, besides being examined in the Committee itself by friends as well as very keen oppenents of the executive in charge.

TRAVELLING OF A.I.C.C. MEMBERS.

(2) The auditor writes: "Rs. 1,400 were spent in two years for travelling of A.I.C.C. Members for A.I.C.C. meetings."

I am unable to see any grounds for accusation in this. We considered it necessary that the members we elected should attend the meetings even though they were held at very distant places. Many of our members were or had been recently rendered too poor to meet such expenditure from their own resources.

In mentioning the facts the Auditor did not mean that the payments were irregular or unauthorised. The expenses were paid in accordance with the resolution of the Executive and General Bodies to pay 3rd Class railway fare by the shortest route.

I wish that every one were as economical as we were.

F. D. RECEIPTS.

(3) "Two Fixed deposits receipts one for Rs. 20,000 and one for Rs. 20,225 are produced but the transactions with the bank are not shown in the cash book or day book of the Committee."

Here too there is no fact from which any complaint arises. The receipts were produced, the money was in the Bank and the balance sheet showed them. These fixed deposits were amounts transferred from current account to fixed deposit account in the same bank. The amounts did not pass in cash through the Committee and therefore the transaction was not entered in the cash book. There is nothing whatsoever in this to warrant any insinuations. The auditor did not mean to object to anything but only explained the balance sheet.

OBVIOUS DIFFERENCE.

(4) "The amount of subscriptions collected as per register of members does not agree with the amount shown in the cash book, and the difference could not be traced."

Anyone who is conversant with the details of the Congress organisations as it then existed can see the reason for a difference like this. The roll of members enrolled every year throughout the Province was kept not in the Provincial office but in each individual sabha for its own members. The Primary Sabhas remitted to the Provincial office moneys towards quotas due to the centre from time to time. Discrepancies between the amount received at the Provincial office on any particular date for arrears and current dues and the percentage quota calculated on the reported strength of the various primary sabhas on that date must be expected. In fact, the auditor explains the reason for the discrepancy which is not quoted in the criticism.

UTTERLY BASELESS.

(5) "It is pointed out" says the "justice" editorial, "that in the accounts for the year 1922, Rs. 44,500 were shown on account of cheques which could not be cashed!"

This is intended to mean that either the Committee lost so much money by dealing with insolvents, or that the Committee issued cheques to others without an adequate bank balance. Both the insinuations are utterly baseless.

A certain number of cheques issued towards the end of any official year generally do happen to remain uncashed when accounts are closed at the end of that year. In the Provincial Committee's accounts, these amounts must be entered on the dates on which the cheques are issued.

In the Bank's books, however, the balance to the credit of the Provincial Congress Committee could not be reduced by the amount of cheques not presented to the bank for encashment within the year for any reason. There is nothing wonderful here and the language of mystery in which the comment is couched in the "Justice" leading article is mischievous. Uncashed on a date when any account is closed for audit is different from cheques which could not be cashed."

This item of reconciliation of bank balances with balances according to account will be found in almost every year and nobody with a knowledge of accountancy will find anything wrong or strange in it. Under these circumstances it is needless for me to try to trace the origin of the figure Rs. 44,500 mentioned in the criticism. The figure for uncashed cheques shown in the audited accounts for 1922 was only Rs. 740-4-7.

EARMARKED AMOUNTS.

(6) The "Justice" remarks:—

"But the most interesting paragraph in Mr. Mahajan's searching examination into the accounts of the Tilak Swaraj Fund is as follows:

'Advance of Rs. 19,000 were in the hands of Mr. C. Rajagopalachar for 3 years. Rs. 10,000 were advanced as a loan to the Swaraj Publishing Company of Sjt. Prakasam. This amount was afterwards written off.'

What has happened to these advances? Messrs. Rajagopalachari and Prakasam owe an explanation to the public as to what they did with these amounts?"

(A). First about the Rs. 19,000: The auditor's report on this matter dated Nov. 12, 1935, is this:—"Ear-marked Expenses—untouchability." Originally the amount ear-marked for this was with Mr. C. Rajagopalachar who was administering the same. This year he has transferred the balance of the money to the account of the Treasurer T. N. C. C. after spending Rs. 1,785-2-9, for which he has given a statement to the Committee. This figure has been incorporated in the Committee's books."

UNTOUCHABILITY WORK.

At my instance, the Provincial Congress Committee ear-marked a certain amount of the P. C. C. general funds for untouchability work and we obtained an equal grant from the All-India Funds for this purpose. On 15th June, 1923, a resolution was adopted by

(Continued in Col. 5).

# EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

*Inspector Wade* — *"The Silver Key"*

WADE STILL THINKS MORAN IS INNOCENT, EVEN AFTER HENNESSEY MENTIONED HIS NAME WITH HIS DYING BREATH!
IMPOSSIBLE!-MORAN'S CIGARETTE CASE WAS FOUND THERE, TOO!-
11-5
THAT MEANS MORAN'S IN LONDON!-FORGET WHAT WADE THINKS AND GET HIM!
THE DRAGNET'S OUT NOW, COMMISSIONER!
MEAN-WHILE, WADE CALLS ON A LOCK-SMITH-
YES, INSPECTOR- MISS LANE GAVE ME A WAX IMPRESSION YESTERDAY--I JUST DELIVERED THE KEY TO HER!
THAT'S ALL I WANT TO KNOW!
KEYS
© 1935, King Features Syndicate, Inc., Great Britain rights reserved.
AH!- THERE SHE IS!-NOW TO FIND OUT WHAT SHE'S GOING TO DO WITH THAT KEY!
LYMAN ANDERSON

# Quadrangular Cricket

## COMMUNAL CRICKET MUST GO

### *Our Readers' Views*

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The Quadrangular Cricket Tournament has come and gone, I think for ever. The Muslim team has retained the championship once again and the Muslim team with its able skipper Lt. Wazir Ali deserves congratulations for its well-merited victory in the Quadrangular Tournament. The spirit of communalism emanated from this tournament will remain afresh for a short time. It is difficult to understand the attitude of the Quadrangular Committee in promoting tournaments on communal basis. In a communalism-ridden country, like India such tournaments should find no place in our fields of sports, specially when the crux of the communal tangle is being solved by the patriotic and public spirited enterprises of Hindu and Muslim leaders. The communal problem is jeopardising our progress since long. A report from Surat says that communal fervour was about to reach ignition point even while hearing the radio broadcast commentary of the final match of the Quadrangular Cricket Tournaments. Will the Committee think it better to give this tournament a decent burial? The Inter-Provincial and Inter-'Varsity Tournaments can effectively help the cause of Indian cricket and can give a healthy stimulus to the growth of cricket.—Yours, etc.,

KANTILAL D. KORA.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Half of the cricket carnival is over with the most deserving success of the Mahomedans and the Muslim Team is to be heartily congratulated by all Indians.

Spectators had best enjoyed this Quadrangular tournament and were provided with all comforts but I find one most essential necessity wanting in the arrangement e.i., the presence of "urinals" for which the spectators have to go a long way off from the Maidan.

You will, Sir, agree with me that this human necessity should be first provided as enforced on all theatres, cinemas, exhibitions and other carnivals as well as at the time of Municipal Elections.

I, therefore, bring to the notice of Municipal Health Officer and Commissioner and suggest to build up temporary urinals in the maidan at short distances away from the enclosure and food stalls for the convenience and need of thousands of spectators.

These urinals should under no circumstances be permitted inside the Public Grand Stand except a few for the ladies only, as I noted the present ones have proved a great nuisance in close Mandap, however clean they are kept by the authorities.—Yours etc.,

K. K. P.

Kalyan, Nov. 27.

### Why The Yuvaraj ?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—We wonder what reasons have induced the Selectors to appoint the Yuvaraj of Patiala as the Captain of the India Eleven. It is an open secret that Naidu has the best claim of all to lead the Indians against the Australians both by reasons of his distinguished performances in the game and his unique and invaluable experience gained by long association with cricket and practical tactics. Of course, C. K. N has no royal stamp on him to give him extra-special qualifications like the Prince of Patiala. It is a lame excuse to say that the refusal of a certain player (or players) to play under Major Naidu has compelled them to put forth Patiala's name for the honour. For no real sportsman will be unwilling to join the team with the best and fittest person to lead it, and let it be understood that there is no room in the All-India Eleven for those who are no sportsmen. The team will be the better for having excluded non-sportsmen and better able to face the "Aussies". Again, one frankly feels, that the team will be stronger and sturdier if Nakhoda and Lt. Nazir Ali were invited to replace Kapadia and Palia respectively. Any one will doubtless agree that as the whole of this country is to face the Australians, we should have the best and only the best men to represent India. The team ought not to be so much representative of Indian communities as of real Indian cricket strength. Nakhoda is the only man who may be said to be a worthy successor of the great Navle, and one who is following his illustrious master's wicket-keeping tradition. Nazir Ali's sound position as an all-rounder, and a formidable one, speaks for itself. May the Selection Committee stop dreaming and come to realities and soon reconsider its decision!—Yours etc.,

DINKAR KAIKINI

### A Suggestion To E. Indian Association

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I shall deem it a great favour, if you will please make room for a few lines in the interests of the hapless East Indian Catholic community for permitting me to invite the attention of the Bombay East Indian Association which purports to represent it (1) to the great need there is of convents, agricultural, industrial and high school and religious teaching orders in the regions bereft of them; (2) to the absence of a diocesan seminary, (3) to the drainage of the funds of certain churches into Zaroli, (4) to the Cathedral incumbency being given away to a priest of a foreign nationality and (5) to undemocratic, retrogade and arbitrary Rules for the administration of parish funds and properties, reducing the laity to mere goods and chattels and machines for yielding revenues to bishops and priests whose fees and emoluments have long since been greatly raised and which the poor and ignorant, who are fond of religious ceremonials and observances have to pay through the nose. The Association would prove its usefulness and enhance its prestige by giving proofs of its activities in concrete forms. If the Association cannot make efforts to right the wrongs and grievances of the people, what is it for? What we expect the Association to do is substantial works of benevolence and beneficence which is far more appreciative and valuable than giving addresses and "At Homes" to great "guns" in the lime light of the community whose uplift should be the highest and noblest objective of its leaders.—Yours, etc.,

CUI BONO?

Nov. 26.

### *COLOUR COMPLEX*

(Continued from Page 6.)

nates are doing for their seamen Indian Princes and commercial magnates should do for our seamen. Salvation of any section of the Indian community is not going to descend from Heaven, it will always have to be brought about by our own exertion and united efforts. It is therefore that we give great importance to the new Hindustani Social Club and to the good work started on a small scale by the Indians in London. In modern life and world national and international affairs are not static. It is not a question of our not moving forward and progressing onwards but even to help ourselves where we are means a daily progressive struggle. If we remain apathetic, careless and do not share in the struggle of our helpless brothers we lose ground and we are pushed back. Through this apathy of Indians in London not only some Funds and Asiatics' Homes are closing down but the new colour campaign has started to throw a few thousands of our hardworking honest men out of their legitimate and rightful jobs which for a hundred years were considered safe.

# DEBATE ON GAMBLING BILL

(Continued from page 1).

that whatever powers we give to the Police are likely to be abused and an innocent person like the Takore Saheb of Kerwada would get into difficulties. Even Mr. B. G. Horniman, who can be easily distinguished, came into difficulties at the hands of the Police. It is this, Sir, that makes us look on these powers with doubt and fear. I hold the view that this Bill is not going to achieve anything. We cannot support the present Bill as it stands."

OFFICIAL AMENDMENTS

Mr. H. E. Knight, Home Secretary, then moved two of his amendments.

The first amendment sought to delete that part of the paragraph purporting to the publication or circulation, between 8 p.m. on any day and 3 a.m. on the day following of "gaming" news which appeared in clause 2, amendment No. 1. The part which referred to the definition of the expression, 'instruments of gaming,' was not affected.

The second amendment sought to give powers to police officers to apprehend without warrant any printer, publisher and seller of "gaming" news.

Mr. M. S. C. Mitha rose to support the first reading of the Bill. He said that the Bill sought to amend certain defects in the present Act and to that exent, it should be welcomed and wholeheartedly supported.

The speaker thought that stronger penalties should be provided than at present in the Bill.

DANGER OF ABUSE

Referring to the extra powers for the Police, Mr. Mitha felt that there was every danger of these powers being misused by unscrupulous Police officers whose existence the Home Member was good enough to acknowledge in the House, when the gambling resolution was discussed. The speaker urged the Council to reject this part of the Bill in the interests of public safety and liberty.

CHARGE OF CORRUPTION

"I am prepared to give these powers to the Commissioner of Police, but not to any subordinate officers. I must emphasize, however, that no amount of power is going to be successful in wiping out this vice unless the high officials concerned take personal pains and are sincere. If the Commissioner of Police takes into his head with the help of these extra powers to wipe out this evil, I am sure, he will be successful to a great extent. But if he depends on the lower officials, then I am afraid it will not have the desired effect. The chief thing responsible for the existence of this evil is corruption in the Police force which the Commissioner must get rid off."

Dr. J. A. Collaco in supporting the First Reading of the Bill congratulated Government on the rapidity with which they had come before the House with the Bill. It was upto the Government to search out the few black sheep that spoiled the name of the Government and punish them. But just because there were a few black sheep, it should not be taken for granted that the extra powers would be misused.

"POLICE NOT ANGELS"

Mr. B. S. Kamat said that the Government had come forward with the Bill, a measure, which the members of the Council asked for two months ago. He could not understand the psychology of people who wanted legislation two months ago, and oppose it now, when brought before the House. Some mistakes were bound to occur in the course of the operation of the Act, as police were not angels. If millions of people could be saved from the evil through giving extra powers, he was for it, though not one, but half a dozen Hornimans might be prosecuted.

Rao Bahadur Chitale speaking as a lawyer pointed out several defects in the proposed changes in the Act. He was against the police keeping the warrant for a long period without executing it. It should be executed within a reasonable time. The speaker was against the provision in the Bill, prescribing the minimum punishment, by which the Magistrate was bound to give a certain sentence.

PART OF BIGGER PROBLEM.

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder said that gambling was part of a bigger problem, the problem of all social vices. He said that working class people, were out for some sort of excitement, after their daily work and took to gambling instead of spending their time through good channels. He had no objection to the legislation. After all it was a fashion and like all other fashions, the Act also should change. He supported Mr. Tairsee's amendment.

Mr. Pestonsha Vakil said that he for one did not grudge to give the Government the extra powers that they asked for the police.

He was surprised at Mr. Tairsee's speech. Public memory was short, and it was Mr. Tairsee himself who had stated at Poona that "credit was due to the Official Commissioner of Police Mr. Smith and unofficial Commissioner Mr. B. G. Horniman" for trying to check the evil in Bombay. Now he had dropped the former like hot-potato. Mr. Tairsee possibly wanted a prize-fighter to be the Commissioner of Police. The speaker thought that the Commissioner of Police in Bombay should be a cool and judicially minded man and not a prize-fighter.

Rao Bahadur Asavale thought that the measure would benefit the lower middle class and the labouring classes.

Dr. Dixit said that Sutta gambling had been on the increase and required to be checked to a certain extent. He was opposed to the giving of extra-power to the Police. He thought that with the present powers the police could effectively check the evil, but they had not approached the subject in a scientific way. There were men behind these gambling houses and those arrested were the smaller fry. With extra-powers to the police, no home would be safe. The speaker then read from a typewritten sheet, certain results that would come out of the Bill. The President wanted to know what from the Doctor was reading.

Dr. Dixit: From a slip which has been sent to me, and is not signed (Laughter).

President did not allow the member to read out from the slip. The Doctor said that he agreed with many of the things written in the sheet. He read out only one, other from the sheet, which was audible to the Press Gallery. It was "any extra power to the police will make the Police Department richer."

Thakore of Kerwada said that the evil of Ank-Farak gambling had spread to such an extent that even boys of ten were laying bets. He wanted that as far as possible only high police officials should be entrusted with the work, of tackling the problem.

OFFER OF REWARDS.

Mr. Syed Munawar thought that no legislation could suppress gambling. He wanted to know from the Police Commissioner whether the police sepoys who patrolled the streets and knew where the news-sheets were being published, were allowed to gamble also. Offering of rewards to these police constables for getting information about gambling dens would go a long way in checking the evil. He thought that if the Government were to license a dozen persons in the city to carry on the work of gambling not only would the evil be checked but the exchequer would also be benefited. He hoped that the Home Member would give his careful attention to his suggestion.

Mr. Hassanally Rahimatoola opposed the suggestion of the previous speaker about licensing gaming houses. He supported the Bill and thought that even the amendments of principle could also be dealt with by the Select Committee.

Mr. A. N. Surve said that the evil was spreading to a large section of the working class people, and there was an urgent necessity of giving extra powers to the police.

Mr. M. M. Karbhari suggested that all house-owners should be made to realise the responsibility of letting their houses to gaming house-keepers. There was a provision in the Abkari Act prohibiting house-owners from letting houses to people who were possible offenders under the Act. He also suggested that Government should take action against the police officer who were proved to corrupt or misuses the extra powers given to them.

EXTRA POWERS WILL NOT DO.

Mr. V. A. Surve made a spirited speech in Marathi and said that those who were being arrested by the police were people who lay small bets, while those who were gambling in lakhs were going scot-free. If the Home Member were to take up the enquiry into the evil himself, then he would be able to find the real culprits. The speaker himself would give the Home Member the names of at least five big persons, who were gambling in lakhs. The House could not be led to believe that the police even with extra powers would in any way check the evil. If the proper people were to take up the question of enquiring and bringing into book the culprits, then there was a possibility of the evil being effectively checked. He once again appealed to the Hcme Member personally to take up the matter and enquire into it, as extra power to the police would not improve the situation in any way.

HOME MEMBER'S REPLY

Sir Robert Bell, the mover of the Bill, in the course of his reply stated that the House had given general support to the Bill and it was not necessary to enter into a discussion over the details. The Bill was primarily meant for the City of Bombay and Government hoped to check the evil, and punish those who profitted by gambling. It was primarily intended to punish those who ran gambling dens and not those who went to lay bets. The objects of the Bill were more powers to the police, relaxation of the law of evidence and externment of confirmed keepers of gaming houses.

Continuing Sir Robert said that he firmly opposed Mr. Tairsee's amendment restricting the period of the Bill to a year. It was for the House to make up its mind about the Bill, one way or the other.

The Home Member had recently gone on a round in the city with a Deputy Commissioner of Police and saw for himself how gambling was going on. Bets were being received through barred windows, and there was no receipt issued for the bets received. It would take a long time before the police raided the place and got at the money. The Police Commissioner would be one of the members of the Select Committee, and these difficulties of police could be dealt with in detail there. What the speaker wanted to emphasise was that the Police were bound to be suspected and that was why he wanted public opinion in support of this measure. The Government had done its best and had considered every single suggestion put before the Government.

The amendment of Mr. L. R. Tairsee was put to vote and lost. The amendments of Mr. Knight were carried.

The first reading of the Bill was carried unanimously.

The Home Member then moved that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee of the following persons:—"Sir Robert Bell; Messrs. Asavle; Collaco; G. S. Gangoly; M. H. Gazdar; B. S. Kamat; Knight; Mohemad Mitha; Hassanally Rahimatoola; K. C. Sen; W. R. G. Smith; Solanki; A. N. Surve; Syed Munawar; L. R. Tairsee; Pestonsha Vakil; S. D. Saklatvala and Thakore Saheb of Kerwada." The Committee is to report within two months. Seven is to form the quorum.

The above motion was put to vote and carried.

The House then considered the resolution of Sir Robert Bell on the Visapur prison. The debate on the resolution had not concluded, when the House rose for the day.

### *Bhulabhai Briefed For Punjab Contempt Of Court Case*

LAHORE, Nov. 27.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Leader of the Opposition in the Assembly, is being briefed in the fresh contempt of court proceedings brought by the Lahore High Court by a notice issued yesterday on eight Directors and Officers of the Bharat Insurance Co. and the Lahore Electric Supply Company including Lala Harkishenlal, Mr. Jewanlal Gauba and others for disobedience of the orders of the Court asking them not to advance any loan to Lala Harkishenlal. The hearing of the case commences on 6th December.—United Press.

### *Reward For Arrest Of Jiwan Singh's Assailant*

LAHORE, Nov. 27.

A reward of Rs. 100 has been announced by the police for information leading to the arrest of the assailant or assailants of Jiwan Singh who was stabbed last evening in Sheikhupurian Street, Tibbi Bazaar, Lahore.

No arrests have so far been made in this connection.—United Press.

### *Malaviya For Mahasabha Presidentship*

LAHORE, Nov. 27.

It is understood that Pandit Malaviya has agreed to accept the presidentship of the Poona Session of the Hindu Mahasabha. —United Press.

# Civil Liberties Union For India

## Prof. Wadia Urges Students To Take Part In Politics

**A strong plea for the formation of a Civil Liberties Union, on the lines of the one existing in the United States of America, to safeguard the fundamental rights of Indians, was made by Mr. M. R. Masani, at a meeting held at the Mahavir Jain Vidyalaya Hall, Gowalia Tank, Bombay, on Wednesday, with Prof. P. A. Wadia in the chair.**

**Mr. Masani suggested that public men like Prof. Wadia, Sir Govindrao Madgaonkar and others should come together to focus public attention on, and mobilise public opinion against, the attack on the ordinary rights of Indians. The organisation should be non-political, and he appealed to the intellectuals in India, that though they did not throw themselves into the political struggle, they should do at least this much.**

Though the subject of the lecture was 'Students and politics in England," Mr. Masani took the opportunity of discussing the place of the intellectuals in a mass movement.

CONDITIONS IN BRITAIN.

The speaker referred at the outset to the varied activities of the University and College Students' Unions in Britain, which formed the units of organisation. The students' unions co-ordinated all the activities of the students, and being completely autonomous, they helped the development of the gifts of leadership among the students. Participation in political party propaganda was encouraged, and even the rankest die-hard never suggested that students should not take part in politics. The summer schools formed a unique feature of student-life.

Eminent intellectuals like Prof. Laski and Mr. G. D. H. Cole, influenced and moulded the thought among the students. Unfortunately, the freedom enjoyed by these eminent men was sought to be curbed by the authorities during the past two or three years.

CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION.

Students in India, Mr. Masani continued, had more than an ordinary share in the national politics. The speaker paid a tribute to Prof. Wadia for the lead he had given in the matter. Thousands of professors sat at their desks unable to raise their little finger, while a great campaign was going on throughout the country. Mr. Masani suggested the formation of the Civil Liberties Union.

A DISGRACEFUL EPISODE.

It was the duty of the intelligentsia of the country, who chiefly were students, to take up the cause of the down-trodden peasants. Mr. Masani characterised the attitude of thousands of Indian students in England as disgraceful, as he had information from an eminent professor, that when the professor offered every assistance to organise touring parties, who would go into the English country-side and inform the British public what was going on in India, during the days of the civil disobedience movement, almost every one of them excused himself on some ground or other.

He exhorted the students to work for the country, instead of taking up clerks' jobs, or the like.

Prof. Wadia recalling the days of Gokhale, nearly 30 years ago, said that even Gokhale who was considered a radical did not recognise the value of students going outside the pale of academic discussion on politics. At present, however, there was the picture of a principal of a Government College, encouraging debates on current political problems.

Prof. Wadia expressed the view that the earlier a student was associated with the current political problems, not merely in an academic way, but in a practical way, soon as he would leave the college, the better would be the purpose served by such a training. The student should be actively associated with the political life of the country.

NEED FOR ORGANISATION

Prof. Wadia deplored in strong terms, the absence of a vocal and effective organisation of the intel-

(Continued in Col. 5).

(Continued from column 7.)

ligentsia in the country. Taking for instance, the Indian Economics Association, the members, being professors either in the Government institutions, or in Universities which were semi-Government bodies, were prevented from passing even resolutions, however, pious. They were disbarred from passing a resolution condemning gold export, for example.

If any country suffered from lack of organisation of her intelligentsia that was India. While for years, India had a unitary type of Government, it was left for the Round Table Conference to discover that Federation was ideally suited to this country, and those present at the Round Table Conference sang hallelujas to this "grand discovery." The academicians were nowhere and did not or could not make their voice felt, in the expression of their views on such a subject. He suggested that organisation of the intelligentsia was necessary if their voice was to be heard.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# JUDGE'S TAILOR BOUND OVER

### Sequel To Thefts Of Money Which Were Traced By Fuchsine Powder

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The case of Sawalram Bala, who was arrested on the 19th instant, for the alleged theft of money from the bungalow of Mr. Justice Barlee, came up this morning before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum.

It may be recalled that, on a complaint from Miss Barle, Inspector Dyer of the Crime Branch gave her two leather purses with Fuchsine powder springled over them, to be placed in the usual place where some petty thefts were occurring previously.

On the 18th instant, a 5-rupee note which was kept in the crocodile leather purse, was found missing and the matter was reported to the police.

At a "Panch" held later, in which all the servants of the bungalow were present, on application of water to their hands, the hands of the accused turned red.

Bhagwandas Lahoo, a waterman, giving evidence for the prosecution said that the accused asked for a piece of soap to wash some colour stains which were evident on his hand.

Yeshwant Babula, belonging to a tea-shop in the Nana Chowk, said that the accused changed a five-rupee note in his shop.

Miss Barlee, in her evidence, narrated the events that led to the arrest of the accused.

An Inspector from the Gamdevi police station corroborated the above evidence.

The accused pleaded "guilty" and also pleaded for mercy. The complainant, Miss Barlee, said that it was her father's wish, that if nothing is known against the accused, he does not desire the charge to be pressed.

The accused was bound over for a period of one year in a sum of Rs. 100.


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# AROUND THE COURTS

***BOMBAY, Wednesday.***

Under a gambling warrant issued by the Commissioner of Police, 10 persons were arrested yesterday at 9-45 p.m. at DeLisle Cross Road, in Bala Kalya's chawl.

Several satta betting slips and some cash were seized during the raid.

The accused persons have been allowed bail till the 11th December 1935.

**Nagpada Section Raid**

Eight persons were arrested yesterday by the Nagpada Police in a gambling raid.

All the accused have been allowed bail till the 4th December.

Sikam Ganga Din, Shanker Shivaram and Dhondiba Mahadeo, who were arrested yesterday by the De Lisle Road Police, were produced before the Dadar Court to-day on charges of rioting, being members of an unlawful assembly and causing hurt and were bailed out till December 3, pending further Police enquiries.

It is alleged that a gang, under the leadership of Sikam Ganga Din, were harassing the residents of some chawls in the De Lisle Road area, as a result of which they complained to the Police. Coming to know of this, it is further alleged, the members of the gang consisting of about ten people, went to these chawls and are stated to have assaulted the residents who had complained to the Police as well as some other residents.

Sikam Ganga Din and two of his alleged confederates were arrested by the DeLisle Road Police yesterday. But as further enquiries are to be made and about seven more members of the alleged gang, who are stated to have been concerned in this assault, are still to be "rounded-up", the Magistrate bailed the accused out till December 3.

Ghulam Hussein was produced before the Presidency Magistrate Dadar Police Court, to-day on a charge of having bit off the nose of Hirabai and having caused grievous hurt.

It is alleged that Ghulam Hussein wanted Hirabai, the complainant in the case, to lead the life of a prostitute, and tried to force her to a life of shame. It is stated she ran away from him some time back but when he chanced to meet her yesterday in Saitan Chowkie, he is alleged to have tried to use force and assaulted her, causing grievous hurt to her person.

It is further alleged that, when he was arrested later and was being marched off to the Police Station, he bit off the nose of Hirabai.

Pending further Police inquiries he was remanded into Police custody till December 4.

### Woman Under Sentence Dies In Hospital

A Hindu woman, named Sitabai Pira Panchal, aged 20 years, who had been transported for life, died at the K.E.M. Hospital yesterday at 8 p.m.

It appears that the deceased had been sentenced to transportation for life by the Sesssions Judge of East Khandesh on the 11th of March last. Her sentence was, however, commuted to three years rigorous imprisonment. She was to be released on the 10th of March, 1938, and was sent down to Bombay to pass the remitted portion of her sentence at the Salvation Army's Industrial Rescue Home at Bombay. She arrived at Bombay on 25th June, became ill, was taken to the J.J. Hospital, and was discharged after a fortnight.

She again became ill and was removed to the K.E.M. Hospital where she expired yesterday.

The cause of her death was stated before the Coroner to have been Tubercular Meningitis.

# BEER BREWERS LOSE SUIT

### High Court Holds Use Of "Axe Brand" Trade Mark Was Bona Fide

Judgment was delivered by Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court yesterday dismissing the suit brought by Messrs. Falcon Brewery of Amsterdam and their Bombay agent Mr. Samuel Hayeem Haskell, against Messrs. Phipson and Co., of Bombay for alleged breach of trade mark.

The plaintiffs' case was that they were using the "Axe Brand" trade mark on bottles of beer manufactured by them, and that an imitation of this trade mark was adopted by the defendants for their "Jacob's Lager Beer," which was calculated to mislead the public into believing that the defendants' lager beer was the lager beer produced by the plaintiffs.

The plaintiffs' objection having had no effect on the defendants, they wrote to the customs authorities who, in March 25, 1933, detained 50 cases of Jacob's Lager beer with the axe trade mark label imported by the defendants. Later these cases were released by an order of the court in some subsequent proceedings taken as a result of the dispute.

**Defence Contention**

The defence was that when the defendants devised the "Axe Brand" label for their Jacob's Lager Beer, such a label was not in use in the market at the time. They had ascertained, after making full inquiries, that there was no beer in the market with a similar brand.

In dismissing the suit, his lordship observed that the allegation that the defendants attempted to fraudulently pass off their goods as those of the plaintiffs was entirely unfounded. He was satisfied that in using the axe devise the defendants had acted 'bona fide'.

His lordship observed that the dissimilarity between the two kinds of beer and between the get up and appearance of both the labels was so marked that it was impossible to deceive even an ignorant person into the belief that the beer sold by the defendants was the plaintiffs' goods. This dissimilarity and the higher price of the defendants' beer made it clear that there was not the remotest possibility of deception.

**Thin Evidence**

His lordship observed that the evidence regarding the reputation of the plaintiffs' beer was very thin, and his lordship was not satisfied that the plaintiffs' Axe Brand Beer had attained any reputation in the market to the exclusion of beer of any other manufacturer.

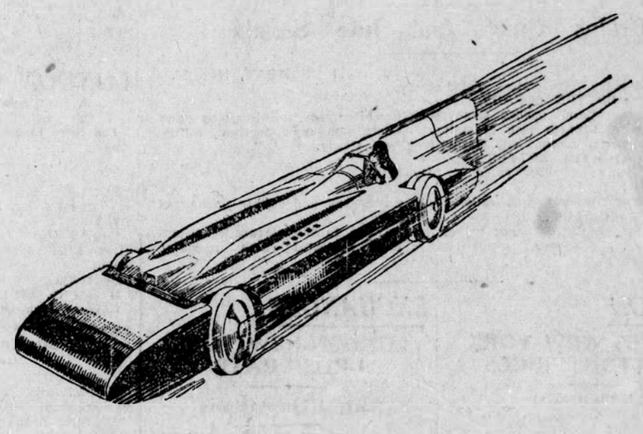
In view of these circumstances his lordship held that the defendants were justified in using the Axe Brand label.

His lordship allowed the defendants' counter claim of Rs. 425 being the expense incurred in connection with the detention of their 50 cases in the Customs Department.


IT'S

# QUICKER

## BY TELEPHONE



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## BOMBAY SEAMEN'S GRIEVANCES

### Capt. Davis' Sympathetic Hearing To Deputation

A deputation of the National Seamen's Union, Bombay, consisting of Rao Bahadur R. S. Asavale and Messrs. Syed Munawar, A. B. Moraes and Mahmed Ebrahim waited on Capt. Davis, Principal Officer, Mercantile Marine Department, Bombay, on Friday last.

The deputationists placed before the officer the question of wholesale displacement of Bombay crews from the Clan Line, the Imperial Transport ships as also that of the Bombay saloon crews from the passenger ships of the City and Hall Lines, which, they averred, had caused widespread unemployment, distress and discontent among the Bombay seamen. They also pointed out that Bombay crew had rendered loyal and meritorious services as a seafaring class for generations and known no other occupations.

The deputation requested the Principal officer, as the local representative of the Government of India in the Mercantile Marine Department, to bring these hardships and grievances of the Bombay crew to the notice of the Government with a view to obtain relief at an early date.

The officer gave a patient hearing and a sympathetic reply.

Mr. Narendralal Pragji Nathwani (22), who has stood first in First Class of the Second LL.B. Examination of the Bombay University. He is a well-known worker among the Kathiawadi youths, and was imprisoned for a year during the last C. D. movement.

## ATTACKED WIFE WITH STICK

### Husband Jailed For Causing Fatal Injury

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA: Nov. 27.

Mr. M.A. Bhave, the Sessions Judge of Thana, accepting the plea of guilty put forward by the accused after the charge of culpable homicide, not amounting to murder of his wife, Bhimi alias Chandrabhaga, on August 4 last, was altered to that of causing hurt, convicted Dundya Gopal Shelka of Vadavli in the Bhiwandi taluka and sentenced him to six months' hard labour.

Dundya was alleged to have given his wife Bhimi blows with a stick suspecting her fidelity. As a result of this thrashing her enlarged spleen was ruptured and she died a few hours later.

## WIREMAN ELECTROCUTED

Tukaram Bhivaji, aged 35, a wireman in the Andhra Valley, Tata Electric Power House was electrocuted on November 23, while at work at a Power House at Dharavi Road and died subsequently.

From the evidence of Mr. N. C. Raghavan, Assistant Electrical Inspector, P.W.D., it appears that he received a telephone message on the night of the 20th November from Mahim Police Station to the effect that a workman at the Tata Power House at Dharavi had received an electric shock and was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital.

At inquest held on Wednesday a verdict of death following extensive burns at the Tata Receiving Station at Dharavi was recorded.

Cochin: Nov. 25.—The Maharaja of Cochin will inaugurate the fourth stage of works in connection with Cochin harbour on or about the 15th January next.

## CHILD OF TRAGEDY

### Mount Mary's Convent Celebrates Silver Jubilee

(From Our Correspondent.)

BANDRA, Monday.

"The institution was born of tragedy" was the appropriate terms in which the birth of the Mount Mary Convent was described in the report read yesterday evening at the Silver Jubilee celebrations of the Mount Mary's Convent.

There was a crowded programme commencing on Saturday with sports, then on Sunday morning with a Solemn High Mass and in the evening, with the distribution of prizes and variety entertainments.

The report states that consequent to the banishment of the nuns from Goa by the Portugese Republic, some 3 sisters came down to Bombay in 1910. The Bishop of Damaun sheltered them and Mgr. L. C. Pera brought them over to Bandra.

They started in a building attached to the Mount Mary Chapel, with a needle work school.

Through steady progress and perseverance the institution has grown into a full fledged High school. The population now comprises of 33 sisters, 145 orphans and 104 boarders.

During its existence, 684 orphans have enjoyed the benefits of the institution and no less than 963 boarders have been housed.

## LAST TWO DAYS OF SHAKESPEARE FILM

The Management of the Regal Theatre announce that Thursday and Friday are the last two days for the "A Mid-summer Night's Dream," and the picture will not be continued for another week.

# DOCTOR AWARDED DAMAGES

### Petrol Company Has To Pay Rs. 2,000 For Illegal Arrest

A case of mistaken identity resulting in the arrest of a medical practitioner had a sequel in the High Court.

The plaintiff, Dr. Dosabhai H. Patel, a doctor, claimed Rs. 75,000 from Messrs. Tarachand Ghanshamdas as damages for his alleged wrongful arrest and false imprisonment.

MISTAKEN IDENTITY.

In 1929, the defendants who were then carrying on business under the name of Messrs. National Petrol Supply Co., filed a suit in the Small Causes Court to recover Rs. 76-2-0 from the plaintiff's brother, Rustomji H. Patel, and obtained a decree against him. Thereafter, on December 7, 1929, at about 10 a.m., certain representatives of the National Petrol Supply Co., accompanied by a bailiff of the Small Causes Court, went to the plaintiff's dispensary, armed with a warrant to execute the decree obtained against the plaintiff's brother.

Being told that he was to be arrested under the warrant, the plaintiff protested and explained that he was not the person against whom the decree had been obtained, that he was a medical practitioner and, to prove his identity, he showed them his visiting card, his diploma of M. B. B. S. and his sign board.

In spite of all this, the representatives of National Petrol Supply Co. insisted on the plaintiff's arrest, and accordingly he was taken into custody by the bailiff and taken to the Registrar of the Small Causes Court who, after hearing the parties, gave him time to apply to the Court.

Accordingly, the plaintiff obtained a rule from the Small Causes Court, and, at its hearing, the National Petrol Supply Co. gave an undertaking that they would not execute the decree against the plaintiff. The rule was, thereupon, discharged.

Under the above circumstances, the plaintiff submitted, his arrest was wrongful, malicious and illegal, and that the defendants who were then running the National Petrol Supply Co. were liable in damages.

BONA FIDE MISTAKE.

The defence was of a bonafide mistake and a denial of malice. The defendants stated that the plaintiff used to come to their shop on a motor cycle to purchase petrol from them and had opened an account with them in the name of Rustomji H. Patel. They therefore thought that the plaintiff himself was Rustomji.

It was submitted by the defendants that as they had dealt with the plaintiff in their business, they were entitled to execute the decree against him. Further, the extraordinary likeness between the plaintiff and his brother Rustomji had led to a bonafide mistake on the part of the defendants.

At the hearing of the suit, the question of damages was left by the parties to Mr. Justice Rangnekar who awarded Rs. 2,000 to the plaintiff as damages and costs.

Mr. M. L. Manekshaw, instructed by Messrs Payne and Co., appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. C. K. Daphtary, instructed by Messrs. Malvi Ranchhoddas and Co. for the defendants.


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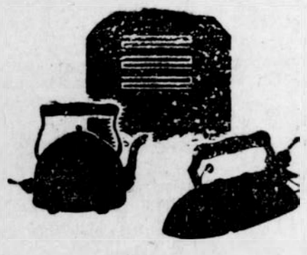

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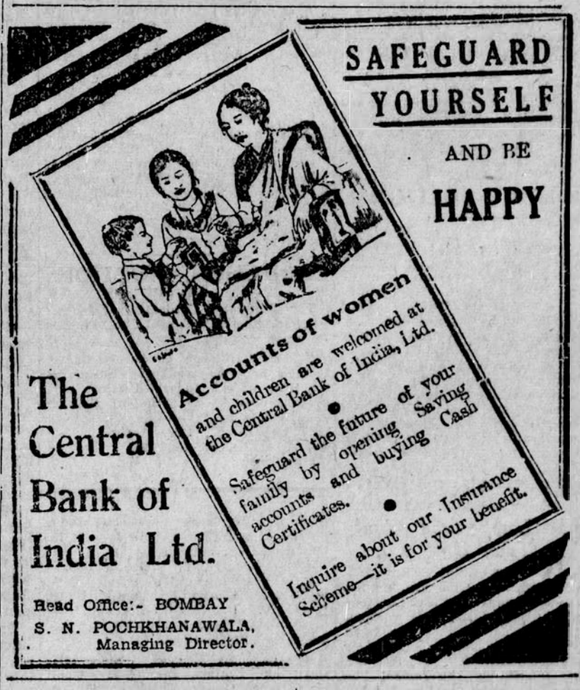
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# Latest Commercial News

## NEW YORK COTTON 2 POINTS UP

## Market Uninteresting And Colourless

### GOLD AND SILVER SLIGHTLY BETTER

### Grains Quiet And Jute Steady

BOMBAY, Nov. 27.

On Wednesday crossrates ruled steady.

NEW YORK COTTON STEADY.

New York cotton opened steady but thereafter was uninteresting and colourless on account of lack of support. There was some foreign selling on lower Liverpool cables. The closing tone was steady.

BULLION SLIGHTLY BETTER.

London gold and silver ruled slightly better.

GRAINS QUIET.

Wheat and linseed ruled quiet. Jute was steady and rubber unchanged

SECURITIES NEGLECTED

The London Stock Exchange lacked interest due to the absence of stimulating news. Giltedged securities were also neglected with irregular tendency.

## COTTON

### LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1936.)

New York, Nov. 27.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 11.61 |
| To-day's opening | 11.64 |
| Difference | +.03 |
| To-day's closing | 11.63 |
| Difference | +.02 |

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1936.)

Liverpool, Nov. 27.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 6.42 |
| To-day's opening | 6.43 |
| Difference | +.01 |
| To-day's closing | 6.37 |
| Difference | —.05 |

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May ..... Rs. 226

### N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov. 27.

Cotton showed easier tendency on the lack of support with the uncertainty with regard to developments in Washington being restraining factor. The market was otherwise uninteresting and colourless with traders on the whole adopting a waiting attitude pending the announcement of the next years cotton control programme and the validity of AAA and bankhead act.

Trading in March opened at 11.64 i.e. 3 points higher than previous closing. After steady opening prices gave way under lower Liverpool cables and foreign selling with some hedge selling and liquidation as a result of which March fell to 11.59. Thereafter movements were very narrow although the undertone remained steady.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.63 with a rise of 2 points.

### NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov. 27.

The following were the ruling ranges:—

December (11.80/11.80) 11.84/11.82
January (11.73/11.72) 11.75/11.75
March (11.61/11.59) 11.65/11.64

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Nov. 27.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p m

American December (6.50) 6.48
American January (6.47) 6.45
Egyptian November 9.84) 10.04
Egyptian January (9.31) 9.49

### BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 27.

Broach Cotton for Apl-May delivery moved around Rs. 225-12 and Rs. 226-8 at night. The rate at 10-25 p.m. was Rs. 226-4 with New York futures about 2 points down.

### BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Nov. 27.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 65/1, 65/4 and 65/8. The market was slightly steady on some local support while steadier London cables also caused covering and buying. Prices closed steady at Rs. 65/1, 65/4 and 65/8.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/13/3, 34/13/3 and 34/13.

The market was very quiet owing to the absence of speculative interest while London exchanges were also very quiet in consequence of which prices here showed very little change and closed quiet at Rs. 34/13/3, 34/13/3 and 34/13.

### JUTE SHARES FIRM

#### Coals Unchanged And Teas Dull

CALCUTTA, Nov. 27.

Jutes continued to rule firm on better outside support and fair business was put through. Coals were unchanged with little doing. Teas were dull. In miscellaneous apart from sustained demand for Calcutta Ice, there was nothing interesting. Government Securities were again firm on better speculative enquiry. Following were the closing quotations.

Government Securities:—Three per cent Loan 1941 103/3; three and half per cent Government Paper 96; three per cent Government Paper 85 small lot; three per cent New Loan 1951/54 100/7; four per cent Loan 1960/70 110; five per cent Loan 1940/43 110/9; five per cent Loan 1945/55 119.

Banks:—Bank of Behar 57; Central 36/8; Reserve Bank 127/8.

Railways:—Ahmadpur Katwa 90/8 ex div; Bankura Damodar 90/8 ex div; Darjeeling Himalayan pref 104; Dehri Rohtas 11/8 Kali hat Falta 91/18; Mayurbhanj 52 cum div.

Coals:—Bengal 277; Churulia 1/13.

Jutes:—Auckland 198 small lots; Bally 191; Barnagore 139/8; Budge Budge 260 small lots; Caledonian 397; Clive 25/12; Howrah ordy 51/12; Kamarhatty 520; National 23.

Miscellaneous:—Benares Elec. 14/12 small lot; Cuttack Elec. 8/12 small lots; Upper Ganges Elec. 11/8; Indian Iron and Steel 8/11; Indian Wood Products 25/8; Calcutta Ice 10/4; Titaghur Paper ordy 23/6; do defd 10/4; Indian General Navigation ordy 95; do pref 133 cum div;

Sugars:—Cawnpore ordy 34/14; do pref 162/8 small lot; Raza 119/8; South Behar ordy 15/4; do pref 125; Debentures; four per cent 1908/38 Calcutta Municipal 104; small lot; six and three fourth per cent 1933/43; Rohtas sugar 103/12.

Teas:—Sarugaon 9/10; Tirrihannah pref 7.—A. P.

## EXCHANGES

### LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

#### Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Nov. 27.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.93 3/4 |
| To-day's opening | 4.93 5/8 |
| To-day's closing | 4.93 3/8 |

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Nov. 27.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.93 13/16 |
| To-day's opening | 4.93 3/4 |
| To-day's closing | 4.93 15/16 |
| Difference | +.00 1/8 |

FRANC RATE

London, Nov. 27.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 74.97 |
| To-day's opening | 74.96 |
| To-day's closing | 75.03 |
| Difference | +.06 |

### LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov. 27.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.93 3/4 and then fell to 4.93 11/16 thereafter movements were very narrow.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.93 15/16

Franc opened at 74.96 and then moved up to 74.97 with steady tendency.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 75.03.

### LONDON SILVER

London, Nov. 27.

The market was steady

| | Last price | To-day's price |
|---|---|---|
| Spot | 29 3/16d | 29 3/16d. |
| Forward | 28 3/4d. | 28 7/8d. |

### LONDON GOLD

London, Nov. 27.

Gold per ounce (£7-0-11) £7-1-0

### DISCOUNTS

London, Nov. 27.

3 months 9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

6 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 3/4 to 13/16 per cent

### CROSS RATES

London, Nov. 27. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.66 5/8) 5.65 1/2
New York on Bombay (37.32) 37.30
Berlin on Bombay (0.92 3/8) 0.93 1/4
London on Milan (61.00) unquoted.
London on Shanghai (1-2 15/32) 1-2 15/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

### CARDAMON AUCTIONS

The Secretary, Cardamon Krishigar Sangam, Kombai has sent the following telegram:—

Kombai Cardamon market result of to-day's auctions prices per thulam of 810 tolas weight ungarbled estate bulk tharaipadams Rs 21 to Rs. 22. Malabar storepadams Rs. 23 to Rs. 24. Mysore Rs. 26 to Rs. 27. Pure Cardamon seeds Rs. 30 to Rs. 31. Sold 250 thulams. Market firm

## COMMODITIES

### LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov. 27.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with December at 73 1/2 and March 70 1/2. There was not much doing in the absence of any important buying interest.

### CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov. 27.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 0.97 7/8. There was not much doing in the absence of any encouraging cables from abroad but prices kept fairly steady.

### LONDON MARKETS

London, Nov. 27.

The rates at 3-30 p m were as follows.

METALS

Tin (£221 buyers £222 sellers. Steady) £221 1/2 buyers £221 3/4 sellers. Steady.

Linseed (No buyers 18 1/8 sellers. Firm) £18 buyers £18 1/16 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£39 1/4 to £39 3/4) £39 to £39 1/2

Glasgow Iron (£74) £74

### SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Nov. 27.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"America bought. Speculators bought and sold. Market steady."

### JUTE.

New Crop December January (£20 7/16 sellers) £20 3/8 paid and sellers

Dunlop December (£24 1/4) £24 1/4

Lightning December (£22) £22

EA

Indian Pekoe (0-11) 0-11

Indian Pekoe higher (1-2 1/4) 1-2 1/4

Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 1/4) 0-11 1/2

Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-9 3/4) 1-10 3/4

RUBBER

Spot (6 1/4 paid and buyers) 6 1/4 paid and buyers.

January March (6 3/8 paid and buyers) 6 3/8 paid and value.

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay November December (£12 3/4 sellers) £12 3/4 sellers

Linseed Calcutta November-December (£12 5/16 sellers) £12 5/16 sellers.

Linseed La Plata November (£10 sellers) £10 sellers.

Groundnut Coromandal December (£13 1/2 sellers) £13 5/8 paid

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1936 Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

Bombay, Nov. 27.

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Rates at 9-0 a.m. | |
| Rates at 12-0 noon | |
| Rates at 9-0 p.m. | |
| Rates at 5-0 p.m. | |
| Rates at 6-0 p.m. | 7 2 6 |
| Rates at 8-0 p.m. | 7 2 3 |
| Rates at 10-0 p.m. | 7 2 6 |

### WHEAT AND LINSEED

#### Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov. 27.

| | Rs. a p. |
|---|---|
| Wheat January | 4 10 9 |
| Wheat May | 4 10 9 |
| Linseed May | 7 2 6 |

The tone was quiet.

### REPRESENTATION OF LABOUR

#### Shivarao's Evidence Before Hammond Committee

MADRAS, Nos. 27.

Mr. B. Shivarao, representative of the Madras Labour Union, examined by the Indian Delimitation Committee to-day said, in his view, the method most likely to be effective in securing return to legislature of best representatives of Labour was election by registered Trade Unions. He did not favour indirect elections through electoral colleges composed of delegates elected by members of each union.

Witness felt strongly that advantages of direct election were great and Labour should not be deprived of those advantages. Creation of electoral colleges, in his opinion, was open to grave objection. He suggested that Committee should consider the desirability of making recommendation in their report that the Instrument of Instructions of Governors in Provinces, in which Upper Chambers would be established should contain definite directions to the effect in making nominations they should bear in mind the claims of Labour for representation.

Three other witnesses (vice-President and Secretaries of the Madras Labour Union) were examined jointly They endorsed Mr. Shiva Rao's views claiming one seat for the Madras Labour Union.

Mr. R. Srinivasan, M.L.C., on behalf of the Depressed Classes expressed the opinion that cumulative vote would lead scheduled castes to confusion and corruption. The method of election by single non-transferable vote was the best, scheduled castes voter having the option of voting either for scheduled caste candidate or caste-Hindu candidate.—A.P.

## Quiet Tone On Stock Exchange

### OPERATORS AWAIT CLARIFICATION OF FRENCH SITUATION

### Rally In Wheat After Initial Decline

### WALL STREET ERRATIC ON PROFIT TAKING

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Nov. 27.

The Stock Exchange was quietest. Operators were not desirous to enter into fresh commitments pending clarification of the French situation. Among foreigners Germans were well supported but Brazilians weakened.

In commodities wheat declined on reports of French Government granting export-licences for 2 1/2 million quarters but rallied on shortcovering.

Other markets were quietest and featureless.

Wall Street opened steady and came erratic owing to profit-taking.

### INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Nov. 27.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97 5/8

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Tuesday, November 19, £97 1/8
Wednesday, Nov 20 £97 1/8
Thursday November 21 £97
Friday, November 22 £97
Monday, November 25 £97 1/4
Tuesday, November 26 £97 5/8

### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov. 27. 3-30 p.m.

Very quiet conditions prevailed all round with the lack of any fresh incentive to stimulate buying interest but there was no real selling pressure. Giltedgeds were quiet and price movements were rather irregular. Industrials generally were rather undecided. Kaffirs were steady to firm.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 1/2) £85 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 3/8) £107 5/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£111 7/8) £110 Ex Div

4 per cent Funding Loan (£117) £117 1/4

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 3/8) £105 3/4

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 3/8) £115 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (23-9) 23-9

Marks and Spencer Splits Share (dol 4 5/8) dol 4 5/8

Hydro Electric (dol 5 7/8) dol 5 3/4

Musical Industries (28-1 1/2) 28-1 1/2

Princhin Johnson (43-3) 42-9

Imperial Chemical (37-3) 37-3

Imperial Chemical Ord (9-1 1/2) 9-0

Woolswarth New Ford (116-9) 116-0

Realisation 1930 (£82 1/2) £81 3/4

Dunlop Rubber (39-0) 39-0

University Ordinary (31-1 1/2) 31-1 1/2

Ford Motors (33-3) 33-3

Cable Wires (£8 7/8) £8 7/8

British American Tobacco (112-6) 112-6

Camera A (£8 5/8) £8 5/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (149-4 1/2) 149-4 1/2

P and O S N Company Defd (19-6) 19-6

Distillers (95-9) 95-9

Bred and Dyers (10-6) 10-6

British Celanese (13-9) 13-9

J and P Coates Ordinary (65-6) 65-6

Courtaulds Ordinary (56-1 1/2) 56-1 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (8-6) 8-6

Western Limited Ordinary (18-0) 18-0

Inter Nickels (39 1/2) 39 1/2

Bengal Iron and Steel (5-6) 5-9

Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

### INDIAN LOANS

London, Nov. 27. 3-30 p.m

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2

3 1/2 per cent India (£97) £97 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£114) £113 3/4

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£115) £114 3/4

4 per cent Indian 1948/53 (£107 1/2) £108

5 per cent Indian 1943/47 (£112 3/4) £113

5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1934-38 (£105) £105

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£112 3/4) £113

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (21-0) 21-0

Donaro Tea (40-0) 40-0

Empire of India Ceylon (28-9) 28-9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (24-6) 24-6

Gula Kelampong (23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-9) 29-9

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£10) £10 1/2

MINING SHARES.

Nandy (60-0) 58-9

Burma Corporation (12-7 1/2) 12-7 1/2

Rio Tintos (£19 1/2) £19 1/4

East Rand Proprietors (59-3) 60-9

Rand Mines (8 3/8) 8 3/8

MINE SHARES.

Crown Mines (£14 1/8) £14 1/8

Goddar New (£11 3/8) £11 3/8

Moddar New (£73-9) £73-1 1/2

Sub Nigel (£13 5/8) £13 5/8

Spring Mines Split Share (45-0) 45-0

Union Corporation (£8 1/2) £8 3/8

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela Persian (41-10 1/2) 41-10 1/2

Anglo Iranian (70-0) 70-0

Burma Oil (83-9) 83-9

Mexican Eagle (6-1 1/2) 5-10 1/2

Shell Transport (81-3) 81-3

Royal Dutch (£29 5/8) £29 5/8

### NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov. 27.

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 57 3/8) unquoted

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 24 1/2) dol 24 3/8

U S Steel Common (dol 48 1/2) dol 47 3/4

U S Steel Preference (dol 119) unquoted

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£49 1/2) £49 1/2

L M Ford (£17 1/4) £17 1/4

L N E R Defd (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

Southern Dutch (£20 1/4) £20 3/4

London Paris 5 per cent (£133 1/4) £132 1/2

London Board G Stock (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

### DINING OFF UNTOUCHABILITY

#### Harijans Prepare & Serve Food In Ajmer Inter-Caste Dinner

(From A Correspondent.)

AJMER, Nov. 27.

A grand inter-caste dinner took place at Ajmer on 24th November. It was a unique scene when about 4000 caste Hindus and Harijans dined together without distinction

Though Pandit Jialal a prominent social worker had arranged with great success four such dinners in the past, the speciality of this dinner was that not only a large number of Harijans joined, but they also participated in preparing and serving the food. Several hundred women also joined.

A whole day programme with games, shows and anti-untouchability lectures, professions and songs was gone through.

Pandit Jialal in his speech characterised these dinners as nails in the coffin of untouchability and caste system. He opposed the practice of calling the so called untouchables by different names as Harijans Dalit etc. which perpetuate the distinction of castes.

### NEGUS, THE KING OF KINGS

(Continued from page 6.)

still as alive as ever. Is he really the master of all his Empire? Has he done all that he could, against slavery? Has he done his best to prevent smuggling of arms in Abyssinia? It is difficult to reply to all these questions. But let us see what he has done and admit it. One thing cannot be gainsaid: Emperor Selassie inherited only a savage region of the dark continent. Actually he rules on a country semi-civilised. All this work was done by him in spite of the fact that every day, and hour, the intrigues were formed against him by his vassals, his friends and often by his own family. And he has succeeded in quietly suppressing all.

### HOWRAH BRIDGE IS SAFE

CALCUTTA, Nov. 27.

In the Bengal Legislative Council to-day replying to a question Sir John Woodhead said he was not aware that there was a feeling of apprehension amongst public about the present condition of the Howrah bridge.

He added a thorough survey of the bridge was made in 1932 and all repairs considered necessary to make the bridge fit for further eight years service had been carried out. Public had no cause for apprehension.—A. P.

## SHIPPING NEWS

### Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS

Bombay, November 27.

S.S. Garisoppa, Captain G. L. Ruddiman, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Arrived from Calcutta via Colombo.

S.S. Jalavijaya, Captain F. T W. Lewis, Agents Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Arrived from Calcutta via Colombo.

S.S. Islami, Captain J. R. Dow, Agents Turner Morrison and Co., Arrived From Jeddah via Aden.

S.S. Havildar, Captain C. R. Harrison, Agents Turner Morrison and Co., Arrived from Rangoon via Colombo.

DEPARTURES

Bombay, November 27.

S.S. Garisoppa, Captain J. L. Ruddiman, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Sailed for Karachi via Bhavnagar.

S.S. Behar, Captain S. F. Champion, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Sailed for Kobe via Colombo.

S.S. Karanja, Capt. J Hannaford, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Sailed for Durban via Marmagoa.

S.S. City of Mobile, Captain R. J. Ricketts, Agent F. F. Campbell and Co., Sailed for Colachel, Colombo, Madras, Rangoon and Calcutta.

S.S. Nizam, Captain C. E. Pratt, Agents Turner Morrison and Co., Sailed for Calcutta via Pondicherry.

LOADING.

Bombay, November 27.

S.S. Biyo Maru, for China, Japan Ports via Singapur.

S.S. Carthage for China Japan Ports via Colombo.

S.S. Ranee for Sourabaya.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, November 27.

S.S. Viceroy of India for London:—40 bales wax B. Jaffer and Co.; 80 bags pepper Thomos Cook and Sons; 312 bags maurah meal K Prasad and Co.; 51 bags hemp T Dawoodbhoy; 119 bags lamb skins M M and Co.; 80 bundles wax T. Dawoodbhoy; 1400 bags gr. oil cake H. K. H. Shariff; 50 bags cattle, fish manure N R Okaram and Co.

For Marseilles:—2540 bags gr. nuts Ralli Bros.; 2880 bags gr. nuts K Devchand and Co.

For Famagasta:—25 bales cotton yarn R Shantilal and Co.; 13 bales piece goods R Shantilal and Co.

S.S. Elysea for Liverpool:—951 bags linseed oil cake Ralli Bros.; 600 pkts. myrabollams H Bhagwandas and Co.; 30 bales cotton fly L. O. Vora.

For Manchester:—50 bales cotton t. waste C. Jairam and Co.; 90 bales cotton fly L. O. Vora.; 20 bales cotton waste L O Vora.

S.S. Silverclen for Philadelphia:—4000 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas and Co.

S.S. City of Malate for New York:—300 cases condiments Oomar and Okell.

S.S. President Folk for New York:—32 bales goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 70 bags kemala powder D Abraham and Sons; 25 bags dill seed D Abraham and Sons; 150 bags gum N Mulji and Co.; 538 bags gum B Jaffar and Co; 112 bags gum C Mavji and Co.; 100 bales cotton fly H E Bode and Co.; 266 bags flea seed D Abraham and Sons; 133 bags gum D Khetsey and Co.; 50 bales wool E Mavji and Co.

For Marseilles:—62 bags mustard seed V Bros.; 1080 bags gr. kernels K M Nathoo; 100 bags cellery seed D Abraham and Sons; 3175 bags gr. nuts Ralli Bros.; 3840 bags gr. seed M Bhutta and Co.; 232 bags turmeric S M Rajgor and Co; 124 bags mustard seed S M Rajgor and Co.; 330 bales cotton A H Diab.

For Salonica:—70 bales heena fibre D Abraham and Sons.

For Boston:—30 bales goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 100 bales cotton waste P. D. Vora and Co.

S.S. Mantai Maru for Kobe:—66 bales cotton M S Kaisha; 200 bales cotton D V Bros.

S.S. Biyo Maru for Kobe:—200 bales cotton V Pras; 93 bales cotton P Madhavni and Co.

S.S. Muraran Maru for Osaka:—400 bales cotton Kotak and Co.; 800 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co.

For Kobe:—300 bales cotton A Khimji and Co.; 200 bales cotton S Karamshi and Co.; 118 bales cotton C Jethabai & Co; 400 bales cotton M Amersey and Co.; 200 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, November 27.

S.S. Mantai Maru, agents O S Kaisha from Tokiyo:—135 cases cotton goods; 315 cases cotton yarn; 79 cases hardware; 200 cases sewing machines; 100 cases beer; 300 cases chlorate of potash; 25 drums bicar. of potash; 143 coils wires; 212 drums caustic soda.

From Yokohama:—100 cases beer; 412 drums caustic soda; 100 cases chlorate of potash; 135 cases green beans; 502 bales R. silk.

From Nagoya:—500 cases beer; 95 cases clocks; 235 bales cotton goods; 175 cases p. ware; 110 cases tiles; 33 bags stone powder; 60 cases gl. bottles; 45 pkgs gl. ware;

From Osaka:—485 cases p. ware; 100 drums calcium Carbide; 40 cases tin boxes; 130 cases gl. bottles; 497 cases gl. ware; 95 cases rayon yarn; 583 cases cotton goods; 56 cases toys; 920 crts. iron sheet; 50 bags t. acid; 400 reels gal. barbed wire; 855 cases paint; 150 bags sulphur.

From Kobe:—655 cases camphor; 200 bags s. acid; 790 cases cotton goods; 85 cases silk yarn; 165 bags stone powder; 150 bags ginger; 300 crts. potatoes; 63 cases bangles; 100 bags acid ginger; 45 bundles chest wood; 75 cases gl. ware; 93 cases r. goods.

From Moje:—902 cases glass; 45 cases el. ware; 508 bags soda ash.

From Hongkong:—150 pkgs. sugar candy; 75 cases preserves; 550 pkgs. cassie.

From Canton:—1100 bundles cassie.

From Shanghai:—40 cases s. yarn; 255 bags green leaves.

From Singapore:—1589 bags sago flour; 644 bundles rattons; 68 bags d. batu; 85 bags b. nuts; 101 bundles pine apples.

From Colombo:—151 bags arecanuts; 1239 bags copra; 90 cases tea.

### S. I. SOCIETY AND SEVA SADAN

#### Will Continue Co-operation As Before, Assures Pandit Kunzru

BOMBAY, Nov. 27.

Pandit Hridayanath Kunzru, Vice-President of the Servants of India Society, arrived in Bombay this morning from Poona, where he had been to visit the Seva Sadan which is late Mr. Deodhar's life work.

In an interview to the United Press Pandit Kunzru stated that in Poona the workers of the Seva Sadan discussed with him the difficult situation in which they found themselves owing to Deodhar's lamented death, and they unanimously expressed to him that the assistance of the Servants of India Society was necessary to the future progress of the Seva Sadan.

In connection with the resolution passed by the Council of the Sadan formally requesting the Servants of India Society to lend to it the services of a member who should take Deodhar's place, Pandit Kunzru said that the Society had had no time to consider the matter formally nor will a decision be possible till the members of the Society meet towards the end of December.

But Mr. Kunzru stated that he had assured the Seva Sadan workers that Mr. Deodhar's death made no difference as to their attitude towards the Sadan and that they were as keenly interested in its maintenance as before.

Mr. Kunzru reiterated that the members of the Servants of India Society still considered themselves as closely connected with the Sadan as hitherto, as was shown by the fact that Mr. Vaze had agreed to serve on its Council.

Pandit Kunzru will be leaving Bombay for Allahabad on Friday. —United Press.

### DOGRA SHOOTING CASE JUDGMENT

AGRA, Nov. 27.

Judgment in Dogra shooting case was delivered this afternoon. Ramsing alias Hemchander, the principal accused was sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment and Mangilal alias Rameshchanderyas to five years' rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

### SIAM GOVT. ON TRAIL OF KINGSFORD SMITH

NEW DELHI Nov. 27.

With regard to the report received about the lost airman Sir Charles Kingsford Smith that the aircraft with a broken wing was found in a jungle near Lakpu, it is learnt that Siamese Government have been asked to investigate into the matter.

Some information in this regard is expected shortly.—United Press.

# NEW YORK COTTON

## Scattered Foreign Selling

Bombay, Nov. 27.

On Tuesday the New York cotton was nervous as regards developments in Europe and the uncertainty with regard to Washington plan of acreage. The market was easier in the absence of any important buying and also by unfavourable Liverpool cables and foreign selling.

The market opened at a decline of 2 points with March 11.61. There was scattered buying which improved prices by 3 points from the opening level and March was quoted 11.64 which was the highest level for the day. Later on there was some foreign selling and prices declined 8 points from the highest level and March was quoted 11.56. Later on prices improved on scale down buying and the market closed at a net decline of one point to 6 points. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 12.25c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 1 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices declined 4 points at 12.20c. per lb.

All American Markets will remain closed on Thursday being "Thanks-Giving Day."

PRIVATE CABLES—

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Mixed market. Increased Southern hedging offset by strength of Egyptian. Operators generally awaiting Washington acreage announcement. Reported pool still liquidating January.

New York: Spot situation remains unchanged. But the market affected unfavourably by the political situation in Europe and easier securities market. Scaledown buying was sustaining feature.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, November 26

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| December | .. .. | 11.82—01 |
| January | .. .. | 11.73—06 |
| March | .. .. | 11.61—02 |
| May | .. .. | 11.50—02 |
| July | .. .. | 11.42—04 |
| October | .. .. | 11.19—02 |
| Middling Spot | .. | 12.25 |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, November 26

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| December | .. .. | 11.85—01 |
| January | .. .. | 11.72—05 |
| March | .. .. | 11.60—04 |
| Middling Spot | .. | 12.20—04 |

NEW YORK
New York, November 26

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| New York 10-55 A.M.— | | |
| December | .. .. | 11.80 |
| January | .. .. | 11.68 |
| March | .. .. | 11.52 |
| New York Noon Call— | | |
| December | .. .. | 11.80 |
| January | .. .. | .... |
| March | .. .. | 11.58 |

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, November 26

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Day's receipts at all U. S. ports | 43,000 |
| Day's exports to Great Britain .. .. .. | 16,000 |
| Day's exports to the continent | 8,000 |

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, November 26

| | |
|---|---|
| F. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS | |
| November 1935 .. | 9.96+10 |
| January 1936 .. | 9.41+11 |
| March 1936 .. .. | 9.10+07 |
| May 1936 .. .. | 8.93+06 |
| July 1936 .. .. | 8.80+07 |
| October 1936 .. .. | 8.70+07 |
| November 1936 .. | 8.52+07 |
| F. G. F. Spot .. .. | 10.31+07 |

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, November 26.

| | |
|---|---|
| Broach— | |
| Fully Good (Good Staple) .. | 6.05 |
| Fine (Good Staple) .. | 6.20 |
| Superfine (Good Staple .. | 6.35 |
| Oomra— | |
| Fine (No. 1 Staple) .. | 6.03 |
| Superfine (No.1 Staple) .. | 6.18 |
| Choice (No. 1 Staple) .. | 6.33 |
| Bengal— | |
| Good .. .. .. | 4.59 |
| Fully Good .. .. | 4.69 |
| Fine .. .. .. .. | 4.81 |
| Scinde— | |
| Fully Good .. .. .. | 4.69 |
| Fine .. .. .. .. | 4.81 |
| Superfine .. .. .. | 4.93 |

SEEDS.
London, November 26.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton: Nov. sellers £10-0-0

Linseed Calcutta London, c.i.f. ton: Nov./Dec. sellers £12-6-3.

Linseed Bombay London, c.i.f. ton Nov./Dec. sellers £12-15-0.

Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont'l c.i.f. ton Nov./Dec. sellers £13-5-0.

Castorseeds Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton. Nov./Dec. sellers £13-7-6.

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET
London, November 26.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 28 C & F Calcutta Nov./Dec. Nominal per cwt. 6/5

C & F Bombay:— Nov./Dec. Nominal per cwt. 6/6.

C & F Karachi:— Nov./Dec. Nominal per cwt. 6/6.

NEW YORK COFFEE.
New York, November 26

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality): 6-3/8.

# LIVERPOOL COTTON

## Hedging And Straddle Selling

Bombay, Nov. 27.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 4 points with March 6.44 The feature of the market was hedge selling on limits and profit taking. Trading was chiefly local. Later prices improved in sympathy with Egyptian advices but reacted on disappointing New York. Hedging and straddle selling were offsetting trade calling. The market closed at a decline of 6 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined one point at 6.75d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 4 to 5 points. At the close January was quoted 5.82. March 5.73 and May 5.70.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

There was active enquiry in Egyptian cotton. Sakels futures closed 16 to 7 points up and Uppers closed at a rise of 8 points to a decline of one point.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was irregular. Sakels features closed 7 points up to 4 points down and Ashmouni features closed 5 points higher to 2 points down.

FRENCH SITUATION.

Messrs. M. & B. Stern state:—

The market was quiet with the French political situation a depressing factor.

With regard to the various proposals for the disposal of Government cotton, the A.A.A. officials at present decline to commit themselves. It is pointed that since the extension of the 12 cent loan, they are not seriously concerned with the disposition of surplus.

The general feeling however is that the matter will receive more attention with the turn of the year.

In view of the Egyptian Ministry of Agriculture having rescinded the extraordinary control over cotton production and the fact that farmers this season have obtained remunerative prices, it seems highly probable next season's acreage will show a fair increase. The parity between Sakel and Americans in Liverpool has widened about one penny from the low point this season, and we consider the present difference for new crops wide enough.

We recommend sales of November Sakel 1936 against purchases of January Americans 1936 in Liverpool at or about the present difference of 248 points

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, November 26

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| November | .. .. | 6.54—06 |
| December | .. .. | 6.49—06 |
| January | .. .. | 6.46—06 |
| February | .. .. | 6.44—06 |
| March | .. .. | 6.42—06 |
| April | .. .. | 6.39—06 |
| May | .. .. | 6.37—06 |
| June | .. .. | 6.35—06 |
| July | .. .. | 6.33—06 |
| August | .. .. | 6.26—06 |
| September | .. .. | 6.18—06 |
| October | .. .. | 6.11—03 |
| November | .. .. | 6.08—03 |
| Middling Spot | .. | 6.75—01 |

To-day's 10-12- A M Quotations

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| January | .. .. .. | 6.47 |
| March | .. .. .. | 6.43 |

LINSEED OILS.
London, November 26.

Linseed Oils naked London per cwt. Dec. sellers 24/9.

Linseed Oils naked London per cwt Jan/April sellers 25/3

LONDON RUBBER.
London, November 26

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb. 6.5/16 sellers

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, November 26.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Parcels Jan./Feb. sellers 27/1-1/2.

Wheat Barletta Russo Parcels Nov. sellers 27/6

Wheat South Australian Parcels Nov sellers 28/9.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, November 26.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 5/8 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 11/16 per cent. to 3/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2-1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 1/2 per cent. to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 days market loan 1/2 per cent. to 1/2 per cent

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, November 26

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| T. T. London on:— | | |
| New York closing rate | .. | 4.93-13/16 |
| Paris | .. .. .. | 74.97 |
| Berlin | .. .. .. | 12.27-1/2 |
| Madrid | .. .. | 36.18 |
| Amsterdam | .. .. | 7.30-1/4 |
| Brussels | .. .. | 29.20-1/2. |
| Milan | .. .. .. | Unquoted |
| Berne | .. .. .. | 15.28-1/2 |
| Prague | .. .. .. | 119.50 |

# WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Nov 26

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

| | Dollars. |
|---|---|
| Amer Forn Power 7 per cent P | 28 |
| Electric Bond Common | 15 |
| Consolidated Gas | 32 |
| American Tel and Tel | 159 |
| Western Union Telg | 71 |
| Radio Corporation | 11 |
| Chesapeake and Ohio | 51 |
| New York Central | 26 1/4 |
| Erie R R | 12 |
| Great North Pfd | 30 |
| United States Steel | 47 3/4 |
| American Smelting | 59 |
| Int Nickel of Canada | 38 3/4 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 24 1/4 |
| General Motor | 55 3/4 |
| General Electric | 38 |
| Kelvinators | 15 |
| Socony | 12 1/2 |
| Chase Bank | 36 1/2 |
| National City Bank | 33 |
| American Radiator | 21 |

Market continues reactionary but trading less active.

Total business 2 1/4 million.

## COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 24/25th November 6,366 bales

Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935 252,960 bales

Receipts into Bombay same time last season 169,796 bales

Increase 83,164 bales

## COTTON STRADDLES

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: December 155 January 158 March 162 May 63 July 163 at Cross Rate 4.93 3/4

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1936 225/8 Liverpool May 1936 6.38 Rs. 51 3/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1936 225/8 New York May 11.50 Rs. 33 at Cross Rate 4.93 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London November 26

| | £ |
|---|---|
| Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent... | 71 |
| Indian Stock 3 per cent. 1948 or later .. .. .. | 87-1/8 |
| Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later .. .. | 97-5/8 |
| Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55 .. .. .. | 114 |
| Consols 2-1/2 per cent. .. | 85-3/4 |
| Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1961 .. .. .. | 107-5/8 |
| War Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1952. | 105-7/8 |
| Funding Loan 4 per cent. 1960/90 .. .. .. | 117-1/4 |
| Victory Bonds 4 per cent. .. | 115-1/2 |
| Chartered Bank of I. A. and China .. .. .. | 13-1/8 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg. .. .. | 101-3/4 |
| National Bank of India .. | 43-1/4 |
| P. & O. Banking Corporation.. | 10 |

## INDORE MARKET QUOTATION

INDORE, Nov 26

(Messrs. Gangadhar Waman and Co., Krishanapura Indore.)

Wheat seeds and cotton. Rate per mani of 6 mds. Bengal.

Wheat Bombay Pass Rs. 22 24

Wheat Malwi Rs. 18 21

Wheat Pissi Rs. 17 20

Gram Rs.. 15 17

Tilseeds Rs. 45 50

Linseeds Bold Brown Rs. 26 27

Ajavan Rs. 16 18

Dhana Rs. 27 34

Lintal Rs. 18 20

Tuar Rs. 23 25

Moog (Green) Rs. 18 20

Moog (Black) Rs 12 15

Maka Rs. 12 14

Oil cakes Rs 18 22

Cottonseeds Rs. 15 18

Kappas Malwi Rs. 44 50

Chilies Rs 70 80

Ghee Rs. 220 245

Cotton Malwi per boja of 4 mds. Bengal 80 98

Cotton Nimadi per boja of 4 mds. Bengal 78 85

Cotton Broach opening per candy of 784 lbs. 216

Cotton Broach closing per candy of 784 lbs. 216

Wheat flour Maida per bag of 95 srs. 10

Wheat flour Rawa per bag of 95 srs. 10/8

Wheat flour Ata per bag of 90 srs. 8/12

Wheat flour Chapad per bag of 40 srs. 3/12

Satan per than—

Hukumchand 4

Kalyanmal 4/2

Indore Malwa 4/4

State 4/1

Binod 3/15

Rajakumar 4/4

Swadeshi 4/1

Tea rates per lb.

Lipton 8 as. to 1/4

Brook Bond 7 as. to 1/2

Chandara 7 as. to 1/4

Shares:—

100 P N Bhandari Ltd L State Mills 56

100 Indore Malwa United Mills Ltd 72

100 Hukumchand Mills Ltd 180

100 Kalyanmal Mills Ltd ordy 134

100 Kalyanmal Mills Ltd pref 113

100 Rajakumar Mills Ltd 50

100 Swadeshi Cotton and Flour Mills Ltd 4

100 Nandalal Bhandari Mills Ltd 105

100 Binod Mills Ltd 145

25 United Profitable A Co Ltd 30

25 Indore Premier Co-operative Bank Ltd 12/8

25 Indore Premier Press Ltd 3

25 Bank of Indore Ltd 34

10 Hukumchand Jute Ltd 12

5 Indore Co-operative Insurance Ltd. 1

Bullion:—

Gold Bar per tola 36/8

Silver Bar per 100 tolas 67

# BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov 27

Following a small decline of 2 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 225/12 for Broach A/M and improved to Rs. 226/4. The market was dull and business was limited.

Liverpool market opened as expected at a rise of one point. The local market was quiet with Broach A/M, quoted at Rs. 226. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Broach A/M. | 226 0 0 |
| Oomra D/J. | 207 12 0 |
| Oomra March | 204 4 0 |
| Bengal D/J | 151 12 0 |
| Bengal March | 150 12 0 |

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

Extra

| | Sprfine | Sup | Fine | FG |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| M G Bengal U P | ... | 168 | 164 | 160 |
| M G Punjab | ... | 169 | 165 | 161 |
| M G Rajputana | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| M G Oomra No. 3 | 229 | 226 | 223 | 219 |
| M G C P No. 1 | 243 | 240 | 237 | 233 |

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Nov. 27.

300 Viram Ladha Hansi 16 on

70 A. H Dyab Nabha 153

29 Langli and Co. Jalgaon 7 on

100 Arjan Khimji Makteshwar 10-on

45 Arjan Khimji Dondaicha 211 3/4

130 Bombay Cotton Mill Bombay Press 170

52 Bombay and Co. Neemuch 196

100 Kamla Mill Sapur 211

50 Phinix Mill Malegaon 214

77 H. Bharmal Gulabpura 151

50 Damji Kalyanji Panipat 17 on

42 Morarji Gokuldas Akola 210 1/2

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Nov. 27.

| | Old. | New. |
|---|---|---|
| Bengal Superfine | ... | 168 |
| Bengal Fine | ... | 164 |
| C.P. 1 Fine | 224/226 | 236/238 |
| C.P. 2 Fine | 218/220 | 226/228 |
| Arvi Fine | ... | 228/230 |
| Ellichpur Fine | ... | 223/226 |
| Berar Fine | 215/217 | 222/224 |
| Khamgaon Fine | ... | 223/225 |
| Mulkapur Fine | ... | 221/223 |
| Khandesh Fine | 203/206 | 213/217 |
| Jalna/Sailu Fine | ... | 213/215 |
| Burwah Sanavad Fine | 212/214 | ... |
| Broach Fine | 236/241 | ... |
| Sindh-American | ... | 261 |
| Cambodia | 296/301 | ... |
| Cambodia 2nd crop | 261/266 | ... |
| Compta Good | 271/276 | ... |
| Westerns | 251/256 | ... |
| Kampala | 366/368 | ... |
| Busoga | 364 | ... |
| Jinja | 351/353 | ... |
| New Manza | 323/338 | ... |

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, Nov 27

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales.

| | Yesterday. | This year. |
|---|---|---|
| Khandesh | 2,023 | 19,805 |
| Central India | 90 | 17,903 |
| Barsi and Nagar | 484 | 11,762 |
| Hyderabad Gaorani | ... | 2,212 |
| Berar | 753 | 13,533 |
| Central Provinces | 62 | 4,160 |
| Total Oomras | 3,412 | 69,375 |
| Dholera | 51 | 8,597 |
| N W Provinces | 1,229 | 18,359 |
| Rajputana | 483 | 20,264 |
| Sind-Punjab | 4,756 | 62,297 |
| Broach | ... | 3,020 |
| Coompta and Dharwar | 94 | 4,804 |
| Westerns Northerns | 110 | 7,445 |
| Cocoanada | ... | 39 |
| Tinnevelly and Cambodia | ... | 5,325 |
| Persian | 3 | 5 |
| American | ... | 3,282 |
| Egyptian and African | 2,916 | 62,906 |
| Comilla, Burma and other sorts. | 167 | 460 |
| Total | 13,221 | 266,181 |

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept to 21st Nov

In full-pressed bales

| | Yesterday. | This year. |
|---|---|---|
| Europe | 129 | 78,944 |
| Japan and China | 10,804 | 143,440 |
| Coast Ports | 776 | 6,280 |
| Up-country by Rail | ... | 43,017 |
| Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan | ... | 18,956 |
| Total. | 11,709 | 290,637 |

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Nov 27

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat | 7,323 cwts. |
| Linseed | 1,876 cwts. |
| Rape, Rai and Mustard-seeds | 98 cwts. |
| Gingellyseed | 1,688 cwts. |
| Poppyseed | 216 cwts. |
| Groundnuts | 17,756 cwts. |
| Castorseed | 77 cwts. |
| Rice | 11,084 cwts. |
| Myrabollams | 1,687 cwts. |
| Cottonseed | 5,113 cwts. |
| Gram | 794 cwts. |
| Joowar | 1,921 cwts. |
| Maize | 33 cwts. |
| Barley | 325 cwts. |
| Bajree | 1,580 cwts. |
| Coal | 3,649 tons. |

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

| F.P. Bales | 1935-36 | 1934-35 |
|---|---|---|
| Receipts to date 26-11-35 | 4474000 | 2859000 |
| Receipts Yesterday 26-11-35 | 43000 | 18000 |
| Exports to date 26-11-35 | 2257000 | 1840000 |
| Stock at Ports 22-11-35 | 3023000 | 3181000 |
| Stock at Interior Towns 22-11-35 | 321000 | 1981000 |
| Stock at Liverpool 22-11-35 | 530000 | 936000 |
| Visible Supply 22-11-35 | 8016000 | 8835000 |
| Quantity in sight 22-11-35 | 7543000 | 4955000 |
| Quantity out of sight 22-11-35 | 2372000 | 3345000 |

# GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov 27

| | |
|---|---|
| 3 per cent | 1951/54 100/3 |
| 3 per cent | 1941 103/2 |
| 3 1/2 per cent | G P N 96/2 |
| 3 1/2 per cent | 1947/50 104/10 |
| 4 per cent | 1943 108/1 |
| 4 per cent | 1960/70 110/1 |
| 4 1/2 per cent | 1950/60 113/2 |
| 5 per cent | 1939/44 109/2 |
| 5 per cent | 1940/43 110/10 |
| 5 1/2 per cent | 1938/40 108/12 |

TAX-FREES

| | |
|---|---|
| 5 per cent | 1945/55 Loan 118/12 |
| 4 per cent | 1958/68 Mysore 109 |
| 5 per cent | 1955 Mysore 120 |
| 5 1/2 per cent | 1938 Mysore 109 |

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 per cent | B P T 1974 105 |
| 4 per cent | M Deb 1974 104/8 |
| 5 per cent | M Deb 1939 114/4 |
| 6 per cent | M Deb 1954 127 |
| 6 per cent | K P T 1936 127 |
| 6 1/2 per cent | B I T 1937 105 |

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 95/11 and after declining to Rs. 95/10 advanced to Rs. 96/2. Business for 16 December settlement commenced to-day and quotation was 2 annas lower. Later on there was further buying and prices advanced to Rs. 96/5. There is a good demand and it seems that prices will harden further in the near future as there exists large short interest.

## GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Nov 27

The local silver market was steady to-day with somewhat better enquiry on favourable advices from London. There was scattered buying which improved prices to Rs. 65/5. The gold market was quietly steady with a limited business. At the moment the market looks like fluctuating irregularly pending European developments.

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Ready silver | 65 4 0 |
| Magsar delivery | 65 6 0 |
| Magsar Tejimandi | 1 0 0 |
| Posh delivery | 65 10 0 |
| Posh Tejimandi | 2 0 0 |
| Gold ready | 34 13 9 |
| Magasar delivery | 34 13 6 |
| Magasar Tejimandi | 0 4 0 |
| Posh delivery | 34 13 3 |
| Posh Tejimandi | 0 8 0 |

LONDON SILVER.
London, November 26

| | |
|---|---|
| Market Steady. | |
| Spot .. .. .. | 29-3/16 |
| Forward .. .. .. | 28-3/4 |

LONDON GOLD.
London Nov. 26.

| | £ |
|---|---|
| Gold Bars, Fine per oz. | £7-0-11 |

LONDON METALS.
London, November 26

| | £ |
|---|---|
| Copper Braziers .. .. | 49-1/4 |
| Yellow Metal .. .. .. | 41 |
| Spelter Hard Indian Brands.. | 15-5/8 |
| Corrugated sheets 24 gauge .. | 12-3/4 |
| Tin English Ingots Liverpool F. O. B. .. .. .. | 220-3/4 |

# MONEY MARKET

## Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Nov 27

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/32

LONDON—

Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32 Nov

Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 June-Dec 1936

Banks buying T T 1/6 5/32

Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16

Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK—

B C Rate T T 271 1/4

Banks selling T T 269 1/4

Banks buying T T 266 3/8

PARIS

Banks selling D D 563

Banks buying D D 578

AMSTERDAM—

Banks selling D D 54 3/4

JAVA

Banks selling D D 54 1/2

JAPAN—

Banks selling T T 77 3/8

Banks buying T T 77 1/8

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 99 3/4

SHANGHAI—

Banks selling D D 31 3/4

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 156

BERLIN

Banks selling D D 90 3/4

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.93 3/4 26th instant

Hongkong/London 1/5 13/16 27th instant

Shanghai/London 1/2 1/2 27th instant

Japan/London 1/2 27th instant

Java/London 7.27 27th instant

London/Paris 74.97 26th instant

London/Belgium 29.20 1/2 26th instant

London/Switzerland 15.28 1/2 26th instant

London/Berlin 12.27 1/2 26th instant

London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 26th instant

London/New York 4.93 13/16 26th instant

London/Amsterdam 7.30 1/4 26th instant

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady. Gold £7-0-11 1/2 25th instant £7-0-11 26th instant

Silver London Ready 29 3/16 25th instant 29 5/16 26th instant

Silver London Forward 28 3/4 25th instant 28 3/4 26th instant

Silver New York Ready 65 5/8 25th instant 65 5/8 26th instant

London discounts 3 mos 5/8 per cent 25th instant 5/8 per cent 26th instant

London discounts 6 mos 3/4 per cent 25th instant 5/8 per cent 26th instant

London discounts 6 mos 3/4 per cent 25th instant 3/4 per cent 26th instant

Reserve Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/4 per cent.

3 mos 1 per cent.

6 mos 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Easy.

# Dull Day In Share Bazar

## Absence Of Business

Bombay, November 27.

**The local Share Bazaar ruled dull to-day and in the absence of any important business prices fluctuated within a narrow range.**

**Tata Steel Shares, the chief active spot of speculative enthusiasm was dull with a marked absence of any important business and Tata Steel Dfds. Shares fluctuated within a narrow range of rupees eight and closing quotations show small losses.**

**In view of disturbed European political situation local operations are not inclined to operate and are holding aloof. Even cheapness of money fails to attract investors. There was slightly better inquiry in Government Securities and 3 1/2 per cent paper was quoted at Rs. 96|1.**

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay, Nov. 27.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 100 | Ahm Advance | 302 8 |
| 300 | Bombay Cotton | 40 0 |
| 250 | Bombay Dyeing | 753 12 |
| 250 | Bradbury | 100 0 |
| 100 | Century | 218 2 |
| 100 | Central | 264 6 |
| 100 | Colaba | 140 10 |
| 100 | Coorla | 98 0 |
| 250 | David | 60 0 |
| 250 | Dawn | 340 0 |
| 1 | E D Sassoon | 0-5-0 |
| 100 | Finlay | 131 4 |
| 100 | Gokak | 172 8 |
| 100 | Hindustan | 1750 0 |
| 100 | Indore | 72 8 |
| 100 | Khatau | 78 2 |
| 100 | Kohinoor | 203 12 |
| 250 | Laxmi | 667 8 |
| 100 | Madhavji | 11 0 |
| 250 | Madras United | 40 0 |
| 1000 | Morarji | 865 0 |
| 250 | Model | 49 8 |
| 50 | Mysore | 95 0 |
| 200 | New Great | 127 8 |
| 100 | Oosmanshahi | 55 0 |
| 100 | Phoenix | 300 0 |
| 25 | Sassoon Silk | 35 0 |
| 1000 | Sholapur | 2400 0 |
| 50 | Simplex | 71 4 |
| 100 | Swadeshi | 158 12 |
| 100 | Swan | 107 8 |
| 25 | Tata | 8 0 |
| 500 | Vishnu | 1300 0 |
| 1000 | Western | 750 0 |

BANKS

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 50-100 | Baroda | 102 12 |
| 25-50 | Central | 35 14 |
| 500 | Imperial | 1560 0 |
| 125-50 | Im. Con. | 382 8 |
| 50-100 | India | 124 12 |
| 100 | Reserve Bank | 127 0 |
| 5 | Union | 5 4 |

CEMENTS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 10 | Bundi | 34 8 |
| 70 | Gwalior | 121 4 |
| 100 | Indian | 450 10 |
| 100 | Katni Def. | 2060 0 |
| 100 | Katni Ord. | 368 12 |
| 10 | Okha | 250 0 |
| 10 | Punjab | 24 2 |
| 100 | Shahabad | 471 4 |
| 70 | United | 119 0 |

INSURANCE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 15-75 | New India | 11 6 |
| 15-100 | Jupiter | 43 8 |
| 200 | Oriental | 4570 0 |
| 10-100 | Vulcan | 7 0 |

ELECTRIC.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1000 | Andhra Valley | 1632 8 |
| 1000 | Andhra Valley | 1630 0 |
| 10 | Ajmer | 12 4 |
| 60 | Bombay Tram | 146 9 |
| 100 | Bombay Suburban | 170 0 |
| 10 | Broach | 11 12 |
| 100 | Karachi | 223 12 |
| 100 | Poona | 218 12 |
| 100 | Surat | 175 0 |
| 100 | Tata Hydro | 163 7 |

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Nov 27

| | |
|---|---|
| Century | 217 220 218/2 |
| Bombay Dyeing | 755 753 |
| Kohinoor | 203 |
| Central India | 265 264 |
| New Great | 127 |
| Simplex | 70 71 |
| Swadeshi | 160 158/12 |
| Bundi | 34/14, 34 34/4 34/8 |
| I Cement | 451 450 451 450/10 |
| Punjab | 24 24/2 |
| Shahabad | 470 472 471 |
| Andhra | 1630 1632 |
| Tata Hydro | 163/2 163/7 |
| Tata Power | 1530 1525 1528 1531 |
| Tram Ord | 146/14 146/9 |
| T Steel Defd | 580 581 573 581 576 578/12 |
| T Steel Ord | 147/8 147/12 147/4 148/4 147/4 |
| Tata Steel 2nd pref | 138/8 |
| Bellapur | 342 343 342 |
| B Steam | 281 |
| B Burma | 407 410 408 410 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1000 | Tata Power | 1531 4 |

RAILWAYS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 500 | Ahm Prantij | 900 0 |
| 100 | Amr. Patty | 119 12 |
| 100 | C. Province | 91 0 |
| 100 | Dhond Baramati | 97 8 |
| 100 | Gujarat | 74 8 |
| 100 | Mandra Bhon | 96 0 |
| 100 | Pachora Jamner | 92 0 |
| 100 | Sara Sirajgunge | 93 0 |
| 500 | Tapty Valley | 772 8 |

MININGS

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 10 | Shivrajpur | 32 0 |
| 30 | Tata Steel Def. | 578 12 |
| 75 | Tata Steel Ord. | 147 4 |

MISCELLANEOUS

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 100 | Alcock | 191 4 |
| 50 | Belapur Sugar | 342 8 |
| 150 | Bombay Steam | 281 4 |
| 125 | Bombay Burma | 410 0 |
| 50 | Bombay Burma Cont. | 136 14 |
| 8sh. | Br. B. Petrol | 3 8 |
| 100 | Bombay Telephone | 105 0 |
| 100 | Indian Bleaching | 103 12 |
| 160 | Indian Radio Def. | 515 0 |
| 100 | Ind. Radio Ord. | 487 8 |
| 1000 | Port Canning | 605 0 |
| 15 | Scindia | 14 3 |
| 30 | Premier Construction | 72 0 |
| 25 | Tata Oil | 17 12 |

PREFERENCE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7 | p.c. Andhra Valley | 1422 8 |
| 6 | p.c. Bombay Steam | 283 12 |
| 7 | p.c. Bombay Trams | 84 4 |
| 5 | p.c. Central India | 522 8 |
| 7 | p.c. Katni 1st | 136 4 |
| 7 | p.c. Katni 2nd | 138 12 |
| 7-1/2 | p.c. Punjab Cement | 14 8 |
| 7 | p.c. Tata Hydro | 148 12 |
| 7½ | p.c. Tata Power | 1475 0 |
| 6 | p.c. Tata Steel 1st | 138 12 |
| 7½ | p.c. Tata Steel 2nd | 158 12 |
| 5 1/2 | p.c. Tata Mill | 13 9 |
| 7 | p.c. Vishnu | 647 8 |

## BOMBAY METAL MARKET

Bombay, Nov 27

London market—

Standard Copper Cash (Buyers) £35-5-0

Standard Copper Cash (Sellers) £35-6-3

Standard Copper 3 months £35-12-3

Electrolytic copper £39-15-0

New York market—

Blue Eagle 9 1/4 cents

Non-Blue Eagle 8 5/8 cents

Bombay market—

Yellow Metal Sheets Rs. 33-8-0

Copper Sheets Rs. 37-8-0

Tone: Very steady.

## LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov 26

December 73 1/4d.

March 70 1/4d.

May 70 1/4d.

## NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Nov 26

December 2.24—05

March 2.11—06

May 2.14—07

July 2.18—06

## CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov 26

December 0.97 7/8c.

May 0.97 1/2c.

July 0.89 1/2c.

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Nov. 27.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 7/4/8; Highest Rs. 7/5/3; Lowest Rs. 7/4/1 1/2; Closing Rs. 7/4/9.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs. 7/7/7 1/2; Highest Rs. 7/9/6; Lowest Rs. 7/7/4 1/2; Closing Rs. 7/8/9.

Cotton Seeds Delivery January Opening Rs. 3/5/6; Highest Rs. 3/6/9; Lowest Rs. 3/5/4 1/2; Closing Rs. 3/6/4 1/2

## INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Nov 26

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 37 1/8

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 97 5/8

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59 105

4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53 107 3/4

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55 114

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68 115

5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47 113

5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38 103 3/4

6 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1935/37 —

3 per cent Indian Sterling New 5/8 prem

2 1/2 per cent British Consols 85 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Conversion 107 5/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan 105 7/8

## HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Nov 26

Broach A/M 1936 opening 226 1/4; highest 226 1/4; lowest 225 3/4; closing 226 1/4

Oomra D/J opening 207 1/4; highest 207 1/2; lowest 207; closing 207 1/2

Oomra March opening 204 1/4; highest 204 1/4; lowest 204; closing 204 1/4

Bengal D/J opening 151 1/2; highest 151 1/2; lowest 150 1/4; closing 150 1/4

Bengal March opening 148 1/2; highest 149; lowest 148; closing 149

Tejimandi for Broach A/M 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 19 3/4

Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (21-12-35) Rs 7 3/4

## BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, Nov 27

Java ready 13-9-6

S S Northmoor 3-15-0

N D shipment 3-15-0

J M shipment 4-4-0

Kesar ready 14-5-0

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JUPITER AND INSURANCE go hand in hand. J1

REGD. NO. B. 1065

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

JUPITER GENERAL is doing all classes of INSURANCE Business. J2

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1935

# Bombay Team Against Australians

## STRANGE WAYS OF SELECTORS

***Now that the tumult and shouting of the Quadrangular Tournament have died down, cricket enthusiasts are looking forward to the visit of the Australians at the end of the week. The selection of the All-India XI has caused much dissatisfaction amongst lovers of the game. To deprive such a great-hearted cricketer as Major C K. Nayudu of the captaincy, is a poor reward for the services he has rendered to the cause of Indian cricket.***

The ways of the selectors are mysterious. When the Indian team toured England in 1933, the same mistake was made. The Maharajah of Porebunder was selected captain but he was only an ornament, the burden of skipper falling on the shoulders of C. K. Nayudu.

**Cricket Bourbons**

Like the Bourbons the selectors have learnt nothing since then. On current form they will be hard put to justify the choice of the Yuvaraj of Patiala as an ordinary member of the team, let alone his appointment as captain. On grounds of inexperience as a leader he is ineligible to supersede C. K. Nayudu. It is surprising now an experienced cricketer like Dr. Homi Kanga could have acquiesced in a grave injustice to the most deserving man for the post.

P. E. Palia is also lucky to be chosen. His display in the Quadrangular Tournament was disappointing. As a left-hand bowler and opening bat Mushtaque Ali should have replaced him. His exclusion may only be explained by the fact that he will be selected for another All-India Team at Calcutta or Madras.

**An Amazing Choice**

There could be nothing more amazing than the choice of L. P Jai as Captain of the Bombay team against the Australians. The Hindus left him out in their first match against the Parsis. Jai was pressed into service against the Muslims in the final of the Quadrangular and everybody knows that he was a complete failure. Lack of practice made his warmest admirers feel sorry for him. H. J. Vajifdar would certainly have made a better choice. R. J. Jamshedji has probably been selected to show Ryder, the Australian Captain, that we also venerate age and can put into the field, veterans.

The Selection Committee must be satisfied that all the leading gymkhanas have been represented.

In wishing the team good luck, it is to be hoped that Jai and Jamshedji will break some track records against the Aussies.

**BOMBAY TEAM**

**L. P. JAI, (Captain),**
**H. N. CONTRACTOR,**
**H. J. VAJIFDAR,**
**G. RICHARDS,**
**R. J. D. JAMSHEDJI,**
**D. R. HAVEWALLA,**
**D. D. HINDLEKAR,**
**A. BAPORIA,**
**S. M. KADRI,**
**R. G. HOPKINS,**
**R. R. WADKAR.**

**RESERVES.**

**C. N. MEHTA.**
**D. S. TALPADE,**
**J. B. KHOTE.**

Mr. Ramanath P. Naik, who recently came out successful in the I.C.S. examination, arrived in Bombay by Monday's mail boat. He has been posted in Sind.

Britain appears determined to keep her control over Lake Tana, in North-West Ethiopia, since any hostile Power can effectively divert the waters of the Blue Nile (which flow out of the lake) much to the detriment of the Sudan cotton fields in which Britain is vitally interested. Photo shows two Englishmen being rowed across the Blue Nile, two miles below Lake Tana.

## FALL IN BALANCE OF TRADE DESPITE GOLD FLIGHT

### Official Review Records Big Decline In Prices Of Agricultural Products

NEW DELHI, Nov. 27.

Signs of a further progress towards recovery were visible in many directions during the year, says the Review of the Trade of India in 1934-35. It continues: "From such indications as are visible, industrial progress seems to have been fairly generally maintained. The cotton mill industry did very well in the year under review; production recorded a large advance and the rate of clearance was also more satisfactory than in the preceding year. The jute industry had a good record. Production increased and exports advanced, the stock situation was much easier, and jute share appreciated in value. Conditions in the iron and steel industry were also satisfactory, and there was an appreciable increase in production.

From such returns of production as are available, it would appear that there was improvement to a varying extent in the output of cement, paper and the chemical industries. In the case of sugar the total production for the season is likely to show an increase over the preceding season, while the production of machines in the latter half of the year showed an appreciable improvement. The output of petrol and kerosene also increased during the year under review. There was not, however, much improvement in conditions in the coal industry.

**UNFAVOURABLE TRADE BALANCE**

As regards foreign trade, the increase in imports was much larger than in the case of exports, and the balance of trade in merchandise fell by Rs. 11-3/4 crores. Exports of gold, however, continued on a large, though a more restricted, scale than in the preceding year, and India's position as regards foreign payments thus continued favourable. National credit stood high, and the conversion operations of Government were attended with marked success.

**SLUMP IN COMMODITY PRICES**

The study of the course of prices indicate that the prices of agricultural commodities have fallen much greater than those of manufactured goods. The largest decrease in the money value of agricultural produce occurred in the case of Burma. As compared with 1928-29, there was a drop by 63.3 per cent in the agricultural income of Burma, and this was principally due to the slump in the price of rice. In Bengal, there was a decline of 58.9 per cent, and in Bihar and Orissa of 59.6 per cent. In Madras there was a decline by 54 per cent, the value of two principal products, rice and groundnuts, showing a substantial decline. In Bombay, the decline was to the extent of 49.8 per cent and in the Punjab, of 47.8 per cent. In the Central Provinces and Berar there was a decline of 55.9 per cent. Taking these eight provinces together, there was a fall of 53.6 per cent as compared with 1928-29.—A.P.

## BERAR UNDER REFORMS

### Govt. Recommend Allotment Of 30 Seats In Assembly

(From Our Correspondent)
NAGPUR, November 26.

I understand from a reliable source that the C. P. Government have recommended to the Central Delimitation Committee that 30 seats in the C. P. and Berar Legislative Assembly under the new constitution would be allotted to Berar.

Government's memoranda to the Delimitation Committee will be published after the Committee's arrival in Nagpur on 1st December.

## BOMBAY-TRIVANDRUM AIR SERVICE

### Regular Mail Conveyance Starts

TRIVANDRUM, Nov. 26.

The first regular air mail from London, Europe and India was brought to-day by the Tata's Bombay-Trivandrum Air Service which has been working now for nearly a month. To-day's trip inaugurates the weekly air mail service between Trivandrum and Bombay and connects up with Karachi and the rest of India as well as Europe and Great Britain. To-day's mails weighed about six pounds, including a bag from Cannanore. Local Postal authorities made prompt arrangement for the distribution of the first air mail, and a special delivery was arranged.

The northbound service leaves on Friday mornings from Trivandrum.

It will be recalled that when the Bombay-Trivandrum Air Service was inaugurated last month, the mails were carried on the first southbound and northbound flights as a demonstration, but regular conveyance of Mails by air on this service commenced only to-day.—A. P.

## CONGRESSMEN FOR LOCAL BOARDS

### Candidates Committee To Settle Election Disputes

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALLAHABAD, Nov. 27.

Trouble still persists at Lucknow over elections to the District and Municipal Boards among the Congressmen.

The latest device to get over the difficulty is reported to be to vest in the candidates who have been already approved by the Civic Board the power to settle the matter in whatever way they like. These approved candidates have therefore formed themselves into a committee to settle the election disputes.

It is hoped, this autonomy granted to the approved candidates may lead to a settlement.

Dictators appointed at Agra to run the Congress are at work.

One responsible Congressman, however, told me that Congress Reception Committee still existed and dictators will at any rate will be informally guided by it.

## LORD WILLINGDON'S MARBLE STATUE

NEW DELHI (By Mail.)

A communique issued from Viceroy's House on November 24 states:—

A very fine marble statue of the Viceroy has been erected in the Great Palace to join those already there of his predecessors in Office since Lord Hardinge, the founder of New Delhi. The statue is a munificent gift of many ruling Princes of India who, at the instigation of His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal, subscribed towards erecting a worthy monument to one of whom they have known for many years and who is shortly laying down his high office in this country.—United Press.

## COLONY FOR GANDEVI SWEEPERS

### Municipality To Provide Well-Ventilated Houses

(From Our Correspondent)
GANDEVI, Nov 23.

The Gandevi Municipality has decided to provide for their Bhangi servants well lighted and well ventilated houses as a mark of the commemoration of the Gaekwar's Diamond Jubilee.

At their last general meeting, several schemes came up before the city fathers for their consideration as to how best to perpetuate the memory of His Highness regime by raising a fitting memorial. One of them was for raising a suitable building to house the Municipal Offices. But waiving them all, the city fathers unanimously decided to build a special colony of lighted and ventilated houses for their sweepers, thus enabling them to give up their present hovels. They have sanctioned Rs.4,000/- for the purpose and the plans and estimate for the colony are said to be ready.

The Municipality has sought M. R. R. Suba Saheb's permission to build the colony through direct contract instead of through the P. W. D. as required by the rules, in order to save 14 per cent. of the cost.

This is the first Municipality in the Raj that has set an example in the direction and it is hoped the Suba Saheb will gladly grant the necessary permission if that might enable the Municipality to build up the colony economically.

## WOMAN'S STORY OF ASSAULT ON HUSBAND

(From Our Correspondent.)
GANDEVI, November 26.

The Dubla beating case came up for hearing yesterday before the Second Class Magistrate when the court was packed with spectators.

The complainant woman was subjected to cross examination by the counsel for over three hours.. She answered how her husband was seduced from the house by a policeman in the name of a call from Fozdar and beaten by the accused on the way and near the Fozdar's Bungalow.

Recording of evidence is not yet over and the case stands adjourned to November 30, when her cross-examination will be resumed. Mr. Kashibhai Patel and Mr. Ambalal Patel appeared for the complainant Dubla.

## UNITED FRONT TO TARIFF BOARD

### No Division In Textile Industry

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 26.

"There is complete unanimity among all centres regarding the issues to be presented to the Tariff Board", declared Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai, President, Ahmedabad Mill-owners Association, referring to a press report that the Indian textile industry was not presenting a united front to the Tariff Board. The President added that the statement of the Ahmedabad Millowners Association would be submitted to the Tariff Board by the end of the week. A. P.

## BOMBAY'S NEXT SHERIFF

### Keen Competition For High Office With No Stipend

Keen competition for the office of the Sheriff which falls vacant next month still continues. Besides the candidates mentioned a few days ago, names of some more gentlemen have been mentioned for the honour.

One is Prof. V. G. Rao, who is a nominated member of the Corporation for the last nine years. Another is Mr. C. B. Mehta.

It will be interesting to note in this connection that there was a time when the Government had to pay the Sheriff to the tune of nearly a lakh of rupees every year to keep up his dignity. The honour was conferred generally upon those citizens who once had seen affluence and wealth but owing to circumstances over which they had no control had fallen on evil days.

The practice was to give half the amount of the collections realised in the Sheriff's Department in the Bombay High Court, which used to come to between Rs. one lakh and Rs. two lakhs a year to the Sheriff as his honorarium or emolument.

In 1904 the late Mr. Zaverilal Umiashanker Yajnik, who was also then the President of the Municipal Corporation, accepted only Rs. 12,000 from the Government as his honorarium. In 1903 when Mr. Haribhai Ghelabhai Banker was appointed the practice of giving the honorarium was discontinued. Nowadays the Sheriff has to put his hand in his pocket and generally entertains the Governor to a Garden Party before he hands over the responsibility of his office to his successor.

The appointment will be announced some time next week.

## REGISTRATION OF JAIN TRUSTS

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 26.

With reference to the application of the act for registration of Trusts recently passed by the Bombay Legislative Council to Jain temples and allied charities, Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai, President Anandji Kalyanji representative body of All-India Jains, stated that the matter was considered by his Committee which was definitely of the opinion that the act should be applied to Jain trusts also. He, however, felt that the limit of income of Rs. 1,000 fixed for charities in general was very low and that in the case of Jain charities it shou'd be kept at least at Rs. 2,000.—A. P.

## WOMAN CONGRESS OFFICIAL FASTS FOR FORTNIGHT

HAZARIBAGH, Nov. 24.

Srimati Saraswati Devi, Assistant Secretary, D. C. C., Hazaribagh, and member of the Provincial Working Committee fasted for fifteen days in the cave of the Gobardhan Hills about 20 miles away from Brindaban. She lived only on water.

The cause of the fast is unknown.—United Press.

## GOVT. AND SOCIETY MUST CO-OPERATE

### Sapru On Tackling "Educated" Unemployment

CALCUTTA Nov. 25.

In a message to the General Secretary of the third session of the All Bengal Middle Class unemployed Youths' Conference to be held here on November 30th, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru says:—

"Personally I think the problem of unemployment should engage the attention of both the Government and the Indian Society. All my sympathies are with educated youths and I cannot think of anything more depressing for a young man than to find that despite education he cannot earn his living. I sincerely trust that a united effort will be made to tackle it and that there will be in the interests of our young men real co-operation between the Government and the Indian society".—United Press.

## Australian Trade Delegation For Delhi

NEW DELHI, November 26.

The Australian trade delegation composed of Mr. R. F. Sanderson, Mr. J. Thomson and Mr. S. F. Lynet are expected to arrive in Delhi shortly.

They will informally meet officials of the Government of India, but no official negotiation about any trade agreement with Australia will take place.

The delegation will tour important commercial centres in the country and will contact touch with important industrial and commercial magnates and associations.—United Press.

## "Aussies" Want Better Trade Relations With India

CALCUTTA, November 24.

Mr. R. F. Sanderson, leader of the Australian Trade Delegation, in course of a press interview stated that the lack of a direct shipping service between Australia and the Bay of Bengal ports and the uncompetitive rates of freight had hitherto been responsible for Australia's lack of interest in Indian trade.

"We do sense already very great possibilities for Australia's goods in Calcutta, specially in such commodities as tinned fruits jam, fresh fruits and other foodstuffs" Mr. Sanderson said, "but unless we are able to sell a greater quantity of our goods in the Indian market, neither the people of India will be able to learn anything about the importance of Australia in the scheme of things, nor will Australia realise the importance of India in international affairs".

The Delegation left for Cawnpore on the night of 22nd November.—United Press.

Madras.—At a public meeting of women under the auspices of the Women's Indian Association, the All-India Women's Conference and the Mothers' Association a resolution was unanimously passed expressing their profound sorrow at the loss to the country sustained by the demise of Mr. G. K. Devdhar and "is of opinion that an all-India memorial in his name should be raised."

## UNITY IN PUNJAB CONGRESS CAMPS

### Assurance Of Mutual Co-operation In Jubilee Affairs

LAHORE, November 26.

Further enquiries made into the rapprochement brought about between the two Congress camps in the Punjab, reveal that the decision of the party of Dr. Gopichand is to offer complete co-operation with the party of Dr. Satyapal in all matters including the Golden Jubilee celebrations. The adherents of Dr. Gopichand felt that in order to save the Congress from reactionary forces, they should present a united front.

It is further felt that since some forces seem to have arrayed themselves against the Congress in the Punjab, they should stop all activities which might savour of partisan spirit. They have, therefore, decided to offer full and unflinching co-operation to Dr. Satyapal in all Congress matters.—United Press.

## CONVICTION OF RING-LEADER UPHELD

JUBBULPORE, November 25.

According to a Gadarwada message, Balmukund and nine other copper-smiths of village Chichli, who were arrested and prosecuted on a charge of rioting, have been found guilty and convicted by the court to undergo various terms of sentences ranging from 4 months' rigorous imprisonment to a fine of Rs. 100. The conviction of Balmukund who was held as the ring-leader of the gang, has, however, been upheld by the Sessions Judge, Narsinghpur in appeal, while in the cases of the other accused persons the terms of imprisonment have been commuted to that of fine by the Sessions Judge.—United Press.

## ZEMINDAR LEAGUE OFFICIAL CONVICTED

LYALLPUR, (By Mail).

Sardar Puran Singh, Joint Secretary of the District Zamindara League has been sentenced to four months rigorous imprisonment under Section 18 of the Indian Press Emergency Powers Act by Lala Sant Ram A. D. M., Lyallpur.

The case against the accused was that he had distributed alleged Communist literature at the open session of Zamindars Conference held recently at Lyallpur.—A. P.

## TATAS' SYMPATHY FOR HARIJANS

### Thakkar's Tribute To Jamshedpur Sevak Sangh

JAMSHEDPUR (By Mail).

Mr. A. V. Thakkar, General Secretary of the All-India Harijan Sevak Sangha, paid a visit to Jamshedpur on Thursday last on his way to Wardha. He visited all the Harijan bustees of this town and Jugsalai, interviewed Mr. J. L. Keenan, General Manager, Mr. J. J. Ghandy, General Superintendent, and other high officials of the Tata Iron and Steel Co., and addressed a public meeting at the Dhatkidih Harijan School in the evening.

Mr. Keenan who, by the way, is an old friend of Mr. Thakkar's promised sympathetic consideration to the latter's proposals for additional privileges in the service rules of the local Harijans and assured him that in the current year's housing programme the Harijans would not be forgotten. Mr. Ghandy said that he would be glad to find Harijan boys admitted as "C" class apprentices in the Company's Technical Institute and promised all help in the matter.

Interviewed by the Associated Press, Mr. Thakkar expressed satisfaction at the work done by the local Harijan Sevak Sangha and opined that this was due in no small measure to the co-operation and sympathy of the Tata Company.

He left for Wardha the same night.—A. P.

## DRAINING "CHAURS" IN BIHAR

PATNA, Nov. 24.

It is understood a Development Bill for ensuring agricultural improvement by means, particularly, of minor irrigation works and draining of "Chaurs" will be introduced by the Hon. Babu Nirsu Narayan Sinha, Finance Member, in the next session of the Legislative Council.

Among other things it provides for payment of rates by the agriculturist affected for the improvements introduced.—United Press.

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